

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

ELEVENTH YEAR.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1893

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

The Big Duluth
A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men.
ESTABLISHED 1881.
OPENED MONDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS.

WERE AT HOME NOW in the part of the business we like best of all--the selling of fine, fashionable Overcoats. Some of ours are usually a twelve-month ahead. Our manufacturers go to London and Paris to secure the newest. At this time our Overcoats are more comprehensive than ever; long, extra long, medium and short. Everybody (especially the corpulent man) doesn't want a long coat. Single and Double Breasted, made from Kerseys, Meltons, Soft Naps, Chinchillas, Elysian, Patent Beavers, in fact, all suitable cloths to make Overcoats from. You know the fame of this store for Overcoats.

The sorrow that takes away our mirth is that we've had to make the price at from \$5 to \$10 less than most of them were made to sell for \$8, \$10, \$12, \$15, \$18 and \$20 for as good as most people want. \$25 and \$30 for the finest and most luxurious.

See if You Can't Save One or Two Dollars by Looking Over Our Line of Fall Underwear; We're Sure You Can.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL
CLOTHIERS, HATTERS, FURNISHERS,
125 and 127 West Superior Street.

R. KROJANKER,
LEADING FURRIER.
Largest and Most Reliable Fur House in Duluth.
Capes, Muffs, Trimmings
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Superior Quality! Select Styles!
OUR BEAR BOAS CANNOT BE BEAT IN THE COUNTRY.

IMPERIAL
Has Set a Mark—None Other Reaches It.
It is not the Cost, But Results You calculate on.
FLOUR
That will make better and more bread than any other in the world is our achievement.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE.
Choice of our entire line of 50c Views for
12 1-2c
CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR'S BOOKSTORE.
323 West Superior Street.

Overcoats Made to Order for
\$30.00 & \$35.00
Fine Line of
MELTONS AND BEAVERS
To Select From at
J.S. LANE, MERCHANT TAILOR,
430 SPALDING HOUSE BLDG.

TO THE BOTTOM

The Jay Gould Passed a Quantity of Wreckage in Lake Superior Above Whitefish Point.

This Would Indicate That Some Vessel Has Gone to the Bottom With All Hands.

Capt. Hacker, Only Survivor of the Schooner Minnehaha, Tells the Story of His Escape.

Nothing Yet Heard From the Steamer Henry J. Johnson, Which Had the Minnehaha in Tow.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., Oct. 16.—The captain of the steamer Jay Gould, which passed down last night, reports passing through a quantity of wreckage above Whitefish point, it consisted of hatches, tarpaulins and hatch frames. This would indicate that some vessel has gone to the bottom with all on board. The missing steamer Kershaw and barge Sage are reported ashore, the Kershaw at Waiskai bay, and the Sage at Whitefish point.

MORE REPORTS OF DISASTERS.
The Wadena, the George and the White and Friant Missing.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., Oct. 16.—Further reports of disasters from Saturday's northwest gale continue to come in. The steamer Sitka lost her consort, the Wadena, at the foot of Isle Royale Saturday afternoon. The last seen of her was near Keweenaw point. It is thought she may be under Keweenaw. The steamer Gratiot lost her consort, the George, off Vermilion Saturday morning. The Maraba saw a schooner answering her description near Sand Island on the north shore. As the rocky shore in the vicinity very treacherous, fears are entertained for her safety.

The steamer White and Friant lost her consorts, the Fannie Neil and the Annie P. Sherwood, Saturday morning. The Neil is thought to be in Waiskai bay, but nothing has been seen of the White and Friant since the tow line parted. The Sherwood lay badly.

Her cabin was washed away early in the morning and the wreck was seen in her lumber cargo, but this did not protect them during Saturday night. The captain, Levy Guthrie, died from exhaustion, and one of the crew, John Cousins, was dashed against the lumber and killed, so that his body could not be extracted from the lumber and the man was left aboard.

The balance of the crew were picked up by the steamer Sitka Sunday morning seven miles southeast of the Caribou island. The Sitka had to lower her yawl to rescue them and most of the crew were in such an exhausted condition that they had to be carried in the yawl. Thomas Randall, the mate, and Thomas Roundtree, the steward, are at the Sherwood house here in a dangerous condition. John Nicholson, William Book Power and John Gabrielson are in good condition. The body of Capt. Guthrie was brought here.

The Sherwood lay thirty miles above Whitefish point in a waterlogged condition. The tug Merrick leaves here this morning to pick her up. She was not broken up. The Sitka had to lower her yawl to rescue them and most of the crew were in such an exhausted condition that they had to be carried in the yawl. Thomas Randall, the mate, and Thomas Roundtree, the steward, are at the Sherwood house here in a dangerous condition. John Nicholson, William Book Power and John Gabrielson are in good condition. The body of Capt. Guthrie was brought here.

The schooner Ironton at Waiskai bay is high and dry, with about five feet of water in her hold but resting easy. The Sage is anchored near her all right. The steamer Kershaw, which is ashore at Waiskai river, is hard on and it will be a good job to get her off. The schooner Merrill, in tow of the E. E. Spinner, broke away near Detour Saturday afternoon in the Northwest gale. She ran upon the rocks at Drummond's island, twelve miles from Detour. The crew were rescued by fishermen. The Merrill is in bad shape, if the wind blows from the southeast. She is up bound, laden with hard coal.

THE MINNEHAHA'S WRECK.
Nothing Heard of the Johnson Which Had Her in Tow.

MANISTEE, Mich., Oct. 16.—Nothing has been heard of the steamer Henry J. Johnson, which had the lost schooner Minnehaha in tow on Lake Michigan Saturday. The last seen of the steamer was when she passed Manistee going south Saturday afternoon. Telegraphic inquiries at Ludington, Muskegon and other east shore ports showed that she did not run into any of them. It is evident that the storm was too strong for the steamer to breast and she was running before it.

Capt. William Hacker, the only survivor of the Minnehaha, arrived here yesterday with the life saving crew. He said: "When off Frankfort the great mass of water falling on the decks of the schooner broke open two of the hatch covers. Then the water began to run through the openings thus made and we saw that it would be but a short time before the schooner must go down. We signalled to the steamer to let go the tow line and then we went to the beach. "We brought up about a quarter of a mile from the shore. Instantly the waves made a clean breach over us, and we all took to the rigging except one sailor, who jumped overboard and attempted to swim ashore. He was drowned so quickly that the rest of us hesitated. I had run up the rigging of the jigger or small mast at the stern of the boat, but

this soon began to shake and I realized that our boat was going to pieces. There was nothing for me to do but jump overboard, which I did. "I finally reached shore about half a mile below the wreck, but how I did it I do not know. While I was in the water the spars began going one by one. Sailor John Kafferty made a brave struggle for his life and nearly succeeded in saving it. He managed to reach an old pier about half a mile away and grasped the pole with which a man was endeavoring to save him. He was too weak to hold on and was carried under the pier and drowned. Another sailor got as far as the breakers, but he too was so exhausted that he could get no further and soon his lifeless body was being tossed about by the waves."

A SCHOONER ASHORE.
Three-Masted Vessel Reported Ashore in Gravelly Bay.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 16.—Capt. Davdall of the steamer Neosho reports a three-masted schooner sunk in Gravelly bay. It was thought to be the Typo, whose yawl boat was found empty and bottom up off the harbor, but the Typo is reported at Detroit. The cargo of the schooner Ambler, wrecked off the harbor Saturday, is a total loss. It was insured with David Vance of Milwaukee, but the hull was uninsured.

A tug left last night for Fairport with a twelve-inch pump to release the John T. Mott, sunk in the harbor. She will be brought here. About 300 feet of the south end of the new breakwater was carried away last night. Six hundred feet had been accepted by the government.

The propeller Dean Richmond is lost in Lake Erie with all on board. Following were the crew: G. W. Stoddard, captain; Toledo; George O. Boyssend, second mate, East Toledo; Samuel Meadows, wheelman, Toledo; Frank Ernest, lookout, North Toledo; E. Wheeler, lookout, Toledo; A. B. Dodge, second cook, Toledo; Evans, cook, shipped at Toledo; Jacob Orist, deck hand, Toledo; William Zinc, deck hand, Toledo; George Schilling, porter, Toledo; Walter Goodyear, first mate, Ottawa Lake, Mich.; J. E. Brady, steward, residence unknown; Mrs. Ketta Elsworth, stewardess, Toledo; Frank Hinton, second engineer, Port Huron; Thomas Bethan, fireman, residence unknown; William Sagenfrei, fireman, residence unknown; Frank Patten, deck hand, residence unknown; unknown man, deck hand, shipped at Buffalo.

Steamer Whitaker Ashore.
PORT DOVER, Ont., Oct. 16.—The steamer Whitaker went ashore at Long Point Saturday night. She was bound up the lake light, drawing eleven feet of water. After losing her anchor and chains during the gale, she jumped the bar on which there is about three feet of water, and is now lying between the bar and the shore. The crew is here safe, after having rowed eighteen miles.

A MURDEROUS ASSAULT.

Marshal Fifer Beaten Into Insensibility and Left for Dead by Drunken Finlander at Biwabik.

BIWABIK, Minn., Oct. 16.—[Special to The Herald.]—Early this morning a murderous assault was made upon Marshal Fifer by three drunken Finlanders. The marshal was returning from the jail where he had lodged a disorderly Finlander when the prisoner's friends, seeing him, took away his revolver, beat him into insensibility and left him for dead. There is a good clue to the perpetrators.

AMOS DENSMORE DEAD.

The Inventor of Two Typewriters Has Passed Away.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—Amos Densmore, the inventor of a typewriter and other mechanical contrivances, died at his home, No. 423 West Fifty-seventh street, Saturday from cancer of the face. He was born at Rochester, N. Y., 60 years ago, and was the son of Joel Densmore, a millwright. In 1862 he went to Oil Creek, Pa., with his five brothers and operated saw and oil wells with them, under the firm name of Densmore Bros. In 1865 he began to manufacture oil tanks. It was the invention of the transportation of oil on railroads. He and his elder brother, James, were the first inventors of the Remington typewriter, about twenty years ago, and drew royalties thereon until 1881, when they sold out their interest. He then introduced the Densmore typewriter, of which he was the principal inventor and which he sold to the Union Typewriter company last April.

THE BOY WAS DROWNED.

Fatal Result of a Boat Capsizing in New Jersey.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Oct. 16.—Walter J. Knight, city stenographer of Newark, with his 14-year-old son, went out sailing on Lake Hopatcong on Saturday. When opposite Nolan's point and half a mile from the shore the boat was struck by a gale. It capsized and sank. Knight dived twice, the second time bringing the boy to the surface and started for the shore. Both father and son became exhausted and despite the father's efforts to save him the lad was drowned. After reaching the shore Knight walked a mile to his house, where he fainted. He is now in a critical condition. The boy's body has not been recovered.

Declared Unconstitutional.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—A San special from Costa Rica says: Omita! heeds of the decision of Judge Hudson quashing the indictment against persons for selling liquor in violation of dispensary law, was a similar action by Judge Garry, the Tillmanite judge at Camden. The reasons given by him are the same as those advanced by Judge Hudson as to the unconstitutionality of the act.

Weeks Is Safe.
NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—A special from San Jose, Costa Rica, reports that it is now unlikely that Francis H. Weeks will be delivered to the United States.

PANTON & WATSON, Glass Block Store.

Our grand fall opening is now a thing of the past and it remains with our patrons to judge whether or not you found our assertions correct. Our assertions were as follows: FIRST—Our stock is the largest and most complete. SECOND—That we show more new goods than all others combined. THIRD—That we are the only house showing an immense quantity of extreme novelties. FOURTH—Our prices are from 10 per cent to 25 per cent less than you pay for goods elsewhere. FIFTH—That our bargains are always genuine bargains.

SPECIAL NOTICE: We wish to demonstrate to our patrons that from now until January first that money talks, and we are after that precious stuff. So strong and so hard shall we go after it that you can safely cease shopping and come right to the Glass Block Store and save your time. Even in this advertisement we are unable to tell you about one-half of our gigantic offerings for

Tuesday and Wednesday, READ THEM CAREFULLY. BE ON HAND EARLY TOMORROW MORNING.

MILLINERY DEPT. LADIES' UNDERWEAR CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

Another case of Ladies' Camels' Hair Underwear for this week's trade will be offered at
50c each.
Or \$1 per Suit. See them.

LADIES' SKIRTS.
Here's Your Chance.
60 dozen Ladies' Heavy Knitted Skirts, in light and dark colors; we name the price for three days
39c each.
Others ask \$1. We mean it.

BOYS' WOOL HOSE.
We have about 65 dozen Boys' Black Wool and Oxford Hose, that we originally sold for 35c, 39c and 45c. The sizes are broken. Take them for
25c per pair.

Four Grand Bargains for Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. We have arranged four mammoth bargain tables with Trimmed hats that will surprise you.
Table No. 1, worth \$2.75 to \$3.75 for **\$1.95.**
Table No. 2, worth \$3.95 to \$5.00 for **\$2.95.**
Table No. 3, worth \$5.50 to \$6.50 for **\$3.50.**
Table No. 4, worth \$2.75 to \$9.50 for **\$4.50.**
Ladies now is your time to buy your Fall Millinery.

CROCKERY DEPT. GLOVE DEPT.

CUT GLASS CUT Bought at about half their value.

50 dozen fine Cut Glass Tumblers (Pan Cutting). We have sold 25 dozen of them since last January at \$9.95 per dozen. We ran across a manufacturer who needs money. He got our money and we got his glass. We will sell only one dozen to any customer at the ridiculous low price of \$5.95 per dozen.

CARPET DEPT.
200 Foot Stools in Axminster, Brussels and Tapestry. Everyone of them worth from 45c to \$1. Take your pick of entire stock for 36c each.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS

1000 Gent's Silk Neck Ties at 15c. Worth 25c.
1500 Gent's Silk Neck Ties at 25c. Worth 50c.

GENTS' UNDERWEAR
1 case Gents' Heavy Ribbed Underwear, worth 75c each, for 3 days 39c or 78c per suit.

LACE DEPT.

We will continue our Great Embroidery Sale for three days more. The Manufacturers Remnants at 5c, 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 35c and 50c astonished everybody who saw them the past week. We had 2000. Half of them were sold last week, the other half is yet for sale. Come and see them.

Our stock of
Muffs, Boas, Scarfs and Trimmings
Is the largest and finest in the city.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

The Department has never been so complete and never have the ladies of Duluth and Superior had such an opportunity to buy new, stylish and seasonable goods at such low figures; we say we are after money, and there is only one way to get it, and that is—sell right.

SOME MERCHANTS think it's business to see how big a profit they can get out of you. We think it best to see how cheap we can sell you and how long we can retain you as a regular customer.

GLOVE DEPT.

We have just received our entire stock of Children's Men's and Ladies' Mitts and Gloves for fall and winter; special drive for this sale will be 100 dozen Children's Wool Mitts at
10c per pair.

FUR DEPT.

We have entirely too many fine Astrakhan Garments, and for this week we mean to take a loss on them.
34-inch Sacsques, formerly \$50, sale price
\$35.00.
34-inch finest Sacsques, formerly \$55, sale price
\$37.50.
36-inch finest Sacsques, formerly \$60, sale price
\$45.00.

Our stock of Seal, Mink, Beaver and Persian Lamb Sacsques will also be cut in price to reduce the heavy stock.
18-inch Astrakhan Capes, formerly \$18.50 now
\$9.25.
20-inch Astrakhan Capes, formerly \$30, now
\$15.00.
20-inch Coney Capes, formerly \$19.00, now
\$5.00.
16-inch Beaver Capes, formerly \$15, now
\$7.50.
22-inch Wool Seal, formerly \$30, now
\$15.00.
20-inch Baltic Seal, formerly \$30, now
\$15.00.
20-inch Baltic Seal, formerly \$35, now
\$17.50.

CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

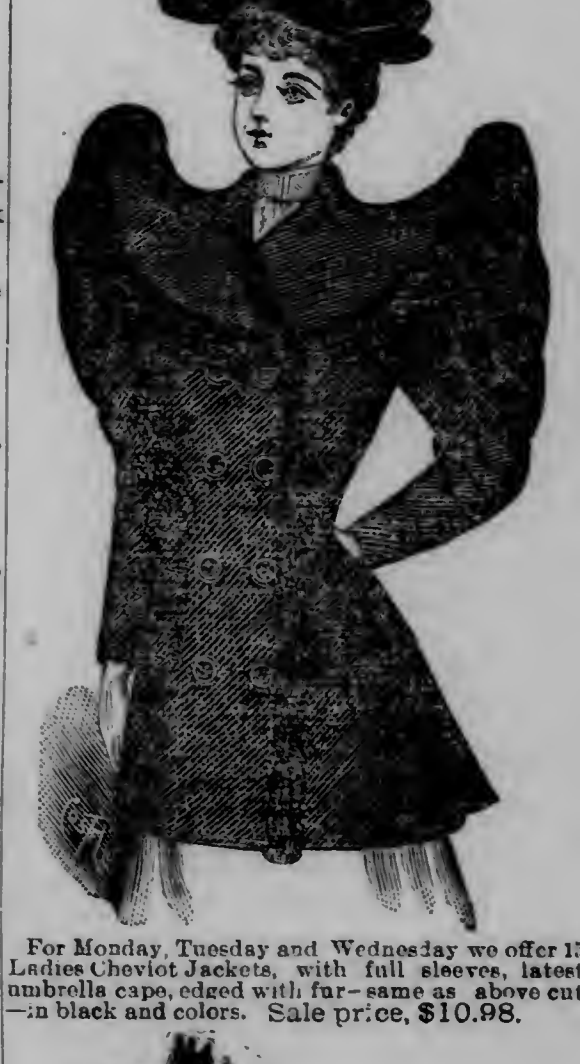
The Department has never been so complete and never have the ladies of Duluth and Superior had such an opportunity to buy new, stylish and seasonable goods at such low figures; we say we are after money, and there is only one way to get it, and that is—sell right.

SOME MERCHANTS think it's business to see how big a profit they can get out of you. We think it best to see how cheap we can sell you and how long we can retain you as a regular customer.



We will put on sale for this sale your great lots of Ladies' Jackets.
LOT 1—Our price is \$4.50, they are worth \$7.00
LOT 2— " " 5.95, " " 12.00
LOT 3— " " 9.75, " " 15.00
AT 1— " " 9.75, " " 15.00

SPECIAL.



For Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday we offer 15 Ladies' Cheviot Jackets, with full sleeves, latest umbrella cape, edged with fur—same as above cut in black and colors. Sale price, \$10.98.



Never in the history of our house has such a magnificent line of children's garments, Gents' and Ladies' jackets, etc., from \$2.13 up to the finest in the land.

Panton & Watson.

PRAYER OF MILLIONS

"O Lord I beseech Thee Send Now Prosperity" The Text of Rev. James M. Thoburn's Sermon.

This Psalm Voices the Universal Prayer But Not All Pray in the Right Light.

True Meaning of Prosperity in the Church is Not Increase of Members and Material Wealth.

A new shepherd now ministers unto the flock in the fold of the First Methodist Episcopal church. Rev. James M. Thoburn, late of Chicago, Pa., has taken up the duties of his pastorate and yesterday morning delivered his first sermon. He is a spirited speaker and tells plain truths as naturally and easily as most people gloss them over. If he doesn't leave the whole lump in his new congregation, then his beginning is no sign as to his powers. The text was a portion of Isaiah xxviii: "O Lord I beseech Thee, send now prosperity," the preacher speaking in substance as follows:

"Our text today is especially interesting and significant for us in our study of the present material conditions confronting us. The present year has marked a special era in our history, and there are yet developments to be looked for and awaited with anxiety. The pessimist in these words unconsciously voiced the prayers of millions, thousands of years ago. We are today, each and every one of us, in a state of prayer, for we are praying for the right kind of prosperity."

"This 18th psalm was the favorite hymn of Martin Luther and of the disciples of Christ about the time when Jesus made his triumphal entry into Jerusalem, and from our Master's own words at that time are many points for our guidance in praying for that prosperity which so immediately concerns us all at this time. We know that we have a right to pray for the prosperity of our churches. No one wants a church and no one of spirit will permit his church to prosper, either to himself or the outside world. Prosperity is in the very atmosphere and is a church necessity. This cry was universal among both Jews and Gentiles."

"But in seeking this relief let us carefully guard our hearts and souls. There are innumerable forms and phases of this world-wide desideratum. Many things which present a good photograph are at best merely superficial and in reality rotten to the heart. Some are likely to have a double effect and a most undesirable influence upon us. The fire that warmed Peter's hands also chilled his heart. We may have a sun that one hour of most brilliant sunshine can do more harm and create more desolation than a whole day of heaviest winter."

"The hard times now upon us are an emblem of a justly deserved heavenly chastisement. They are countless instances where death alone has brought the right kind of prosperity that heavenly prosperity without which our lives are naught. A fictitious boom in church matters is not prosperity. The addition of new members and a large increase of material wealth do not constitute prosperity. There are too many church churches where there ought to be halcyon churches."

"We are falling into ruts. Conversions are rare and the poor are not given the cordial, soul-stirring, heart awakening welcome which should surely be vouchsafed them. We lack human sympathy and love for our fellow men. We want to save souls. Churches are in the purpose of doing just this and we are in need of soul-saving prosperity. Let us pray for soul culture. The true standard of all prosperity is soul prosperity. When the soul prospers all is prospering. We should engage more in parochial church work. We do too much leisure-buying at the expense of our soul's salvation. We dislike to bother ourselves with personal attention to the needy. We should make our Christianity practical. One touch of love makes us all akin, and we should bear in mind our personal possibilities that may bring our own hearts."

"All have talents given them for Christian work. Let each do his part conscientiously and we shall then rejoice in persons prospered, homes helped, souls saved."

Discharge Surface Men.
The Minnesota mine on Friday, says the Vermilion Iron Journal, laid off very nearly all the men working on the surface at \$1 per day. This leaves the stockpile crews and a number of carpenters, etc. still working. Rumors are afloat, which originate from fairly good sources, that the entire workings will be still by Nov. 1. About 200 men were let out.

Operations Cease.
The Howe mill at Tower has quit work for an indefinite period or until the lumber market shows signs of improvement. This throws out of work about 250 men. The planing mill is still running. The company has about \$800,000 feet of timber in the booms which will necessarily remain over.

Anderson florist, 331 West Superior st.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SOME OF THE MAJOR'S WOES.

An Exciting Scene With an Attorney From St. Cloud.

A Washington special says: Secretary Smith has decided that the Chippewa timber estimators gathered up from the four winds of the earth and sent to Minnesota last spring to estimate the amount of pine stumpage upon the Chippewa Indian lands must be recalled. They do not understand the business, and after several months of experimenting the secretary has come to the conclusion that no man, no matter how intelligent, is fit to do this work unless he has had some experience.

Instructions have been sent to Andrew Douglass, the chief examiner, to thoroughly test the fitness of the men already appointed and request the resignations of those unqualified. Commissioner Lamoreux has been noting the slow progress made in the work and the secretary has had private information upon the doings of the examiners. The Minnesota papers have been giving the facts in regard to the work of the new Democratic examiners so fully that the department has decided upon a complete change in the personnel of the corps of examiners.

S. R. Swift, a St. Cloud attorney, and Congressman Baldwin held several exciting scenes in the house lobby in the past few days. Swift was appointed one of the Chippewa Indian timber land examiners several weeks ago and came on to Washington to get his commission. When he arrived he found a mistake had been made in his appointment. He was intended as a special examiner of the timber land, and when the error was discovered Congressman Baldwin, through whom the appointment was originally secured, put a stop to the issue of Swift's commission. He says Swift is entirely unfit for a timber land examiner, and it would be folly to appoint him. Swift's recommendation is already on file in the interior department, and as soon as congress appropriates the money he will be appointed. So Baldwin assures him, but Swift is impatient and wants to get his timber land examiner job later on. He has been after Baldwin until the Duluth member is weary, and he told Swift that he would rather resign his seat in congress than recommend him for the place, as he is not fit for it. Swift is angry, and there is likely to be a lively time in the Sixth district as a result of the blunder.

AMUSEMENTS.

"Isle of Champagne."
Thomas O. Seabrooke and his opera company and ballet in that merry and tuneful satire, "The Isle of Champagne," will present the operatic Temple this evening. Perhaps the most original and unique bit in the opera is the "Spider and Fly" duet, sung by Seabrooke and Miss Crox. A number of verses are sung, introducing the various scenes and habits of the various insects and animals, including the spider and fly, the monkey and parrot, the Thomas cat, the peacock and the rooster and others. The "Song of All Nations," sung in a duet form, in the last act is equally successful. There are also a number of catchy ensemble numbers among them is the archery chorus, which is led by Miss Elvia Crox, who assumes the role of Diana, a paragon of character, mischievous and totally unlike her mythological namesake. Another beautiful number is the song "Oh, Dream of Life," which is sung by Miss Elvia Crox, accompanied by the entire chorus. During the second act is a beautiful gavotte, and in the third act the sabot dance calls forth pronounced the finest ever seen in comic opera.

"The Silver King."
On Friday and Saturday evenings the Lyceum will have its first attraction of the season, the famous melodrama, "The Silver King." The play is from the pen of Henry Arthur Jones, one of the best and most successful writers of the age, and his greatest successes being "The Middleman" and "Judas." E. S. Willard's plays.

The strength of "The Silver King" does not lie in its plot, which is, like most of Mr. Jones' constructions, improbable, but in the great human interest that is constantly welling up like a fresh and pure mountain stream. It is a play which tells a life story with all the interests, sentiments and paths of life. It contains more strength than has made any successful tragedy, and would in human life probably have had a tragic ending. "The Silver King," like its great competitor in the field of modern melodramas, "The Old Homestead," has no love except that of one strong man for all human kind, especially his beloved wife and children.

Carl A. Haswin is the leading man and of him the Boston Daily Globe said: "With Denver, the hero, is one of those characters that carry the audience with him every moment he is on the stage, when well impersonated. As Wilfred Haver, Carl A. Haswin has all the requirements. It is needless to speak in detail of this magnificent part, including as it does so many of the elements that go to make a hero. Mr. Haswin holds his audience by his powerful acting. As the living fugitive, as the sturdy 'Silver King,' or as the peevish widow, striving to learn by mingling with the desperado, the secret that shall make him a free man, his action was masterly, and the audience went wild with enthusiasm over it. He was the hero of the evening as well as of the play."

\$11.75—Chicago and Return—\$11.75.
The St. Paul & Duluth railroad will sell round trip tickets to Chicago, Oct. 15 to Nov. 1, for \$11.75, good to return until Nov. 15. Choice of six routes. Three daily trains. Sleeping car reservation made. For full information and tickets call on

F. B. Ross, Northern Passenger Agent 425 Spaulding House block.

DEDICATED THE CHURCH.

New Home of the Unitarian Congregation Formally Consecrated Yesterday.

Yesterday was a red letter day in the First Unitarian church of Duluth. After months of toil and self denial the little sanctuary of this congregation was dedicated to its formal dedication, or rededication, to be more exact.

In the morning Rev. F. C. Southworth, the regular pastor, occupied the pulpit and addressed his people as usual. He told us in his theme the late financial troubles.

The evening formal dedication services were held. The little structure, since it was moved from its old location at the corner of Second street and First avenue east has been greatly improved on the interior. The walls have been newly plastered and frescoed. The trimmings and decorations being unusually tasteful and neat. The whole interior has an atmosphere of brightness and coziness which is greatly conducive to the development of spiritual feelings and thoughts.

The services were opened with an organ voluntary. The quartet choir rendered an anthem which was followed by the invocation by Rev. Mr. Southworth. The doxology was then sung after which Rev. S. M. Crothers read a psalm. Another anthem and the dedication sermon was delivered by Rev. S. M. Crothers, the talented Unitarian minister of St. Paul.

The sermon was as able and charming as all of Mr. Crothers' efforts. His theme was "How Religion Develops and How it degenerates." His text was taken from Romans vi-11: "We are not under law, but under grace." The speaker said that there are two kinds of religion—one that grows up under law and another that grows up under grace. The first is a religion, one in which man is considered a debtor, God a creditor, and the Scriptures but books of laws telling how the debts must be paid. That is the kind of the religion which degenerates.

The religion which grows and improves and really does its work is that which grows up under grace. Those who have that religion do not think how they can give, but how much they can afford to do, religion becoming simply the selection and giving of the rarest things the donor possesses.

After the sermon the hymn, "Lead, kindly light," by Cardinal Newman, was sung in the name of Parker.

The dedication by the people in the form of a responsive reading followed.

That reading in a general way appeared to set forth the nature of the denomination, profession of faith of the church, and the duties of the members. The dedicatory prayer in words fully orthodox and then Miss Stearns sang a solo.

Rev. T. B. Forbush, of Chicago, made a brief address, congratulating the church on the success of its efforts, and ordering the usher to open the doors and blanks upon which any so inclined might subscribe money to be used towards wiping out debt to the amount of \$250.

Another hymn and then the church was dismissed by the regular pastor closed the evening's services.

AN ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION.

Professor Christol May Try to Organize One In Duluth.

Professor L. M. Christol, the wrestler and all round athlete, who arrived here a short time ago, has decided to remain in Duluth. He will at once organize a gymnasium class and will initiate his students into the mysteries and secrets of boxing, wrestling, club swinging, fencing, etc., and will have rooms in the chamber of commerce building. He will instruct his classes regularly for the next few weeks and in the meantime will endeavor to arrange for a wrestling match at night with George Curtis, of Superior.

It is Professor Christol's desire to ultimately organize in Duluth an athletic association on a plan almost identical with that of the Phoenix Athletic club of St. Paul. He is an intimate friend of the well known John S. Barnes, the organizer of that club. He believes it could be made a profitable affair as well as to afford great pleasure to its members.

Will Open Bids.

Bids will probably be opened today for the construction of the new nine story building of the Massachusetts Real Estate company. A number of contractors are here from the outside among them being: M. P. Ryan, V. R. McVeigh, W. H. McDonald, of St. Paul; S. J. Howson, George M. Gillette, of Minneapolis; J. M. Douglas, Jr., of Duluth and L. L. Leach, of Chicago.

CHOCOTAS ARE MURDEROUS.

Another Jones Man Killed by One of the Locke Faction.

TENKAMONA, I. T., Oct. 16.—Saturday night at Leflore, John Carney shot and instantly killed Handy Leflore, a Choctaw lawbreaker. No one knows whether or not they had any scores previous to the killing. They came into Harris store together and Carney shot Leflore in the back of the head without warning. Carney is a Jones man and Leflore was a Locke man, both parties being full blooded Choctaws. They will be tried in the Choctaw courts. Killings among the Choctaws are becoming quite numerous of late.

As Long As You Live.

You will regret it if you fail to see the World's fair at Chicago. Everyone who has visited it says it is the grandest and most beautiful display of the products of science, art and industry that mankind has ever seen, and beside it all previous World's fairs sink into insignificance. It represents an expenditure of \$200,000,000, and we shall not look upon it like again in this generation. Only three short weeks remain in which you will have the opportunity to see it. To see, even for a week, this World's fair, is to supplement your education, no matter how good it may have been, with invaluable information, and free of charge, a ticket agent for tickets reading via "The Burlington," the great scenic, vestibuled, coast-to-coast, fast, reliable, comfortable, car, and dining car line, or write to W. C. Kenyon, general passenger agent, St. Paul, Minn.

In view of what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for others, is it not reasonable to believe that it will also be of benefit to you?

AN INDIAN LETTER.

Methods of Communication Among the Indians.

The Picturesque of Eloquence.—Thoughts Expressed in Silence.—How Indian History is Preserved.—Letter from an Indian about Kickapoo Indian Sagwa.

The sign language of the Indians is a wonderful thing. Two Indians different in their speech as a German and a Spaniard will readily communicate with each other. It is the picturesque of eloquence to watch an Indian addressing a councilman without speaking a word, making his meaning clear to all present by signs.

History and all written communications are made by pictures. The family history of a chief will be painted on a tepee. The following is a specimen of this method of communication.

The subject was written by Kapekwan, an Indian Medicine Man.

SAG-WA

SPECIMEN OF INDIAN LETTER WRITING.

The above letter translates as follows: "The Indians offer to their white brothers horses, horses, horses and horses, made by the sun, the stars, and the rain (nature). If the white brother is sick, this will make him stronger than the bear who will fall before him."

"SAGWA" is a medicine word meaning good or best, and signifies "best medicine." Here are the sincere statements of a noble man of a noble race.

Every word is true.

Native, the highest authority on the Indians and who lived among them for years, has told me that by his use and here is proof of the genuine value of Kickapoo Indian Sagwa.

Here is a letter from a different source. The following is from the Professor of Physiological Chemistry at Yale College, and a chemist says:

"After a chemical analysis of Indian Sagwa, I find it to be an Extract of Roots, Bark and Herbs of Valuable Remedial Action with no Mineral or other Detrimental Ingredients."

Read the teachings of these letters. Take Nature's Remedy in season. If your blood is impure and your skin is marked by pimples, blotches and boils; if you have dull pains in your back and side; if your appetite is poor, if you do not sleep, refreshing sleep, so necessary to your health and strength, is denied you. These, and other symptoms are the signs of impure blood.

Arise yourself, and drive off the enemy. Arm yourself with Kickapoo Indian Sagwa. It is a vegetable growth of roots, bark and herbs, and is free from all natural poisons whatever, because the natural knowledge of them, denoting wholly upon nature's laboratory for their resources, and upon their skill, and of centuries of experience.

KICKAPOO INDIAN SAGWA is sold by Druggists and Medicine Dealers Only. \$1 per Bottle, 6 for \$5.

Accidentally Shot.
A hunting party consisting of E. P. Towne, H. T. Abbott and R. S. Mann returned Saturday from the woods north of Ely. Mr. Mann met with a severe and painful accident on Friday. His gun was accidentally discharged while he was removing it from a canoe and the charge entered his right arm mangle the flesh badly. He was brought to Ely immediately where the wound was dressed.

Were Badly Done Up.
The Superior High school boys came over on Saturday hopeful and confident of doing up the Duluth boys at football but they returned decidedly crestfallen for the boys here gave them a horrible drubbing. The score was 48 to 0. The excellent team work of the Duluth team won the game. The boys are becoming very proficient and will soon give the ex-collegiates a hard tussle.

Last Evening's Concert.
There was a large audience at Turner hall last evening and the concert by Prof. Trautvetter's orchestra was an entire success. The program was a particularly fine one and was a revelation to those present, scarcely one of whom was aware that Duluth possessed such an excellent orchestra. The concerts will be continued.

Weakness Cured.

See Dr. Speer & Co.'s ad top of page 2.

The many truthful testimonials in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla prove that the HOOD'S CURE, even when all others fail. Try it now.

Getting Thin

is often equivalent to getting ill. If loss of flesh can be arrested and disease baffled the "weak spots" in the system are eradicated.

Scott's Emulsion

is an absolute corrective of "weak spots." It is a builder of worn out failing tissue—nature's food that stops waste and creates healthy flesh.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, Chemists, New York. Sold by druggists every where.

Ask the Grocer for a box of

DIAMOND CRYSTAL SALT

It is the healthiest salt for the table; best for purposes.

Ask the Grocer for a box of

DIAMOND CRYSTAL SALT

It is the healthiest salt for the table; best for purposes.

Ask the Grocer for a box of

DIAMOND CRYSTAL SALT

It is the healthiest salt for the table; best for purposes.

Ask the Grocer for a box of

DIAMOND CRYSTAL SALT

It is the healthiest salt for the table; best for purposes.

Ask the Grocer for a box of

DIAMOND CRYSTAL SALT

It is the healthiest salt for the table; best for purposes.

Ask the Grocer for a box of

DIAMOND CRYSTAL SALT

It is the healthiest salt for the table; best for purposes.

Ask the Grocer for a box of

DIAMOND CRYSTAL SALT

It is the healthiest salt for the table; best for purposes.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic R'y.

DIRECT LINE TO

Boston, New York,

Montreal, Buffalo,

Philadelphia, Pittsburg,

Cleveland, Detroit,

All points in Michigan,

The East and South.

Over 100 miles shorter than any other line to Boston and all New England Points.

Over 70 miles the shortest line to all Points East of Mackinac or Detroit Mich.

WAGNER SLEEPING CARS

ON ALL THROUGH TRAINS.

For tickets, sleeping car accommodations and full information, apply to

T. H. LARKE, Commercial Agent,

426 West Superior Street, DULUTH, MINN.

Realtime Hotel Block

Through Sleeping and Parlor Car

With Fast Trains From

ASHLAND

TO

Milwaukee and Chicago

Rhineland, Kaukauna,

New London, Manitowoc,

Wausau, Sheboygan,

Abvlon, Racine,

Oshkosh, Kenosha

DIRECT ROUTE

TO

COONTO DEPERE

GREEN BAY FOND DU LAC

NEENAH AND MENASHA

via WATERSMEET to

NEGAUNEE, MARQUETTE

ISHPEMING, ESCANABA

All points in Upper Michigan.

Through Tickets at lowest rates on sale to all points in the United States and Canada.

Milwaukee City Office, 100 Wisconsin St.

Chicago City Office, 107 Clark St.

H. F. WHITCOMB, C. L. RYDER,

General Manager, Gen. Pass. Agt.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the court of the state of Minnesota in and for the Eleventh Judicial District and county of St. Louis, on the 23rd day of Sept., 1893, upon a judgment of the said court, do hereby sell at public sale, to wit: in said district court and under the seal of said court, all the right, title and interest that Ely, Mr. Mann met with a severe and painful accident on Friday. His gun was accidentally discharged while he was removing it from a canoe and the charge entered his right arm mangle the flesh badly. He was brought to Ely immediately where the wound was dressed.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the court of the state of Minnesota in and for the Eleventh Judicial District and county of St. Louis, on the 23rd day of Sept., 1893, upon a judgment of the said court, do hereby sell at public sale, to wit: in said district court and under the seal of said court, all the right, title and interest that Ely, Mr. Mann met with a severe and painful accident on Friday. His gun was accidentally discharged while he was removing it from a canoe and the charge entered his right arm mangle the flesh badly. He was brought to Ely immediately where the wound was dressed.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the court of the state of Minnesota in and for the Eleventh Judicial District and county of St. Louis, on the 23rd day of Sept., 1893, upon a judgment of the said court, do hereby sell at public sale, to wit: in said district court and under the seal of said court, all the right, title and interest that Ely, Mr. Mann met with a severe and painful accident on Friday. His gun was accidentally discharged while he was removing it from a canoe and the charge entered his right arm mangle the flesh badly. He was brought to Ely immediately where the wound was dressed.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the court of the state of Minnesota in and for the Eleventh Judicial District and county of St. Louis, on the 23rd day of Sept., 1893, upon a judgment of the said court, do hereby sell at public sale, to wit: in said district court and under the seal of said court, all the right, title and interest that Ely, Mr. Mann met with a severe and painful accident on Friday. His gun was accidentally discharged while he was removing it from a canoe and the charge entered his right arm mangle the flesh badly. He was brought to Ely immediately where the wound was dressed.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the court of the state of Minnesota in and for the Eleventh Judicial District and county of St. Louis, on the 23rd day of Sept., 1893, upon a judgment of the said court, do hereby sell at public sale, to wit: in said district court and under the seal of said court, all the right, title and interest that Ely, Mr. Mann met with a severe and painful accident on Friday. His gun was accidentally discharged while he was removing it from a canoe and the charge entered his right arm mangle the flesh badly. He was brought to Ely immediately where the wound was dressed.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the court of the state of Minnesota in and for the Eleventh Judicial District and county of St. Louis, on the 23rd day of Sept., 1893, upon a judgment of the said court, do hereby sell at public sale, to wit: in said district court and under the seal of said court, all the right, title and interest that Ely, Mr. Mann met with a severe and painful accident on Friday. His gun was accidentally discharged while he was removing it from a canoe and the charge entered his right arm mangle the flesh badly. He was brought to Ely immediately where the wound was dressed.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the court of the state of Minnesota in and for the Eleventh Judicial District and county of St. Louis, on the 23rd day of Sept., 1893, upon a judgment of the said court, do hereby sell at public sale, to wit: in said district court and under the seal of said court, all the right, title and interest that Ely, Mr. Mann met with a severe and painful accident on Friday. His gun was accidentally discharged while he was removing it from a canoe and the charge entered his right arm mangle the flesh badly. He was brought to Ely immediately where the wound was dressed.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the court of the state of Minnesota in and for the Eleventh Judicial District and county of St. Louis, on the 23rd day of Sept., 1893, upon a judgment of the said court, do hereby sell at public sale, to wit: in said district court and under the seal of said court, all the right, title and interest that Ely, Mr. Mann met with a severe and painful accident on Friday. His gun was accidentally discharged while he was removing it from a canoe and the charge entered his right arm mangle the flesh badly. He was brought to Ely immediately where the wound was dressed.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the court of the state of Minnesota in and for the Eleventh Judicial District and county of St. Louis, on the 23rd day of Sept., 1893, upon a judgment of the said court, do hereby sell at public sale, to wit: in said district court and under the seal of said court, all the right, title and interest that Ely, Mr. Mann met with a severe and painful accident on Friday. His gun was accidentally discharged while he was removing it from a canoe and the charge entered his right arm mangle the flesh badly. He was brought to Ely immediately where the wound was dressed.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the court of the state of Minnesota in and for the Eleventh Judicial District and county of St. Louis, on the 23rd day of Sept., 1893, upon a judgment of the said court, do hereby sell at public sale, to wit: in said district court and under the seal of said court, all the right, title and interest that Ely, Mr. Mann met with a severe and painful accident on Friday. His gun was accidentally discharged while he was removing it from a canoe and the charge entered his right arm mangle the flesh badly. He was brought to Ely immediately where the wound was dressed.

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the court of the state of Minnesota in and for the Eleventh Judicial District and county of St. Louis, on the 23rd day of Sept., 1893, upon a judgment of the said court, do hereby sell at public sale, to wit: in said district court

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

ELEVENTH YEAR.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1893

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

See Us Before You Buy Your Cook Or Heating Stoves.

LARGE ASSORTMENT AND THE CLOSEST PRICE OF ANY HOUSE IN DULUTH.

Smith, Farwell & Steele Co. COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS.

Have you considered our Easy Payment Plan. We have hundreds of happy and contented customers. We are furnishing homes by this method.

If you lack the money with which to pay in full for the goods you want, we give you credit and you pay the balance at your leisure.

\$20.00 down on a \$50 purchase.
\$30.00 down on a \$100 purchase.

Greater or smaller sales in proportion.

Furniture, Carpets, Crockery, Stoves.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE. Choice of our entire line of 50c Views for 12 1-2c

CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR'S BOOKSTORE. 323 West Superior Street.

R. KROJANKER, LEADING FURRIER. Largest and Most Reliable Fur House in Duluth. Capes, Muffs, Trimmings OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Superior Quality! Select Styles! OUR BEAR BOAS CANNOT BE BEAT IN THE COUNTRY.

IMPERIAL FLOUR. Has Set a Mark—None Other Reaches It. It is not the Cost, But Results You calculate on. That will make better and more bread than any other in the world is our achievement.

Men's Underwear Fall and Winter Weights. FALL PRICES. CATE & CLARKE 333 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

WELCOMED TO PARIS

Admiral Avelan, Commander of the Russian Squadron, and Officers Given a True Parisian Greeting.

The Populace Was Wildly Enthusiastic and Sang the Russian Anthem and Cheered the Visitors.

Beautiful Decorations Appeared Along the Route of the Procession, and the Russians Were Delighted.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—After what may be termed a triumphal journey from Toulon, Admiral Avelan, commander of the Russian squadron, and the fifty officers of the fleet accompanying him, arrived here at 9:17 o'clock this morning. At an early hour people began gathering about the Gare de Lyon, the railway station at which the nation's guests were to arrive. The square between the station and the Mazas prison was packed with a dense mass of humanity long before the time for the arrival of the train. The crowd extended up the Boulevard Diderot as far as the Avenue Daumesnil, and down as far as the river Seine. The Rue de Bercy, the Rue de Lyon and the transverse streets in the vicinity were also filled with enthusiastic crowds, all eager to give the Russians a true Parisian welcome. When the train was seen approaching, the station, the crowds began to sing the Russian anthem. Only a few of those present could sing the words, but nearly all knew the air, and the volume of sound was tremendous, though musical.

The Mazas prison was hidden from view by an immense platform that extended its whole length and which was packed with people. As the Russian officers appeared, the crowd ceased singing and shouts of "long live Russia," "long live the Czar," were heard on every side. The women present were as eager as the men to welcome the distinguished guests, and their shrill voices could be distinctly heard above the roar of the welcoming cries.

It may truthfully be said that despite the assertion that the Parisians would keep calm during the visit of the Russians, a more wild and enthusiastic greeting has never in recent years been extended to the representatives of any nation. It is an ovation of which any man might be proud. Amid the cheering crowd that surged about the entrance to the station, the Russians, resplendent in full uniforms, passed, bowing right and left, their faces wreathed in smiles as they beheld the enthusiasm of the populace. Carriages were taken at the station and the party were driven through the Rue de Lyon to the Place de la Bastille. Here they passed under a magnificent triumphal arch that spanned the place, and some distance in front of the column of July. The route taken from the Place de la Bastille was along the Boulevard Beau Marchais, Boulevard des Filles du Calvaire, Boulevard du Temple, through the Place de la Republique to the Boulevard St. Martin, and thence through the Boulevards St. Denis, Bonneville, Forsonnier, Montmartre, des Capucines, des Filles du Calvaire, and de la Madeleine to the Church of the Madeleine. The whole route was lined with spectators who were almost frantic in their expressions of welcome.

The decorations along the route were beautiful, and appropriate. Motives were displayed from every point of vantage. The tricolor of France and the white flag with the blue cross of Russia were everywhere seen, and the colors of these colors presented very beautiful effects.

Before the guests had proceeded very far on their drive their carriages were almost filled with the many bouquets that were thrown and handed to them. A large squad of cavalry accompanied the Russians, the program for today includes a breakfast at the military club. At 4 o'clock this afternoon Admiral Avelan and his party will be received at the palace of the Elysee by President Carnot. This afternoon a state dinner and ball will be given at the palace.

The day is being observed as a holiday by thousands of workmen, not only in Paris but in suburban towns. Many excursion trains were run during the day, and each brought hundreds of workmen to the city. Men were at work all night completing the work of decorating the city, and this morning it may be said that Paris has never before been so lavishly covered with artistic decorations. Near the Gare de Lyon was erected a triumphal arch built in imitation of the entrance to the Russian church. This arch attracted the attention of the Russians and drew many favorable comments from them.

Thousands of people, after the Russians had passed, thronged the streets admiring the decorations that in many instances were truly works of art. The most lavish and most tasty treatment was displayed in the Place de l'Opera, the Place de la Concorde and the Place de l'Hotel de Ville. All night long the streets were filled with people watching the process of the decorations and the experimental illuminations. The city will present a beautiful appearance this evening when the entire electrical and gas display is made.

The procession from the railway station was headed by mounted policemen and gendarmes. Much difficulty was experienced in clearing a passage way for the carriages, the crowd pushing forward to get a glimpse of the procession and the ranks were crowded under the feet of the horses. Progress was very slow and the Russians became impatient with the enthusiasm that was manifested everywhere about them. As the crowd shouted "Vive la Russie," "Vive le Czar," the Russians sprang to their feet and waved their hats, shouted in reply "Vive la France," "Vive la Belle France."

Every window and balcony along the route was crowded with men, women

and children, most of whom wore red ties or badges made of the national colors of France and Russia. It is estimated that the crowd outside the Gare de Lyon alone numbered 100,000 persons.

CAPT. JACK ADAMS ILL. The New Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army is Sick.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Capt. J. B. S. Adams, commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, is reported to be seriously ill at the Hotel Imperial in this city. Capt. Adams and his wife arrived in Chicago last Saturday and went immediately to the suite of rooms they had engaged in the hotel, adjoining that of G. S. Merrill, a friend of the family.

Capt. Adams came here to see the World's fair but for many years he has been suffering from two bullet wounds which he received during the war of the rebellion.

Mentioning this to his friend, Mr. Merrill introduced him to Dr. Lewis Tallman, house physician of the Great Northern hotel. After conversing with him for a while, he concluded that he would try to end his long misery by having a surgical operation performed. Dr. Tallman has now taken him in charge and it is said will perform the operation today.

POSTOFFICE AT HIBBING. One Has Been Established With J. W. Murphy in Charge.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—[Special to The Herald.]—The postoffice department today notified Representative Baldwin that a postoffice has been established at Hibbing, St. Louis county, Minn., with John W. Murphy as postmaster.

RIO AGAIN ATTACKED. Admiral Mello Bombaraded the Town Again, Doing Great Damage.

BUENOS AIRES, Oct. 17.—Admiral Mello, commander of the Brazilian fleet, again bombarded Rio Janeiro yesterday. The damage done is said to have been great. Many of the residents who remained in the city during the prior bombardment are now fleeing. President Peixoto continues his efforts to organize a fleet to give battle to the enemy.

Blew Out the Gas. CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Alfred Jorgensen, of Cleveland, N. Y., was asphyxiated by escaping gas last night, and Henry Hopper, of 624 North Ford street, Philadelphia, was so nearly smothered that his recovery is doubtful. Both men were guests of T. G. Zwendell, No. 639 Aberdeen street. On retiring last night Jorgensen, it is believed, blew out the light, leaving two gas jets open during the night.

Arrested for Insanity. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 17.—Charles L. Fair, the only surviving son of ex-Senator James G. Fair, was last evening arrested at Port Costa, Cal., while on his way East to spend his long vacation. He has been married clandestinely a few days ago in Oakland. He was arrested on a charge of insanity.

County Funds Stolen. BLACKROCK, Ark., Oct. 17.—William M. Carson, county treasurer of Lawrence county, has been robbed of \$4000 of the county funds. He, after locking both the safe and office door, went to his room, and on his return found everything apparently intact. Having occasion to go to the safe during the afternoon, he quickly discovered it had been robbed of about \$4000. Mr. Campbell's bondsmen will make good the loss.

A Dastardly Act. ALTONA, Pa., Oct. 17.—Joe Lasco, was arrested at Kittanning Point last evening on the charge of outraging and murdering a 4-year-old child at Adrian near Puxiatown recently. His friends declare that they can prove an alibi. In the meantime Lasco is held to await the arrival of Jefferson county officers, at whose instance the arrest was made.

Murder in Pennsylvania. BROWNVILLE, Pa., Oct. 17.—Andrew Drevotski was found yesterday in a shanty near his home in Coalbrook. He was lying in a pool of blood with a large knife wound behind his left ear. Suspicion rests upon a Hungarian who will be arrested and charged with the murder.

Cannot go to Chicago. WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The president has written a letter to President Higginbotham of the World's Columbian exposition expressing his regrets that he and Mrs. Cleveland are unable to accept the invitation recently tendered them to attend the World's fair before it is permanently closed.

A Prominent Man Dead. WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—W. J. Cowing died yesterday at his residence in this city. He had been for many years a prominent citizen of Washington, coming here from Rushville, Ind., in 1861, after an eventful career in that state as an appointee in the interior department. From that time he was almost constantly in public life and in positions of responsibility.

A Wisconsin Plumber. WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Herbert I. Brackett, of Wisconsin, has been appointed a member of the board of pension appeals in the interior department.

A Lucky Democrat. WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Comptroller Eckels has appointed J. G. Hubbell, of Lexington, Ky., national bank examiner for the state of Kentucky.

Gunned is Dead. PARIS, Oct. 17.—Charles Gounod, the great composer, who was stricken with apoplexy yesterday, is dead. He was in a comatose condition after midnight.

Marshall McMahon Dead. PARIS, Oct. 17.—Marshall McMahon, ex-president of the French republic, is dead.

THREE MEN ARE DEAD

The Entire Engine Crew on a Pennsylvania Train Killed and Three Others Fatally Injured.

Fog Was Very Dense on the Track and It Was Impossible to See Signals.

An Engine and Several Freight Cars Crossing a Main Track Struck by the Limited.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 17.—An accident to the Pennsylvania limited at Wellsville, O., this morning at 6:15 o'clock, resulted in the death of the entire engine crew and fatal injuries to the three men who occupied the baggage and express cars. The dead are: Caruthers, engineer, lived at Wellsville; Robert Jackson, engineer, 231 Locust street, Allegheny; Elmer Jackson, his son, fireman, 231 Locust street, Allegheny. The injured are: Baggage Master Alexander Fraser, Electrician Robert Ferry, and Electrician Robert Fowler. Fraser lives in Allegheny and the electricians are said to reside in Chicago.

A freight collision at Beaver Falls had blocked the main line of the Pittsburgh Fort Wayne & Chicago railroad, necessitating a detour over the Cleveland & Pittsburgh railroad from Alliance. The limited was making this run around and Caruthers, who was a regular engineer on the Cleveland & Pittsburgh road, was acting as pilot for Jackson, the limited engineer.

Along the river the fog had been the most dense experienced in many years and it was impossible to see signal lights at any distance, while semaphores could not be distinguished at all. An engine with several freight cars had been working in the Wellsville yards and was crossing the main tracks when the limited crashed into it. It is presumed that the signals were all right, but that the crew of the limited could not see them on account of the density of the atmosphere.

Caruthers was killed outright and young Jackson died within a few minutes, the death of his father being reported at 9 o'clock. None of the passengers on the limited were injured according to reports from headquarters, and the damage to property is slight. The baggage car and engine were demolished and the electric lights on the train.

WILL CLOSE OCTOBER 30. The World's Fair Will End on the Date Named in the Law.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Invitations were sent yesterday to President Cleveland and members of his cabinet asking them to take part in the celebration of the close of the fair on Columbus day, Monday, Oct. 30.

During the day the council of administration settled the question as to whether the close should be Oct. 30, as given in the congressional act, or Oct. 31, as was intended by the congressmen who drew it up. It was decided to follow the strict letter of the law and fix the day for Oct. 30, continuing the last formalities over until noon of the 31st, and making the hour of closing to correspond with the hour of formal opening.

Scottish Rite Masons. ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 17.—The supreme council of the Scottish Rite Masons in the Southern Jurisdiction, which met here yesterday, elected the following officers: Grand commander, Philip C. Tucker, Galveston, Tex.; lieutenant, St. Louis, Mo.; grand prior, Erasmus F. Carr, Leavenworth, Kan.; grand chancellor, Odell S. Long, Charleston, W. Va.; grand minister of state, Marie Collins, St. Louis; secretary general, Frederick Webber, Washington, D. C.; treasurer general, J. W. Brown, Washington, D. C.; grand almoner, Robert C. Jordan, Omaha, Neb.; grand master, Samuel Todd, New Orleans. The body will adjourn Thursday.

A Bishop Consecrated. RALPHIGH, N. C., Oct. 17.—Rev. Dr. Joseph Blount Chesbire, Jr., was consecrated assistant bishop of the diocese of North Carolina at Calvary church, Tarboro, N. C. It was one of the most impressive ceremonies ever witnessed in the state. The bishops of North Carolina, East Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Louisiana and Tennessee took part in the services. The bishop of Kentucky being the preacher. Governor Carr, Chief Justice Shepherd and many other persons of note attended. Bishop Chesbire is a North Carolinian, his father having been a rector of the parish in which he was consecrated over fifty years.

An Old Singer Dead. NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Signor Joseph Anton Belaguer, one of the oldest and best-known basso singers in this country, died on Saturday last at Bayonne, N. J., from a complication of diseases. He was born in Barcelona, Spain, April 12, 1816. He began his musical career with Jenny Lind when she sang in concerts in old Castle Garden along in the fifties. When Adelina Patti first appeared in this city Signor Belaguer sang the second part in her company.

Peanut Dealer Assigned. PETERSBURG, Va., Oct. 17.—George Davis, a leading peanut dealer of this city, and the assignee of his business, his liabilities are in the neighborhood of \$30,000. His creditors are mostly Baltimore, Norfolk and Petersburg merchants.

Reception to Dunraven. NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—The New York Yacht club will give an informal reception to the earl of Dunraven at the club house, No. 67 Madison avenue, this evening from 10 to 12.

PANTON & WATSON

Glass Block Store, DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

STRONG INDUCEMENTS FOR Wednesday and Thursday

The Glass Block Store is the Popular Place to Do Your Trading. FIRST—Because We Can Save You Money. SECOND—Because We Have the Correct Styles. THIRD—Because We Have the Assortment. FOURTH—Because we are the only house at the head of the lakes showing a complete stock of New Fall Goods.

Black Goods Dept. FOR WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY.

Bill our Priestly Fancy Black Novelties and Silk warp Henriettas at

\$1.00 PER YARD For two days only; worth \$1.65 to \$2.00. Only One Dress to a customer.

SILKS. 30 pieces New Colors in plain China Silks just arrived. For two days we make the price

25c.

Dress Goods. 45 pieces Wool Dress Goods, 36 to 52 inches wide, worth 75c to \$1.00 per yard. For Wednesday and Thursday at less than half price.

39c.

Lining Dept. 50 pieces Gilbert's Selcians in figured, worth 18c. OUR PRICE,

10c.

Limit, 10 yards.

Wash Goods. 50 pieces New Dark and Light Colored Dress Gingham, worth 12 1/2c. For Wednesday and Thursday will be sold at

6c PER YARD.

23c.

Cotton Batts. 20 cases Fine White Cotton Batts, always sold at 18c. We need the room and will offer them for Wednesday and Thursday at

11c PER ROLL.

We Are Showing the Finest Line of CRETONNES

In the city, and at prices lower than the lowest. Fine quality at

10c.

Wider and better at 12 1/2c, and the best at 15c. Call and see them.

Crockery Dept.

CUT GLASS CUT, Bought at about half their value.

50 dozen fine Cut Glass Tumblers (Fan Cutting). We have sold 25 dozen of them since last January at \$9.95 per dozen. We ran across a manufacturer who needed money. He got our money and we got his glass. We will sell only one dozen to any customer at the ridiculous low price of \$3.95 per dozen.

Table No. 1, worth \$2.75 to \$3.75 for \$1.95.

Table No. 2, worth \$3.95 to \$5.00 for \$2.95.

Table No. 3, worth \$5.50 to \$6.50 for \$3.50.

Table No. 4, worth \$6.75 to \$9.50 for \$4.50.

Ladies now is your time to buy your Fall Millinery.

Four Grand Bargains for Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. We have arranged four mammoth bargain tables with Trimmed hats that will surprise you.

Table No. 1, worth \$2.75 to \$3.75 for \$1.95.

Table No. 2, worth \$3.95 to \$5.00 for \$2.95.

Table No. 3, worth \$5.50 to \$6.50 for \$3.50.

Table No. 4, worth \$6.75 to \$9.50 for \$4.50.

Ladies now is your time to buy your Fall Millinery.

Ladies' Kid Gloves.

We have just added to our Gigantic Glove Stock, four new numbers of Gloves manufactured by Foster, Paul & Co. To introduce them we will give away free, an Ivory Glove Stretcher, with each and every pair this week.

Price Light. Ladies' Underwear. We are sole agents for Munson's famous Sanitary Underwear. We have them from \$1.25 up. Warranted not to shrink and perfect fitting.

The Weather for Stoves. Is now upon us. We can SAVE YOU MONEY on Stoves.

Lace Curtains. FOR WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY

We offer 50 pairs Nottingham Lace Curtains at

\$1.25. Worth \$2.50.

They Know It NOW!

Everyone knows we are the strongest house at the Head of the Lakes on

Silks and Dress Goods, Blankets and Comforters, Cloaks and Furs, Millinery and Underwear.

Our Low Prices and Big Assortment have done it.

Millinery Dept.

Four Grand Bargains for Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. We have arranged four mammoth bargain tables with Trimmed hats that will surprise you.

Table No. 1, worth \$2.75 to \$3.75 for \$1.95.

Table No. 2, worth \$3.95 to \$5.00 for \$2.95.

Table No. 3, worth \$5.50 to \$6.50 for \$3.50.

Table No. 4, worth \$6.75 to \$9.50 for \$4.50.

Ladies now is your time to buy your Fall Millinery.

Table No. 1, worth \$2.75 to \$3.75 for \$1.95.

Table No. 2, worth \$3.95 to \$5.00 for \$2.95.

Table No. 3, worth \$5.50 to \$6.50 for \$3.50.

Table No. 4, worth \$6.75 to \$9.50 for \$4.50.

Ladies now is your time to buy your Fall Millinery.

Table No. 1, worth \$2.75 to \$3.75 for \$1.95.

Table No. 2, worth \$3.95 to \$5.00 for \$2.95.

Table No. 3, worth \$5.50 to \$6.50 for \$3.50.

Table No. 4, worth \$6.75 to \$9.50 for \$4.50.

Ladies now is your time to buy your Fall Millinery.

Table No. 1, worth \$2.75 to \$3.75 for \$1.95.

Table No. 2, worth \$3.95 to \$5.00 for \$2.95.

Table No. 3, worth \$5.50 to \$6.50 for \$3.50.

Table No. 4, worth \$6.75 to \$9.50 for \$4.50.

Ladies now is your time to buy your Fall Millinery.

Table No. 1, worth \$2.75 to \$3.75 for \$1.95.

Table No. 2, worth \$3.95 to \$5.00 for \$2.95.

Table No. 3, worth \$5.50 to \$6.50 for \$3.50.

Table No. 4, worth \$6.75 to \$9.50 for \$4.50.

Ladies now is your time to buy your Fall Millinery.

Table No. 1, worth \$2.75 to \$3.75 for \$1.95.

Table No. 2, worth \$3.95 to \$5.00 for \$2.95.

Table No. 3, worth \$5.50 to \$6.50 for \$3.50.

Table No. 4, worth \$6.75 to \$9.50 for \$4.50.

Ladies now is your time to buy your Fall Millinery.

WEST-DULUTH ITEMS.

Plans for the Improvement of Grand Avenue Through Ironton Accepted in Spite of the Appeals.

Contract for the Repairing of Front Street in Oneota Let—Some Assessment Matters.

S. A. Bergendahl, a Duluth Music Dealer, Arrested for Passing a Worthless Check on J. C. Wills.

The proceedings of the council meeting last evening chiefly related to the closing up of street improvement contracts. Notwithstanding the appeal made by the attorneys representing the Norton estate in the matter of the extension of Grand avenue through Ironton, the council accepted the plans and specifications of the engineer for the work and instructed the recorder to advertise for bids. The cost of the improvement amounts to \$35,000.

A petition was submitted from a number of workmen asking that the contract for the repair of front street, Oneota, be given to some contractor who will pay cash for the work. The contract was made to Green & Barberick.

The assessor submitted assessments on the improvement of Elmer and Highland streets, and resolutions were passed confirming them. Payment was ordered of the final assessments in the amount of \$29,112 on the first street, \$1,000 on the second, and on the third (street and Sixth avenue west contracts). A final assessment of \$21,187 was ordered levied on the eighth avenue west improvement and the assessor instructed to prepare the assessment roll.

A report was submitted that the \$5 per cent assessment collected on the street, Hazelwood, leaves a surplus of about \$1,000 and this amount will be expended in the further improvement of the street.

The bills for water supplied the village were ordered paid. The appointment of Frank Freulich as night jailer is confirmed.

BERGENDAH ARRESTED.

Is Accused of Passing a Worthless Check at West Duluth.

S. A. Bergendahl, a Duluth music dealer, was brought down from Duluth, this evening under arrest for passing a bogus check on J. C. Wills, the proprietor of a saloon and boarding house on second street south. Bergendahl was arraigned in justice court this morning, pleaded not guilty, and his trial was set for 9 o'clock tomorrow morning. His friends spent most of the morning in the attempt to secure bail, but up to noon nothing had been accomplished and he languished behind the bars.

The prisoner states that a collector of S. C. E. Johnson by name, who is all the trouble, the latter having framed the check over to him as a collection, on the supposition that it was a bill piece of paper. Bergendahl happened into Wills' place and got the check cashed which has brought the time at his door.

West Duluth Briefs.

Judge Martin and family returned yesterday from the fair.

George R. Williams, of Royalton, is visiting friends in the city.

George Williamson, of Kingston, Ont., in the city.

Daniel Caffery, of Brainerd, was visiting friends here yesterday.

William Anderson, of Lake City, is a test of A. P. Olund.

James Koehl, of Stillwater, is stopping the city.

The Scotia and Arizona arrived yesterday at the Mitchell & McClure dock, where they are loading with a consignment of lumber for Buffalo.

Dr. Forbes returned from Chicago last evening and states that he will fill his lot at the Methodist church next Sunday both morning and evening.

Worrell Clarkson and bride returned yesterday evening from the limited from their wedding trip.

J. W. Crooks is on the sick list. John Roberts was taken to St. Mary's yesterday with inflammation of the veins.

If You Are Going

to California this fall, take the Northern Pacific railroad and see those three great granite mountains, Mount Tacoma, Mount Shasta, Mount Hood, en route without leaving the cars.

The Keystone Watch

Case Co. of Philadelphia, the largest watch case manufacturing concern in the world, is now putting upon the Jas. Boss Filled and other cases made by it, a bowing which cannot be twisted or pulled off the watch.

It is a sure protection against the ick-packet and the many accidents that befall watches fitted with the d-style bow, which is simply held by friction and can be twisted off with the fingers. It is called the

Don pull out

and CAN ONLY BE PULLED OUT with CASE BEARING THEIR TRADE MARK.

Sold only through watch dealers, without extra charge. Ask any jeweler for pamphlet, send to the manufacturers,

If You Have

Scrofula, Sores, Boils, or any other skin disease, take

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA
The Superior Blood-Purifier and Spring Medicine.
Cures others, will cure you

WHEAT MADE A GAIN.

The Market Today Was Decidedly Improved and Healthy.

The wheat market was decidedly improved today and showed a healthy advance. It opened steady and unchanged from yesterday's close and advanced with large trading in both cash and "to arrive" wheat and in all the futures. With the exception of one weak point about 10 o'clock, when May wheat slumped a little sympathetically with a similar break at Chicago, the market was strong and steady during the morning. The afternoon session was easy with moderate trading, with fair prices below the outside prices. The close was firm. The leading wheat, yesterday for cash, advanced for December and for lower for May. Following were the closing prices: No. 1 hard, cash, 69 1/2c; October, 69 1/2c; December, 69 1/2c; May, 69 1/2c; No. 2 hard, cash, 68 1/2c; October, 68 1/2c; December, 68 1/2c; May, 68 1/2c; No. 3 hard, cash, 67 1/2c; October, 67 1/2c; December, 67 1/2c; May, 67 1/2c; No. 4 hard, cash, 66 1/2c; October, 66 1/2c; December, 66 1/2c; May, 66 1/2c; No. 5 hard, cash, 65 1/2c; October, 65 1/2c; December, 65 1/2c; May, 65 1/2c; No. 6 hard, cash, 64 1/2c; October, 64 1/2c; December, 64 1/2c; May, 64 1/2c; No. 7 hard, cash, 63 1/2c; October, 63 1/2c; December, 63 1/2c; May, 63 1/2c; No. 8 hard, cash, 62 1/2c; October, 62 1/2c; December, 62 1/2c; May, 62 1/2c; No. 9 hard, cash, 61 1/2c; October, 61 1/2c; December, 61 1/2c; May, 61 1/2c; No. 10 hard, cash, 60 1/2c; October, 60 1/2c; December, 60 1/2c; May, 60 1/2c; No. 11 hard, cash, 59 1/2c; October, 59 1/2c; December, 59 1/2c; May, 59 1/2c; No. 12 hard, cash, 58 1/2c; October, 58 1/2c; December, 58 1/2c; May, 58 1/2c; No. 13 hard, cash, 57 1/2c; October, 57 1/2c; December, 57 1/2c; May, 57 1/2c; No. 14 hard, cash, 56 1/2c; October, 56 1/2c; December, 56 1/2c; May, 56 1/2c; No. 15 hard, cash, 55 1/2c; October, 55 1/2c; December, 55 1/2c; May, 55 1/2c; No. 16 hard, cash, 54 1/2c; October, 54 1/2c; December, 54 1/2c; May, 54 1/2c; No. 17 hard, cash, 53 1/2c; October, 53 1/2c; December, 53 1/2c; May, 53 1/2c; No. 18 hard, cash, 52 1/2c; October, 52 1/2c; December, 52 1/2c; May, 52 1/2c; No. 19 hard, cash, 51 1/2c; October, 51 1/2c; December, 51 1/2c; May, 51 1/2c; No. 20 hard, cash, 50 1/2c; October, 50 1/2c; December, 50 1/2c; May, 50 1/2c; No. 21 hard, cash, 49 1/2c; October, 49 1/2c; December, 49 1/2c; May, 49 1/2c; No. 22 hard, cash, 48 1/2c; October, 48 1/2c; December, 48 1/2c; May, 48 1/2c; No. 23 hard, cash, 47 1/2c; October, 47 1/2c; December, 47 1/2c; May, 47 1/2c; No. 24 hard, cash, 46 1/2c; October, 46 1/2c; December, 46 1/2c; May, 46 1/2c; No. 25 hard, cash, 45 1/2c; October, 45 1/2c; December, 45 1/2c; May, 45 1/2c; No. 26 hard, cash, 44 1/2c; October, 44 1/2c; December, 44 1/2c; May, 44 1/2c; No. 27 hard, cash, 43 1/2c; October, 43 1/2c; December, 43 1/2c; May, 43 1/2c; No. 28 hard, cash, 42 1/2c; October, 42 1/2c; December, 42 1/2c; May, 42 1/2c; No. 29 hard, cash, 41 1/2c; October, 41 1/2c; December, 41 1/2c; May, 41 1/2c; No. 30 hard, cash, 40 1/2c; October, 40 1/2c; December, 40 1/2c; May, 40 1/2c; No. 31 hard, cash, 39 1/2c; October, 39 1/2c; December, 39 1/2c; May, 39 1/2c; No. 32 hard, cash, 38 1/2c; October, 38 1/2c; December, 38 1/2c; May, 38 1/2c; No. 33 hard, cash, 37 1/2c; October, 37 1/2c; December, 37 1/2c; May, 37 1/2c; No. 34 hard, cash, 36 1/2c; October, 36 1/2c; December, 36 1/2c; May, 36 1/2c; No. 35 hard, cash, 35 1/2c; October, 35 1/2c; December, 35 1/2c; May, 35 1/2c; No. 36 hard, cash, 34 1/2c; October, 34 1/2c; December, 34 1/2c; May, 34 1/2c; No. 37 hard, cash, 33 1/2c; October, 33 1/2c; December, 33 1/2c; May, 33 1/2c; No. 38 hard, cash, 32 1/2c; October, 32 1/2c; December, 32 1/2c; May, 32 1/2c; No. 39 hard, cash, 31 1/2c; October, 31 1/2c; December, 31 1/2c; May, 31 1/2c; No. 40 hard, cash, 30 1/2c; October, 30 1/2c; December, 30 1/2c; May, 30 1/2c; No. 41 hard, cash, 29 1/2c; October, 29 1/2c; December, 29 1/2c; May, 29 1/2c; No. 42 hard, cash, 28 1/2c; October, 28 1/2c; December, 28 1/2c; May, 28 1/2c; No. 43 hard, cash, 27 1/2c; October, 27 1/2c; December, 27 1/2c; May, 27 1/2c; No. 44 hard, cash, 26 1/2c; October, 26 1/2c; December, 26 1/2c; May, 26 1/2c; No. 45 hard, cash, 25 1/2c; October, 25 1/2c; December, 25 1/2c; May, 25 1/2c; No. 46 hard, cash, 24 1/2c; October, 24 1/2c; December, 24 1/2c; May, 24 1/2c; No. 47 hard, cash, 23 1/2c; October, 23 1/2c; December, 23 1/2c; May, 23 1/2c; No. 48 hard, cash, 22 1/2c; October, 22 1/2c; December, 22 1/2c; May, 22 1/2c; No. 49 hard, cash, 21 1/2c; October, 21 1/2c; December, 21 1/2c; May, 21 1/2c; No. 50 hard, cash, 20 1/2c; October, 20 1/2c; December, 20 1/2c; May, 20 1/2c; No. 51 hard, cash, 19 1/2c; October, 19 1/2c; December, 19 1/2c; May, 19 1/2c; No. 52 hard, cash, 18 1/2c; October, 18 1/2c; December, 18 1/2c; May, 18 1/2c; No. 53 hard, cash, 17 1/2c; October, 17 1/2c; December, 17 1/2c; May, 17 1/2c; No. 54 hard, cash, 16 1/2c; October, 16 1/2c; December, 16 1/2c; May, 16 1/2c; No. 55 hard, cash, 15 1/2c; October, 15 1/2c; December, 15 1/2c; May, 15 1/2c; No. 56 hard, cash, 14 1/2c; October, 14 1/2c; December, 14 1/2c; May, 14 1/2c; No. 57 hard, cash, 13 1/2c; October, 13 1/2c; December, 13 1/2c; May, 13 1/2c; No. 58 hard, cash, 12 1/2c; October, 12 1/2c; December, 12 1/2c; May, 12 1/2c; No. 59 hard, cash, 11 1/2c; October, 11 1/2c; December, 11 1/2c; May, 11 1/2c; No. 60 hard, cash, 10 1/2c; October, 10 1/2c; December, 10 1/2c; May, 10 1/2c; No. 61 hard, cash, 9 1/2c; October, 9 1/2c; December, 9 1/2c; May, 9 1/2c; No. 62 hard, cash, 8 1/2c; October, 8 1/2c; December, 8 1/2c; May, 8 1/2c; No. 63 hard, cash, 7 1/2c; October, 7 1/2c; December, 7 1/2c; May, 7 1/2c; No. 64 hard, cash, 6 1/2c; October, 6 1/2c; December, 6 1/2c; May, 6 1/2c; No. 65 hard, cash, 5 1/2c; October, 5 1/2c; December, 5 1/2c; May, 5 1/2c; No. 66 hard, cash, 4 1/2c; October, 4 1/2c; December, 4 1/2c; May, 4 1/2c; No. 67 hard, cash, 3 1/2c; October, 3 1/2c; December, 3 1/2c; May, 3 1/2c; No. 68 hard, cash, 2 1/2c; October, 2 1/2c; December, 2 1/2c; May, 2 1/2c; No. 69 hard, cash, 1 1/2c; October, 1 1/2c; December, 1 1/2c; May, 1 1/2c; No. 70 hard, cash, 1/2c; October, 1/2c; December, 1/2c; May, 1/2c; No. 71 hard, cash, 1/4c; October, 1/4c; December, 1/4c; May, 1/4c; No. 72 hard, cash, 1/8c; October, 1/8c; December, 1/8c; May, 1/8c; No. 73 hard, cash, 1/16c; October, 1/16c; December, 1/16c; May, 1/16c; No. 74 hard, cash, 1/32c; October, 1/32c; December, 1/32c; May, 1/32c; No. 75 hard, cash, 1/64c; October, 1/64c; December, 1/64c; May, 1/64c; No. 76 hard, cash, 1/128c; October, 1/128c; December, 1/128c; May, 1/128c; No. 77 hard, cash, 1/256c; October, 1/256c; December, 1/256c; May, 1/256c; No. 78 hard, cash, 1/512c; October, 1/512c; December, 1/512c; May, 1/512c; No. 79 hard, cash, 1/1024c; October, 1/1024c; December, 1/1024c; May, 1/1024c; No. 80 hard, cash, 1/2048c; October, 1/2048c; December, 1/2048c; May, 1/2048c; No. 81 hard, cash, 1/4096c; October, 1/4096c; December, 1/4096c; May, 1/4096c; No. 82 hard, cash, 1/8192c; October, 1/8192c; December, 1/8192c; May, 1/8192c; No. 83 hard, cash, 1/16384c; October, 1/16384c; December, 1/16384c; May, 1/16384c; No. 84 hard, cash, 1/32768c; October, 1/32768c; December, 1/32768c; May, 1/32768c; No. 85 hard, cash, 1/65536c; October, 1/65536c; December, 1/65536c; May, 1/65536c; No. 86 hard, cash, 1/131072c; October, 1/131072c; December, 1/131072c; May, 1/131072c; No. 87 hard, cash, 1/262144c; October, 1/262144c; December, 1/262144c; May, 1/262144c; No. 88 hard, cash, 1/524288c; October, 1/524288c; December, 1/524288c; May, 1/524288c; No. 89 hard, cash, 1/1048576c; October, 1/1048576c; December, 1/1048576c; May, 1/1048576c; No. 90 hard, cash, 1/2097152c; October, 1/2097152c; December, 1/2097152c; May, 1/2097152c; No. 91 hard, cash, 1/4194304c; October, 1/4194304c; December, 1/4194304c; May, 1/4194304c; No. 92 hard, cash, 1/8388608c; October, 1/8388608c; December, 1/8388608c; May, 1/8388608c; No. 93 hard, cash, 1/16777216c; October, 1/16777216c; December, 1/16777216c; May, 1/16777216c; No. 94 hard, cash, 1/33554432c; October, 1/33554432c; December, 1/33554432c; May, 1/33554432c; No. 95 hard, cash, 1/67108864c; October, 1/67108864c; December, 1/67108864c; May, 1/67108864c; No. 96 hard, cash, 1/134217728c; October, 1/134217728c; December, 1/134217728c; May, 1/134217728c; No. 97 hard, cash, 1/268435456c; October, 1/268435456c; December, 1/268435456c; May, 1/268435456c; No. 98 hard, cash, 1/536870912c; October, 1/536870912c; December, 1/536870912c; May, 1/536870912c; No. 99 hard, cash, 1/1073741824c; October, 1/1073741824c; December, 1/1073741824c; May, 1/1073741824c; No. 100 hard, cash, 1/2147483648c; October, 1/2147483648c; December, 1/2147483648c; May, 1/2147483648c.

The Minneapolis Market.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Oct. 17.—The wheat market was active and most of the day was firm. Near the close there was some unloading of some wheat. Receipts, 335 cars; shipments, 20 cars. October closed: No. 1 hard, 58 1/2c; No. 2 hard, 57 1/2c; No. 3 hard, 56 1/2c; No. 4 hard, 55 1/2c; No. 5 hard, 54 1/2c; No. 6 hard, 53 1/2c; No. 7 hard, 52 1/2c; No. 8 hard, 51 1/2c; No. 9 hard, 50 1/2c; No. 10 hard, 49 1/2c; No. 11 hard, 48 1/2c; No. 12 hard, 47 1/2c; No. 13 hard, 46 1/2c; No. 14 hard, 45 1/2c; No. 15 hard, 44 1/2c; No. 16 hard, 43 1/2c; No. 17 hard, 42 1/2c; No. 18 hard, 41 1/2c; No. 19 hard, 40 1/2c; No. 20 hard, 39 1/2c; No. 21 hard, 38 1/2c; No. 22 hard, 37 1/2c; No. 23 hard, 36 1/2c; No. 24 hard, 35 1/2c; No. 25 hard, 34 1/2c; No. 26 hard, 33 1/2c; No. 27 hard, 32 1/2c; No. 28 hard, 31 1/2c; No. 29 hard, 30 1/2c; No. 30 hard, 29 1/2c; No. 31 hard, 28 1/2c; No. 32 hard, 27 1/2c; No. 33 hard, 26 1/2c; No. 34 hard, 25 1/2c; No. 35 hard, 24 1/2c; No. 36 hard, 23 1/2c; No. 37 hard, 22 1/2c; No. 38 hard, 21 1/2c; No. 39 hard, 20 1/2c; No. 40 hard, 19 1/2c; No. 41 hard, 18 1/2c; No. 42 hard, 17 1/2c; No. 43 hard, 16 1/2c; No. 44 hard, 15 1/2c; No. 45 hard, 14 1/2c; No. 46 hard, 13 1/2c; No. 47 hard, 12 1/2c; No. 48 hard, 11 1/2c; No. 49 hard, 10 1/2c; No. 50 hard, 9 1/2c; No. 51 hard, 8 1/2c; No. 52 hard, 7 1/2c; No. 53 hard, 6 1/2c; No. 54 hard, 5 1/2c; No. 55 hard, 4 1/2c; No. 56 hard, 3 1/2c; No. 57 hard, 2 1/2c; No. 58 hard, 1 1/2c; No. 59 hard, 1/2c; No. 60 hard, 1/4c; No. 61 hard, 1/8c; No. 62 hard, 1/16c; No. 63 hard, 1/32c; No. 64 hard, 1/64c; No. 65 hard, 1/128c; No. 66 hard, 1/256c; No. 67 hard, 1/512c; No. 68 hard, 1/1024c; No. 69 hard, 1/2048c; No. 70 hard, 1/4096c; No. 71 hard, 1/8192c; No. 72 hard, 1/16384c; No. 73 hard, 1/32768c; No. 74 hard, 1/65536c; No. 75 hard, 1/131072c; No. 76 hard, 1/262144c; No. 77 hard, 1/524288c; No. 78 hard, 1/1048576c; No. 79 hard, 1/2097152c; No. 80 hard, 1/4194304c; No. 81 hard, 1/8388608c; No. 82 hard, 1/16777216c; No. 83 hard, 1/33554432c; No. 84 hard, 1/67108864c; No. 85 hard, 1/134217728c; No. 86 hard, 1/268435456c; No. 87 hard, 1/536870912c; No. 88 hard, 1/1073741824c; No. 89 hard, 1/2147483648c; No. 90 hard, 1/4294967296c; No. 91 hard, 1/8589934592c; No. 92 hard, 1/17179869184c; No. 93 hard, 1/34359738368c; No. 94 hard, 1/68719476736c; No. 95 hard, 1/137438953472c; No. 96 hard, 1/274877906944c; No. 97 hard, 1/549755813888c; No. 98 hard, 1/1099511627776c; No. 99 hard, 1/2199023255552c; No. 100 hard, 1/4398046511104c.

Cattle and Hogs.

U. S. YARDS, CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Cattle: Receipts, 3,000; market dull and weak, prices 55c to 56c. Hogs: Receipts, 4,500; market dull and weak, prices 10c to 11c. Sheep: Receipts, 1,000; market dull and weak, prices 15c to 16c. Poultry: Receipts, 10,000; market dull and weak, prices 10c to 11c. Butter: Receipts, 10,000; market dull and weak, prices 10c to 11c. Eggs: Receipts, 10,000; market dull and weak, prices 10c to 11c.

Northwestern Wheat Stocks.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Oct. 17.—The Northwestern elevator stocks of wheat in private hands at Minneapolis at 4:00 p.m. were 2,000,000 bushels. This makes the Minneapolis and Duluth stock 11,071,221 bushels, against 10,117,000 bushels a year ago. The market received estimates of the stock in the country as follows: Minnesota and the two Dakotas at 2,500,000 bushels, a gain for the year of 200,000 bushels. The aggregate Northwest stock exclusive of mill storage is 11,271,221 bushels, an increase of 1,001,221 bushels.

The Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Closing prices: Wheat, 100 lbs., 58 1/2c; 100 lbs., 57 1/2c; 100 lbs., 56 1/2c; 100 lbs., 55 1/2c; 100 lbs., 54 1/2c; 100 lbs., 53 1/2c; 100 lbs., 52 1/2c; 100 lbs., 51 1/2c; 100 lbs., 50 1/2c; 100 lbs., 49 1/2c; 100 lbs., 48 1/2c; 100 lbs., 47 1/2c; 100 lbs., 46 1/2c; 100 lbs., 45 1/2c; 100 lbs., 44 1/2c; 100 lbs., 43 1/2c; 100 lbs., 42 1/2c; 100 lbs., 41 1/2c; 100 lbs., 40 1/2c; 100 lbs., 39 1/2c; 100 lbs., 38 1/2c; 100 lbs., 37 1/2c; 100 lbs., 36 1/2c; 100 lbs., 35 1/2c; 100 lbs., 34 1/2c; 100 lbs., 33 1/2c; 100 lbs., 32 1/2c; 100 lbs., 31 1/2c; 100 lbs., 30 1/2c; 100 lbs., 29 1/2c; 100 lbs., 28 1/2c; 100 lbs., 27 1/2c; 100 lbs., 26 1/2c; 100 lbs., 25 1/2c; 100 lbs., 24 1/2c; 100 lbs., 23 1/2c; 100 lbs., 22 1/2c; 100 lbs., 21 1/2c; 100 lbs., 20 1/2c; 100 lbs., 19 1/2c; 100 lbs., 18 1/2c; 100 lbs., 17 1/2c; 100 lbs., 16 1/2c; 100 lbs., 15 1/2c; 100 lbs., 14 1/2c; 100 lbs., 13 1/2c; 100 lbs., 12 1/2c; 100 lbs., 11 1/2c; 100 lbs., 10 1/2c; 100 lbs., 9 1/2c; 100 lbs., 8 1/2c; 100 lbs., 7 1/2c; 100 lbs., 6 1/2c; 100 lbs., 5 1/2c; 100 lbs., 4 1/2c; 100 lbs., 3 1/2c; 100 lbs., 2 1/2c; 100 lbs., 1 1/2c; 100 lbs., 1/2c; 100 lbs., 1/4c; 100 lbs., 1/8c; 100 lbs., 1/16c; 100 lbs., 1/32c; 100 lbs., 1/64c; 100 lbs., 1/128c; 100 lbs., 1/256c; 100 lbs., 1/512c; 100 lbs., 1/1024c; 100 lbs., 1/2048c; 100 lbs., 1/4096c; 100 lbs., 1/8192c; 100 lbs., 1/16384c; 100 lbs., 1/32768c; 100 lbs., 1/65536c; 100 lbs., 1/131072c; 100 lbs., 1/262144c; 100 lbs., 1/524288c; 100 lbs., 1/1048576c; 100 lbs., 1/2097152c; 100 lbs., 1/4194304c; 100 lbs., 1/8388608c; 100 lbs., 1/16777216c; 100 lbs., 1/33554432c; 100 lbs., 1/67108864c; 100 lbs., 1/134217728c; 100 lbs., 1/268435456c; 100 lbs., 1/536870912c; 100 lbs., 1/1073741824c; 100 lbs., 1/2147483648c; 100 lbs., 1/4294967296c; 100 lbs., 1/8589934592c; 100 lbs., 1/17179869184c; 100 lbs., 1/34359738368c; 100 lbs., 1/68719476736c; 100 lbs., 1/137438953472c; 100 lbs., 1/274877906944c; 100 lbs., 1/549755813888c; 100 lbs., 1/1099511627776c; 100 lbs., 1/2199023255552c; 100 lbs., 1/4398046511104c.

The Foreign Grain Trade.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—The Mark Lane Express in its weekly review of the British grain trade says: "Now English wheat during the week fell 1/4c and became firm at 11/2c. The demand having increased. Foreign wheats advanced 1/4c and are quoted at 28 1/2c. Foreign flour is firm. A slackening in American shipments is causing a feeling of greater confidence. Corn, barley and oats steady. At today's auction the prices of English wheat were barely maintained. Foreign white wheats were firm. The price of English barley was 1/4c. The price of foreign barley was 1/4c. The price of English malt was 1/4c. The price of foreign malt was 1/4c. The price of English hops was 1/4c. The price of foreign hops was 1/4c. The price of English sugar was 1/4c. The price of foreign sugar was 1/4c. The price of English cotton was 1/4c. The price of foreign cotton was 1/4c. The price of English wool was 1/4c. The price of foreign wool was 1/4c. The price of English oil was 1/4c. The price of foreign oil was 1/4c. The price of English flour was 1/4c. The price of foreign flour was 1/4c. The price of English meal was 1/4c. The price of foreign meal was 1/4c. The price of English bran was 1/4c. The price of foreign bran was 1/4c. The price of English cake was 1/4c. The price of foreign cake was 1/4c. The price of English meal was 1/4c. The price of foreign meal was 1/4c. The price of English bran was 1/4c. The price of foreign bran was 1/4c. The price of English cake was 1/4c. The price of foreign cake was 1/4c. The price of English meal was 1/4c. The price of foreign meal was 1/4c. The price of English bran was 1/4c. The price of foreign bran was 1/4c. The price of English cake was 1/4c. The price

Great Eastern

The Largest Clothing House in the West.
Pioneers of Low Prices.

HERE'S WHERE YOU CAN save money—times on the little things—dollars on the big, and get honest stylish values in the saving. Eyes, fingers—yours will not long in discovering the specialty good in these needful things:

UNDERWEAR.

Full weight non-irritating ribbed Balmainian at 50c the garment. Heavyweight Derby ribbed in heliotrope and blue, of just the proper fit—They look richer than our good quality. Price of the garment.....\$1.00.

NECKWEAR.

Look all round—see as much of the \$1.00 Ties around town as you like—then come and see if ours are not the best, and only.....50c.

MEN'S DERBYS.

Golden Brown, Seal Brown and Black genuine Fur Derbys—blocked exactly like the \$5.00 shapes—lined with as good silk—finished in as good style. Your choice.....\$3.00.
Excellent Men's Derbys—.....\$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00.

MEN'S GLOVES.

For driving, walking, riding. English Buck, Mocha and Dogskin—the proper shape—the current shades and the proper stuff in each pair to send you back next fall for the second pair when this pair's gone.....\$1.00 a pair.

Overcoats-Suits.

For men, the very kind you like to wear. New, Stylish, Good and fits equal to any custom made. Fabrics the best and all ready to wear.....\$10, \$12, \$15.

J. M. S. BURROWS & CO.
DULUTH, MINN.

Appealed to the Secretary.
The local United States land office this morning received notice that in the case involving lands in section 30-63-11, entitled Angus McDonald et al vs. Emil Hartmann et al, P. H. Seymour, attorney for Billson & Hartmann has filed an appeal to the secretary of the interior from the commissioner's decision of Sept. 8, 1893. J. M. Vales, attorney for Alden and James, has also appealed the case to the secretary of the interior. In the case of Frank T. Scott vs. Bartholomew Coffey, involving lot 1 and the e/2 of the n/2 and the sw/4 of the n/2 of section 18-60-10, J. R. Redding, attorney for the defendant, has appealed to the secretary of the interior. The defendant is an old man living at Tower and the decision of the commissioner, which favored the contestant, reversed the decision of the local officers.

New Marriage in Town.
Hulet C. and Rose Merritt rejoice in the advent of a son into their home at 1701 East First street. By the way, it has been noticed that a birth in the Merritt family is nearly always a boy. The world is said to need men, noble men, and Hulet is following up all precedents established by family custom and that demand.

A son was also reported today as arriving at the home of John and Lena Anderson, at West Park.

K. of P. Meeting.
There will be a business meeting of the officers of the uniformed rank of the Knights of Pythias in the armory at Hunter's hall this evening. Among those in attendance from St. Paul will be Col. G. M. Orr, Col. E. H. Mihlin, Capt. N. M. Goss and Adj. T. S. F. Hayes. Among those from Minneapolis will be Brig. Gen. F. S. McDonald, Col. F. E. Whiston, Col. C. A. Clawson, Maj. E. J. Sanderson, formerly of this city, but now located at Brainerd, is also expected.

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder—No Ammonia, No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

ORDERED TO PRODUCE

Receiver W. B. Silvey Petitions the Court to Compel E. P. Emerson to Give Certain Information.

Judge Lewis Entered an Order Requiring Him to Give an Inventory For All Property.

Rebecca E. Raab Wants Ten Thousand Dollars From Charles E. Stewart For Slandering Her.

William B. Silvey, receiver of E. P. Emerson, has filed a petition with the court asking that an order be made directing the said Emerson to turn over and deliver to him all books, papers and documents of every sort relating to the business of the Spalding hotel and that he be further ordered to forthwith make and file a full inventory of all his property and effects; also a schedule of all creditors and the amount due them, and a schedule of his debts; further to appear before the court and be examined on oath touching his property and effects as to whether he has concealed or secured any or preferred any of his creditors or done any other thing in violation of the law.

In his petition Receiver Silvey says that Mr. Emerson has refused to turn over the books and that he has been informed and believes that he also, in anticipation of his insolvency, removed and concealed certain of his goods and chattels and preferred certain creditors. Judge Lewis filed an order directing Mr. Emerson to forthwith produce all books and accounts as prayed for and appear before A. L. Agatin, referee, and testify as to the condition of his property.

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS.
Rebecca Raab Thinks She Has Been Slandered to That Extent.

Rebecca Raab has brought suit against Charles E. Stewart for \$10,000 damages and alleges that the defendant called her a prostitute and commanded her to his herself hence to Minnesota Point, which locality the plaintiff claims bear a bad reputation.

Wolf Brothers' bank, of Centerville, Minn., has commenced an action against William McKinley, George A. Elder and Harvey A. Wing to recover \$5,000 on a promissory note.

Paul Sharvy is defendant in an action begun by James Corrigan to recover a number of cases of dynamite, which he seized.

John J. Murphy sues the village of West Duluth to recover \$1,000 damages to his lots by reason of street grading.

Hurley Brothers have begun an action against John Anderson to recover \$221.85 for goods sold him.

A transcript of docket from Hennepin county in the case of Stone-Orlean Company vs. Little Mesaba Iron Company, in which judgment was rendered for \$22,492, has been filed.

Default judgment for \$177.40 has been entered in favor of Heinz & Co. against Simon Clark & Co.

The District Court.
Judge Ensign has gone to Carlton to hold court and Judge Lewis is holding down the bench all alone today.

M. Roeder vs. E. T. Merritt, is on trial. The plaintiff sues to recover the purchase price of a relinquishment on a claim. The defendant claims that he was given to understand that there were no other entries, but that there were.

Oma S. Langellier vs. Francis Sitar, et al., was continued.

A STEADY GRIND.
Municipal Court Business Has Been on the Boom Today.

The wheels of justice in municipal court have been grinding quite steadily the past twenty-four hours. Yesterday afternoon the grand larceny case of Sutphin vs. Jowett came up, but was continued until Oct. 23. R. G. Segge, charged with assaulting George W. Clark in the third degree by grabbing hold of him and jamming him through a door, or something similar, stood trial and was found not guilty.

Frank Dahlgren was charged with assault in the second degree. He is the man who, it is claimed, stabbed Lambin, the janitor of the First National bank, Sunday evening. The complaint was made by William Hocking. The preliminary examination was set for Oct. 20 and in default of \$300 bail, the defendant was locked up.

Thomas H. Brooks, if all charges are true, is a gentleman with extremely light fingers. He faced the court on the charge of grand larceny in the second degree. Frank Noel made the complaint and in it he charges that on Oct. 13, at Short Line Junction, the defendant stole one silver watch valued at \$15; another worth \$3; one chain worth \$14; one jackknife worth \$1; one lock worth \$3; and that from Mike O'Connell he also took a \$5 finger ring and a \$5 revolver. He was placed under bonds in the sum of \$250 to appear before the next grand jury.

This morning W. B. Peaton, who bobbed up on the charge of pouring out libations to excess, pleaded guilty and secured a suspension of sentence. William Marshall, charged with assaulting Charles McKay, by slapping him in the face and also grabbing his coat and jerking too vigorously, paid a fine of \$1 and costs, amounting in all to \$3.50.

George Fischer, on complaint of Coby

Smith, a health department inspector, appeared for the purpose of telling the court why he failed to cleanse a privy when ordered. The court had not time to hear the story, so held George under \$10 bonds until Thursday. The defendant resides at 7-38 East Second street.

CITY BRIEF.
Cullum, Dentist, top floor Palladio.

Smoke Endition cigar, W. A. Foote & Co. "Use the best" Duluth Imperial flour.

McMillen & Tenbusch architects; King block.

Get prices from Duluth Fuel company before buying your coal elsewhere.

Smoke Robert Burns cigar. Sold by Albert Hauslaib, First Nat'l bank bldg.

The meeting to further the organization of the Associated Charities work in Duluth will be held this evening at the Pilgrim Congregational church at 8 o'clock and everyone is invited to attend.

Casco howling alleys now open. Purposes to be hung up in clams.

Players and club are invited to call and arrange with H. Wieland, manager.

Bank clearings today were \$365,605.12. John Carl Elm and Johanna E. Elm were today committed to the state school at Owa-tonna.

Their parents live at the West End and are extremely poor, the father being an invalid.

John K. Arison and Maret Rening have been licensed to wed.

The case of Fred Bunder vs. Duluth Street Railway Company was on trial all day yesterday and up to noon today in the United States circuit court. It went to the jury at noon.

O. M. Sylvester, Jr., of Duluth, and Miss Minnie B. Lewis, of Virginia, were married on Sunday at the home of the bride's parents in Virginia. They will reside in Virginia.

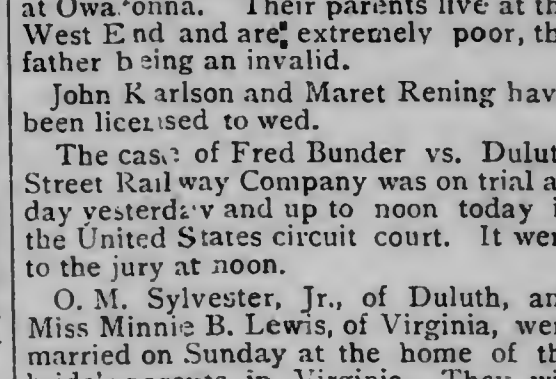
J. R. Souther, of Joliet, Ill., walked into the elevator shaft in the St. Louis hotel office last evening and fell to the basement floor below, about twelve feet. No bones were broken but he was badly shaken up.

PHILLIPS & CO.,

218 West Superior Street.

GENTLEMEN:

We are in a position to show you the best line of Men's \$3, \$4 and \$5 Shoes ever given to the public, having marked all our \$4, \$5 and \$6 Shoes down \$1 a pair. We are enabled to show more styles and better goods than any house at the Head of the Lakes.



We Have This Shoe in the

\$3 \$4 \$5 SHOES!

Misses' and Children's Shoes.

We carry the largest line and can save you fully 25 per cent.

PHILLIPS & CO.

Resolutions of Condolence.

Whereas, death for the first time has entered our midst and mustered out of the service our brother and fellow-workman, Mortimer Felix Nole, of the West Duluth line; therefore be it

Resolved, that our charter be draped in mourning for thirty days, and he be held in remembrance as a worthy member who was ever ready to extend the hand of fraternity to his fellow-men.

Resolved, that we bury him at our expense and attend his funeral in a body, and that we aid the bereaved family by every means in our power.

Resolved, that we tender to the widow with her little ones our heartfelt sympathy in her great affliction, and commend her to Him who has promised to be a Father to the fatherless and the widow in God.

Resolved, that these resolutions be entered upon our records and furnished to the press of the city for publication.

DULUTH STREET RAILWAY EMPLOYEES' UNION.

Oct. 17, 1893.

A Good Piece of Work.

The excellent work done by the firemen connected with fire hall No. 6 at the recent fire in Asa J. Sprague's house at Lakeside deserves special mention. The fire was caused by the explosion of a kerosene lamp in a room filled with shavings and paint. The man who discovered it had to run half a mile to a fire alarm box. The firemen made the run of one and three-quarter miles in five minutes and confined the fire to the room in which it originated. This splendid piece of work has elicited many favorable comments by the Lakeside people.

Spirit Medium Mrs. England is not what she represents herself to be. I challenge her to public debate.

KENNETH MACDONALD.

Miss Marie Midsund, hair dresser and manicure, Masonic Temple.

Congressman Loren Fletcher, of Minneapolis, and daughter, Miss Fletcher, were at the Spalding last evening and this morning. He is looking up bridge matters.

H. L. Siler, formerly city ticket agent for the Omaha, and later connected with the city ticket office of the same road in St. Paul, has taken a position as book-keeper and assistant in the office of the Duluth Roller mills.

Sheriff Sharvy, Deputy Bates and Amos Shephard left today for Stillwater with three prisoners. John Sorkoski, sentenced for three years, William Arseno, two years, and Adolph Leroy, on the reformatory plan.

Deputy Iwan Hansen went to Fergus Falls today with John Lackwell, insane.

E. A. Gilbert and wife, of Denver, are visiting friends here. Mr. Gilbert was formerly a member of the firm of Cutler & Gilbert, of this city.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, ss.

LEASE COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHERNEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHERNEY & CO., doing business in the city of Toledo, Ohio, and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHERNEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed to my presence this 10th day of December, A. D. 1893.

Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHERNEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Prepared by Druggists, 75c.

PHILLIPS & CO.,

218 West Superior Street.

GENTLEMEN:

We are in a position to show you the best line of Men's \$3, \$4 and \$5 Shoes ever given to the public, having marked all our \$4, \$5 and \$6 Shoes down \$1 a pair. We are enabled to show more styles and better goods than any house at the Head of the Lakes.



We Have This Shoe in the

\$3 \$4 \$5 SHOES!

Misses' and Children's Shoes.

We carry the largest line and can save you fully 25 per cent.

PHILLIPS & CO.

Resolutions of Condolence.

Whereas, death for the first time has entered our midst and mustered out of the service our brother and fellow-workman, Mortimer Felix Nole, of the West Duluth line; therefore be it

Resolved, that our charter be draped in mourning for thirty days, and he be held in remembrance as a worthy member who was ever ready to extend the hand of fraternity to his fellow-men.

Resolved, that we bury him at our expense and attend his funeral in a body, and that we aid the bereaved family by every means in our power.

Resolved, that we tender to the widow with her little ones our heartfelt sympathy in her great affliction, and commend her to Him who has promised to be a Father to the fatherless and the widow in God.

Resolved, that these resolutions be entered upon our records and furnished to the press of the city for publication.

DULUTH STREET RAILWAY EMPLOYEES' UNION.

Oct. 17, 1893.

A Good Piece of Work.

The excellent work done by the firemen connected with fire hall No. 6 at the recent fire in Asa J. Sprague's house at Lakeside deserves special mention. The fire was caused by the explosion of a kerosene lamp in a room filled with shavings and paint. The man who discovered it had to run half a mile to a fire alarm box. The firemen made the run of one and three-quarter miles in five minutes and confined the fire to the room in which it originated. This splendid piece of work has elicited many favorable comments by the Lakeside people.

Spirit Medium Mrs. England is not what she represents herself to be. I challenge her to public debate.

KENNETH MACDONALD.

Miss Marie Midsund, hair dresser and manicure, Masonic Temple.

Congressman Loren Fletcher, of Minneapolis, and daughter, Miss Fletcher, were at the Spalding last evening and this morning. He is looking up bridge matters.

H. L. Siler, formerly city ticket agent for the Omaha, and later connected with the city ticket office of the same road in St. Paul, has taken a position as book-keeper and assistant in the office of the Duluth Roller mills.

Sheriff Sharvy, Deputy Bates and Amos Shephard left today for Stillwater with three prisoners. John Sorkoski, sentenced for three years, William Arseno, two years, and Adolph Leroy, on the reformatory plan.

Deputy Iwan Hansen went to Fergus Falls today with John Lackwell, insane.

E. A. Gilbert and wife, of Denver, are visiting friends here. Mr. Gilbert was formerly a member of the firm of Cutler & Gilbert, of this city.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, ss.

LEASE COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHERNEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHERNEY & CO., doing business in the city of Toledo, Ohio, and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHERNEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed to my presence this 10th day of December, A. D. 1893.

Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHERNEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Prepared by Druggists, 75c.

New Neckwear!

Our new line of Fall Neckwear is now complete, embracing as it does all the new things both as to shapes and styles, and also the new weaves and colorings in goods. The prevailing style for the coming winter will be the **Flowing End Four-in-Hand** and the **Made Up Tie** in the same style. They must be seen and examined to be correctly appreciated. No description of ours can do them justice. We would also remind you that now is the proper time to buy your supply of Fall and Winter Underwear and Hosiery, as lines and sizes are now complete. You will have a much larger line to select from now than later in the season and prices will hardly ever reach a lower point than now. Come in and look us over.

KILGORE & SIEWERT,

Under St. Louis Hotel.

Silberstein & Bondy

HALF PRICE ON ALL TRIMMINGS!
(Except Plain and Serpentine Braids)

We received by express today a lot of new Trimmings that we had not figured on, and we find that we have altogether too large a stock. There's only one way to move goods rapidly this season—put the knife in deep—so for the balance of this week you can buy anything in our stock of Fancy Trimmings (except Plain and Serpentine Braids) at exactly half price. All Fur Trimmings, all Feather Trimmings, all Gimps, all Passementerie, all Jet Trimmings, all Fancy Piece Ornaments, all go

At Just Half Price!

Silberstein & Bondy

RADIANT HOME
RANGES, STOVES, OVENS, ETC.
Best and Most Reliable Stoves in the Market.
A LARGE LINE NOW ON EXHIBITION IN THE STOVE ROOM OF THE
J. J. COSTELLO
HARDWARE COMPANY,
CALL AND SEE THEM. 22 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

PATRONIZE
Sullivan's
White Front
Barber Shop
215 West Superior St.
AND BE HAPPY.
Shaving, 10 Cents.
Eight Experienced Barbers.
Best Baths in the City
In Connection.

Who is it
pulls teeth
without
pain?
Dr. Schiffman,
In Wood-
bridge block.

Ask anybody,
Who is it
fills teeth
without
pain?
"THAT'S WHO!"
Ask Anybody.

DR. L. A. FAULKNER,
King of Specialists,
Is unsurpassed
in the treatment
of all
Chronic,
Private
and
Nervous
Diseases.
CONSULTATION FREE.
Office—Room 4, over 13 East Superior Street,
DULUTH, MINN.

TEMPLE THEATER.
Monday and Tuesday, Oct. 16-17.
Engagement Extraordinary of the
THOS. O. SEABROOKE
Opera Company and Ballet in the Effervescent Comic Opera, the
ISLE OF CHAMPAGNE
By Chas. A. Brown and Louis Harrison. The
entire New York Production intact.

200 Nights in New York.
200 Nights in Chicago.
200 Nights in Philadelphia.
200 Nights in London.
Two Carloads of Seamen.

I. FREIMUTH
PROPRIETOR.

For Tomorrow and Thursday.
Stylish and new Ladies' Jackets with large Columbian Cape, cheap at \$10.50; for two days only.....\$8.50
Ladies' Jackets with large Columbian Capes, with seal edging, a very stylish coat and a ready seller at \$12; for two days only.....\$9.50
Ladies' Columbian Cape Jackets, made of very good quality beaver cloth, lined with seal, 34 and 36 inches long, well worth \$15; price for two days only.....\$11.50
Ladies' Columbian Collar Jackets, made of fine Kersey cloth, very richly trimmed, regular price \$17.50; price for two days cut to.....\$14.50

Children's Cloaks.
The largest line of stylish Coats ever shown in Duluth to select from at lower prices than ever.

Millinery Dept.
New and Pretty Styles of Ladies' Hats
Constantly Added to Our Line.

TOMORROW AND THURSDAY.
Special sale of about 100 Ladies' Trimmed Hats, stylishly gotten up and worth from \$4 to \$5; for the two days at only.....\$3.00 each

Shoe Dept.
Children's Shoes—Special Drive.

See our Kid Dongola Children's Shoes with patent leather tip, sizes 6 to 8, cheap at \$1.25; now only.....95c
Sizes 8 1/2 to 11, cheap at \$1.65, price now only.....\$1.25
Sizes 1 1/2 to 2, cheap at \$2.00, price now only.....\$1.50
Ladies' hand turned Dongola Kid Shoes, patent leather tip, buttoned or laced, cheap at \$3.50; price now only.....\$2.65
100 pairs D. M. Hough & Co.'s hand made fine shoes, worth from \$4.50 to \$5, go this week at.....\$3.65
Laird, Schober & Mitchell's fine hand made shoes, always sold at \$6.00 and \$6.50; price now only.....\$5.00
See our new style shoes with large buttons at \$5.00, nothing can equal it at that price.

I. FREIMUTH
PROPRIETOR.

FREIMUTH'S

LOW PRICES

Are creating large trading this week. Our low prices and the large and superior stock make our store the trading center at the head of the lakes.

Tomorrow and Thursday's
Special features will be the low prices we shall be quoting on

Cloaks, Shoes

—AND—

Millinery.

Cloak Dept.



For Tomorrow and Thursday.

Stylish and new Ladies' Jackets with large Columbian Cape, cheap at \$10.50; for two days only.....\$8.50
Ladies' Jackets with large Columbian Capes, with seal edging, a very stylish coat and a ready seller at \$12; for two days only.....\$9.50
Ladies' Columbian Cape Jackets, made of very good quality beaver cloth, lined with seal, 34 and 36 inches long, well worth \$15; price for two days only.....\$11.50
Ladies' Columbian Collar Jackets, made of fine Kersey cloth, very richly trimmed, regular price \$17.50; price for two days cut to.....\$14.50

Children's Cloaks.

The largest line of stylish Coats ever shown in Duluth to select from at lower prices than ever.

Millinery Dept.

New and Pretty Styles of Ladies' Hats

Constantly Added to Our Line.

TOMORROW AND THURSDAY.

Special sale of about 100 Ladies' Trimmed

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

ELEVENTH WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1893.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

The BIG DULUTH
A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men.
ESTABLISHED 1881.
OPENED MONDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS.

NO DOUBT the tailor will make you an Overcoat that looks as well as ours. Ten times out of ten it won't have the style and fit of ours—only it will cost you double. But remember, ours are all ready and we adjust the price to meet the times, now so unusual. Hence \$5.00 and even \$10.00 are marked off the price of many lots from what they were made to sell for, \$15.00, \$18.00, \$20.00 and so on up. Some \$8.00, \$10.00 and \$12.00 even, that are worth double that.

Have You Seen

The extra long, very fashionable Single and Double-breasted Kerseys and Melton Winter Overcoats, Satin yoked, wool lined, that we're selling for \$20.00? They'll be a revelation to you.

Boys' Reefers are the go. We've got lots of them. Little Boys' for \$4.00; larger boys' sizes for \$5.00, \$6.00, \$8.00 and \$10.00.

Splendid styles in extra good fitting Men's Trousers, that surpass most made by bespoke tailors, \$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$8.00.

Underwear, Neckwear and Gloves—so complete that you'd think we kept nothing else.

OUR HOUSE AND LOT will be given away Christmas morning. Don't forget to get a Ticket with every purchase.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL

CLOTHIERS, HATTERS, FURNISHERS,

125 and 127 West Superior Street.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES, District Managers, Employers Liability, Elevator Accident, Workmen's Collective, Surety Bonds, Individual Accident
London Guarantee & Accident Co. (LIMITED), OF LONDON, ENG. ORGANIZED 1869.

VIGILANT! VALKYRIE!
VICTORIOUS. ANQUISHED.

A notable victory, but nothing in comparison to the victory the GARLAND HEATERS we are showing have over their competitors. Come in and buy one and help your neighbors celebrate.

SOLD BY
MARSHALL-WELLS
HARDWARE CO.
409-411 West Superior St.

Overcoats Made to Order for
\$30.00 & \$35.00

Fine Line of
MELTONS AND BEAVERS

To Select From at

J. S. LANE, MERCHANT TAILOR,
430 SPALDING HOUSE BLK

ADDRESS BY ECKELS

Feature of the Opening of the Bankers' Association was a Speech by Comptroller Eckels.

Complete Return to Financial Health Not Possible Until the Cause of Illness is Removed.

A Seathing Arrangement of the Silver Senators Who Block the Will of the People.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—One of the large recital rooms of Art Institute was filled nearly to overflowing this morning when W. H. Eckels, of Philadelphia, president of the American Bankers' association, called to order the nineteenth annual convention of the organization. The convention had previously been slated for June last but a postponement was found necessary as a result of the financial conditions at that time prevailing throughout the country. That these conditions have materially improved was made evident by the large attendance, and which was even considerably in excess of the world's congress of bankers held under the auspices of the World's Congress auxiliary some months ago.

Mayor Harrison welcomed the assembled bankers after prayer had been offered by Rev. Dr. Thomas, and response was made by President Eckels, who referred to the history of the organization and the fact that this was the first occasion when one of the regular meetings had been postponed on account of a financial crisis. His address was largely statistical, and among other things he gave a resume of the liabilities of banks that have suspended during the year up to the end of September as follows:



COMPTROLLER ECKELS.

New England, liabilities of institutions which had suspended, but some of which had since resumed, \$10,000,000; middle states, \$10,000,000; Central Atlantic states, \$31,000,000; Western states, \$50,000,000; Southern states, \$20,000,000; Southwestern states, \$20,000,000; Pacific states, \$25,000,000, making an aggregate of about \$180,000,000. He attributed the panic to the silver purchase clause of the Bland-Allison law exclusively, and on the consequent shock to the confidence of European investors in American securities. He closed his remarks with a glowing tribute to President Cleveland for the noble stand he had taken for a sound currency.

After the roll had been called by the secretary brief reports were submitted from the active council and the field statement of the organization was also read. Hon. James H. Eckels, comptroller of the currency, the chief guest, presented with a few words of eulogy to the president, and when the youthful looking comptroller appeared upon the platform he was greeted with a round of applause. He said:

"Doubts have arisen in my own mind as to the propriety of one who is not a practical banker undertaking to submit before an assemblage of experienced men questions bearing upon the conduct and operation of banks. And yet because of the official position which happens to be mine, it is not inappropriate that I should be here, if for no other reason than to form your personal acquaintances. Nor is it impossible, but, from the vantage ground of having under the law the supervision of a system of banking which embraces within its fold almost 4000 national banks, capitalized to the extent of hundreds of millions of dollars and having within their keeping more than three billions of the people's money, I might utter something of benefit gathered from an experience, brief as it is in space of time, but at least been 'big with events' in the history of American banking."

"It is no exaggeration of statement to say that the happenings of the months past from May to September must be accounted the most remarkable in every phase of financial bearing ever experienced by the American people. Heretofore, in our financial distresses, the test of solvency has always been applied to store and factory, to great industrial enterprises and railway corporations; but within the period of these months an afflicted people, fearful of the result and effects of financial system, vitiated by ill-advised and ill-considered legislation, because for the first time doubt of the distinctively financial institutions of the country, the banks, and as a consequence a steady drain upon deposits was begun until within the period of two months from May 4 to July 12, from national banks alone had been drawn out more than \$100,000,000 and from state, savings and private ones a sum as great, not for the purpose of trade or investment, but to lie in wasteful idleness, thus rendering the solvent institutions helpless and a complete currency starvation in the midst of absolute plenty."

"These months witnessed the closing

of more than 150 national banks and not less than 500 state, savings and private ones, many of which under ordinary circumstances would have been solvent and under fostering care and improved conditions have reopened their doors for business again to enjoy the confidence of the very ones most doubtful of them.

"Today so greatly has the situation changed that, having in mind the past, both in the severity of the strain undergone and the long continuance of it, it would be, in the light of the present condition, both unfair and unjust to deny that the bankers of this country have exhibited masterful skill in coping with a situation rendered complex beyond anything heretofore known by the withdrawals of currency by depositors on the one hand and the pleadings for assistance on the part of the merchant and manufacturer on the other. The course pursued has caused no depositor to complain, while the generous treatment of mercantile interests in extension of credit and renewal of paper has prevented a panic in other directions, the far-reaching effect of which cannot be estimated."

"But while boasting of this new evidence of the ability of our people to withstand the severest of financial ailments, instead of to count too much upon the progress made toward recovery and the recuperative powers shown. Complete return to financial health cannot be had so long as the first great cause which covered all the land with doubt and uncertainty and filled the people's mind with fear as to the stability of our financial institutions yet remains to plague the lines of business, create distrust at home and abroad as to the soundness of American securities, and bring to naught the efforts of those, who in the midst of present disaster and threatened ruin yet maintained a faith of better times."

"Until our financial laws accord with those that govern the world's trade, our currency takes on a uniformity and security which is a blessing and a source of wealth, instead of a curse and the cause of financial panic and ultimate poverty, we cannot but expect at stated periods the return of conditions such as have and do still threaten us."

"But it is said that in bringing about a different and other set of financial laws the banking interests must hold aloof. It is a striking illustration of the extent to which unreasoning passion and prejudice have crept into our politics that in the present emergency which confronts the country, bankers are compelled to hesitate as to the advisability, from the standpoint of prudence, of actively urging repeal of the measure which stands confessed as the source in the largest degree of past disasters and a dire menace to future prosperity. Surely the banking interests of the country are vast enough and of sufficient import to warrant a respectful hearing and careful consideration without arousing either the passions or prejudices of any fair-minded class of the republic. It may be that bankers are selfish, but not more so than any other class of men. Surely not more so than the silver interests, which today inveigh the most loudly against the measure, and which, if they are not selfish, are at least unworthy of the trust which the people have placed in them. And yet, with selfish indifference to the public good, not only blocking the wheels of legislation at Washington, but unkindly of the voice of the people and of the press are making the fundamental principle of our government the right of the minority to control, a hindering and byword that their own selfish purposes may find fruition in legislative enactment that will compel the government to support the special patron of their special project."

"But what shall we learn from all this season of disaster? It was yesterday that a distinguished citizen of the republic gave utterance to the statement that the disasters, through which our people have just passed, costly as they have been, have not been too dearly purchased, if from them there should be gathered sufficient wisdom to avoid in the future the error which has brought them upon us. The bankers of the country ought to gather some lessons from all this. I am sure some were not as strong to withstand the temptation to yield as they would have been, had they kept in mind in times of great prosperity the necessity of doing so to be prepared for times of financial stringency."

"Competition for business is carried to the danger point by many and the desire to secure a large business has led to the taking of risks not consistent with prudent methods. Not less a source of weakness has been the fact that to too large an extent has been carried the paper of those engaged in purely speculative enterprises, the value of which, at the best, is largely fictitious and in times of great depression is worthless, and when this is coupled the further fact that there is too little tendency on the part of banks to distribute their loans, and the great desire to place them with large corporations, the reason is not wanting for many suspensions and not a few failures."

"It is a source of constant complaint on the part of the national banks that it is unreasonable to hamper them by limiting their loans to 10 per cent of their capital stock, but the events of the past month have demonstrated the wisdom of that provision and makes more strong the belief that a more strict adherence to it would make the banks stronger instead of weaker, when threatened by financial panic. No section of the law is so frequently violated, and in none is there so great a safety for credit banking. In conclusion, Mr. President, let me say that the greatest safeguard to the banking interests must always rest in the wisdom, the high character, the absolute integrity of those who manage and conduct these institutions whether they be national, state or private. The bankers of the law must look to them for constant aid, and if mindful of the law and regardless of their duties toward those who have placed faith in their probity there need be little fear of dangerous banking or dishonest dealings."

Koetting in Milwaukee.
MILWAUKEE, Oct. 18.—John B. Koetting, the slippery ex-cashier of the South Side Savings bank, arrived back in Milwaukee last night from Mexico. Koetting was taken directly to the jail and locked up. He was tired out with the journey and not inclined to talk.

REBEL STEAMER SUNK

While Attempting to Run Out of the Bay of Rio, a Rebel Vessel Was Sunk.

Many Persons on Board Were Killed and Many Wounded by the Fire From the Fort.

Another Rebel Steamer Was Seriously Crippled, and Admiral Mello's Fleet is in Bad Shape.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—The World's Buenos Ayres special says: The rebel steamer Urano made an attempt Sunday to make the run out of the bay of Rio. The guns of Fort Santa Cruz fired on the steamer and did such good execution that the vessel was sunk in a surprisingly short time. Many persons on board the Urano were killed outright by the fire from the fort and a large number were wounded. Nearly all of the wounded were drowned when the steamer went down.

The French steamer Orenque picked up all of those who succeeded in keeping afloat after the Urano had disappeared. After the rebel steamer Pallas, laden with provisions, tried to enter the bay she was fired on by the guns of Fort Santa Cruz, and her reception was so hot that she had to put about and give up the attempt to enter. She was badly crippled and came near sharing the fate of the Urano.

The government has organized a fleet of six ironclads and is purchasing more vessels as fast as they can be obtained. The rebel ships Aquidaban and Trajano have suffered grave injuries in the last few days from the shots landed aboard them by the forts. The Trajano is so disabled as to be useless for the present.

ONLY THREE SURVIVORS.
Wreck of a Vessel at Sea and Only Three Men Escaped.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—The Herald's Savannah, Ga., special says: The bark Arab, from Point Natal, arrived yesterday and reports picking up three sailors from the wreck of the bark Ellen Isabelle, from Mobile, Sept. 25, for La Plata with lumber, which was floating 10 miles west by north of Point Canale.

The vessel had been in a storm three days before and had capsized and everyone was lost except the three rescued sailors. They were lashed to a piece of the mizenmast which still hung to the vessel.

They were without food or water for two days and three nights and more dead than alive when taken off the wreck. One of the survivors was in a fearful physical condition. The other two have recovered from their exposure and are all right.

THEY COLORED THEIR REPORTS.
A Censorship Placed Upon the Dispatches from Melilla.

MADRID, Oct. 18.—A few days after the attack by the Riffs upon the Spanish garrison at Melilla, a large number of newspaper reporters started for that place. Some of the reports sent to the newspapers outside of Spain were colored to suit the political opinions of the papers to which they were sent. The editors tended to make a political question out of what Spain held to be a gross outrage upon her flag that demanded immediate reparation.

In consequence of this fact, and for no other reason, a censorship has been established at Melilla upon all telegraphic dispatches sent from there. The communication is difficult and slow. Owing to these facts reporters are leaving Melilla. It is therefore likely that all the telegraphic reports hereafter received from there will be with the stamp of the government approval.

WILL EASE THE STRINGENCY.
The Cherokee Bonds Have Been Sold at a Good Figure.

FORT GIBSON, I. T., Oct. 18.—The \$600,000 of Cherokee strip bonds are sold. The Cherokee delegation signed the agreement Monday night with representatives of an English syndicate. The bonds sold for par and \$5,000 interest. The buyers are to deposit with the assistant treasurer at St. Louis within ten days \$100,000, the balance to be paid as soon as the securities are engaged and turned over.

This sale is a surprise to all, as the chief had openly said that no bid would be considered until the legislature convened. The sale will relieve the great stringency which has existed since the merchants began trading on the strength of the proposed sale.

Battle With Bandits.
TUCSON, ARIZ., Oct. 18.—News arrived here yesterday of a pitched battle on the Mexican border, just over the line, in the Mexican state of Sonora, between Gen. Garmes and a band of ten bandits under Pancho Rivera. One of the bandits was killed and two of the soldiers wounded. This is the same gang that successfully held up an express train and killed the conductor at Agua Sarce, Sonora, two years ago.

A Girl Assaulted.
FINDLAY, O., Oct. 18.—Lizzie Kautz, the 13-year-old daughter of George Kautz, a prominent resident of the North Side, was waylaid last evening and assaulted. Parties of men are now searching for the criminal and when found they will undoubtedly be another lynching.

Married to a Judge.
PINE BLUFF, Ark., Oct. 18.—Miss Emma Clayton, daughter of the late John M. Clayton, and niece of ex-United States Senator Powell Clayton, was married in this city yesterday to County Judge W. L. Jones.

HERE IS A FUNNY THING.
The United States Acting Consul at Amoy is a Chinaman.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—The information given by Capt. Johnson of the Pacific mail steamship City of New York, which has just arrived in San Francisco, that the United States consul and vice consul at Amoy are not at that post, and that a Chinese subject is acting as consul, is verified at the state department. J. Hampton Hoge, of Virginia, was appointed consul at Amoy on May 10 last, and when the incumbent of the office, Dr. Edward Redloe, of Philadelphia, received notice that Mr. Hoge would relieve him he waited a reasonable time and then returned to the United States. The vice consul also came home, leaving Tsin Chin Chung, the duly appointed interpreter of the consulate, who is regularly borne on the state department pay rolls at a salary of \$1000 a year, in charge of the consulate.

For some reason Mr. Hoge allowed the thirty days given him to depart for his post to slip by without showing any intention to sail for Amoy. Then he applied for and received an extension of this time and the last heard from him at the state department was that he would leave his home in Virginia for Amoy on Oct. 6. Meanwhile, Tsin Chin Chung, as ranking consular officer, he's forth there as the representative of the United States.

THEY DIG FOR GOLD.
In the West a New Condition Has Been Brought About.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 18.—The closing in the price of silver and the forced closing down of many silver mines has to a certain extent worked a new condition in mining in the West. Mining men and prospectors have turned their attention to gold mining with wonderful results in reopening old camps and the discovery of new ones throughout the state.

The richest discoveries have been made in the region around and above Idaho Springs and Cripple Creek. In the former the Pioneer, Melton and Gold King, the latter an extension of the famous Alice, have shown a vein of 300 feet, and without side, foot or hanging walls, so great is the body of ore. At Cripple Creek the Anaconda, Victor and a dozen others are causing much excitement.

The Rio Grande is preparing to build a line of road into the camp. The number of people headed for these gold fields is a reminder of the old excitement of Pike's Peak years ago.

ALL ON BOARD SAVED.
The French Liner Marseilles Was Lost At Sea.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 18.—The steamship Marseilles, belonging to the French Commercial line and bound from Antwerp for New Orleans, is reported lost at sea by the Elder Dempster line steamer Merrimac which arrived here yesterday.

The Merrimac also reports that the steamship Palnos, also of the Elder Dempster fleet, rescued the entire crew and most of the passengers carried by the Marseilles. The Palnos is due to arrive in New Orleans today.

The Marseilles was a four-masted iron screw steamer 3147 tons gross and 2730 net register. She was built in 1883 in Havre and was fitted with compound engines of four hundred nominal horse power. The Marseilles carried a crew of about fifty and a number of passengers.

BALDWIN'S CUSTOMS BILL.
He Wants to Add More Territory to the Duluth District.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—[Special to The Herald.]—Representative Baldwin has about decided to offer an amendment to his bill establishing the boundary of the customs district of Duluth, providing that more territory be taken from the St. Paul customs district than is provided for in the present bill. He said today he believed it was only fair to the Duluth district that the additional territory he has about decided to have put in the bill be added.

SUICIDE AT BIWABIK.
Charles Taggart, a Mill Hand, Shot Himself Through the Heart.

BIWABIK, Oct. 18.—[Special to The Herald.]—Charles Taggart, an employee at the Mill mill, committed suicide last evening by shooting himself through the heart.

He is thought to have been insane through despondency over sickness. His mother lives at Elba, Mich.

Highbinders Arrested.
SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 18.—Hundreds of Highbinders have been pouring into Chinatown lately with the intention of remaining there for the winter. Last night sixty-eight were arrested charged with vagrancy, but it is stated that the arrests have a greater significance. Certain parties have been co-operating with the police to have them arrested for the purpose of properly identifying them, with a view to their deportation, and warrants from the federal courts will be served upon them to that end.

Will Speak in Iowa.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Representative J. C. Burrows, of Michigan, expects to leave Washington this week to visit his family at Kalamazoo and take a glance at the fair as well. Next week he will speak in Iowa and the week after in Ohio, returning to Washington the 5th of November.

The Cherokee Charges.
INDEPENDENCE, Kan., Oct. 18.—The United States grand jury will convene at Perry, O. T., on the first Tuesday in December and at Empid, Oct. 30, for the purpose of investigating the charges made against both officers and land officers during the opening of the strip.

Cut Her Throat.
NEVADA, Mo., Oct. 18.—Fronia Williams, aged 17, daughter of the richest man at Metz, took a large dose of land-anise and then cut her throat with a butcher knife Monday night, her father having objected to her proposed marriage.

Panton & Watson

GLASS BLOCK STORE,

DULUTH, MINN.

GIGANTIC OFFERINGS

—FOR—

Thursday,
Friday,
AND
Saturday.

FREE!

Every customer buying a Ladies' Fur Trimmed Jacket or Cape during those THREE DAYS will be presented with a Fur Muff to match the fur on the garment sold.

Lace Curtains.

We have 25 pairs Irish Guipure Curtains that will be offered for those THREE DAYS at... **\$2.75**
Worth \$3.00.

Corset Department.

We have just received another case of those fine Costel Corsets, worth \$1.00 per pair. SALE PRICE... **50c**

Embroideries.

We have still a quantity of those manufacturers Remnants that we are offering at less than Half Price. SALE PRICE—
5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 35 and 50c.
Worth Double.

Gent's Furnishings.

10c Per Pair, That's the Price.
1 case Gent's Wool Hose, worth 25c, for... **10c**
PER PAIR.

Glove Department.

We want to show you who has the Glove Stock in the city.

SPECIALS

In Our Glove Department for THREE DAYS.

5c. Children's Mitts, 5c.

300 dozen Children's Wool Mitts less than Half Price... **5c**
PER PAIR.

Have you seen the Kid Lacing Gloves at... **89c**

Have you seen the Real Kid and Button Gloves at... **\$1.25**

Have you seen our French Kid 5-Hook Lacing Glove at... **\$1.50**

Nothing like it in the city for the money.

Druggist's Sundries.

5 gross Witch Hazel Pint Bottles. SALE PRICE... **29c**

FREE!

To every body purchasing 25c worth or over in our Jewelry Department during those THREE DAYS, we will present him or her with an English Violet Coat Pin.

Millinery Department.

Have you seen those Trimmed Hats we are offering at \$1.95, 95c, \$3.50, \$4.50. They beat the world for value; all new styles here.

Panton & Watson

THE DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

PUBLISHED BY THE
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.
Business and editorial rooms in The Herald
building, 220 West Superior street. Telephone
24, three times.
Eastern Office—100 World Building, New York.
A. R. Story, Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
Daily, per year..... \$7.00
Daily, per three months..... 2.00
Daily, per month..... .50
Weekly, per year..... 1.50

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH.
Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as
second class matter.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, MINN.,
Oct. 18.—The entire country is covered by an
area of high barometer with two centers, one
over the middle Atlantic states, and the other
over Montana and Wyoming. A slight dip
in the low area which was central over South Da-
kota yesterday morning, and which has been
filled up as was expected. This depression is
north of Minnesota where the reading is 30.1
inch.

The temperature has changed very slightly
except along Lake Superior where it was cooler
yesterday, but has risen to its normal
height this morning. The warmest place is St.
Louis, 54; the coldest 20 in the far North-
west.

With the exception of light showers over Mon-
tana and the Dakotas there has been no rain
since yesterday, and the present conditions are
not favorable for any rain. The warmest place is
St. Louis, 54; the coldest 20 in the far North-
west.

Del. Oct. 18.—Local Forecast till 8 p. m.
tomorrow: Continued fair, slight change
in temperature; light northeast and east wind,
becoming variable.

B. H. Brownson,
Local Forecast Official.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Forecast till 8 p. m.
tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Fair except cloudy
and threatening in extreme northern portion;
light variable winds. For Minnesota: Fair,
receding in northern portion by showers
today or tonight; warmer Thursday; westerly
winds becoming variable.

THE HERALD IN Chicago.

The 5 o'clock Edition is on sale early the fol-
lowing morning in Chicago at the
Palmer House News Stand,
Auditorium Hotel News Stand,
W. B. Sizer's Bookstore, 189 State St.,
Chas. McDonald's News Stand, 55 Washing-
ton St.

AND ON THE
World's Fair Grounds at the Columbian News
& Novelty Co. News Stands.

Senator Hill to the Front.

David B. Hill has been a much abused
man. Almost every political crime or
the calendar has been charged against
him, and perhaps many of the charges
are well founded. It has been the cus-
tom to depict him as a scheming politi-
cian, who cared nothing for principle so
long as the political machine was able
to perform its work successfully. Perhaps
Mr. Hill has been unjustly condemned
on many occasions. His action in the
senate yesterday certainly was of a char-
acter that will command public ap-
proval.

It may be that his keen political in-
stincts sees that if he would attain popu-
larity the opportunity is presented in the
present crisis on the Chicago question. In
the senate by getting on the side of un-
conditional repeal and making a
strong fight for what the people
demand. Whatever be the cause
of his action, however, Mr.
Hill is entitled to praise for the deter-
mined stand that he took in the senate
yesterday on the question of counting a
quorum. He insisted very properly that
the chair should have the right to count
the senators present and not voting, in
order to establish a quorum.

The exercise of this right would strike
at the very foundation of the filibustering
tactics of the silver minority. It would
remove one of the chief forces by which
the minority senators are enabled to kill
time and delay a vote on the repeal of
the Sherman law, and Mr. Hill's speech
in which he lashed Messrs. Morgan,
Gray and other Democratic senators for
opposing the right of the chair to count
a quorum when a quorum is actually
present will be applauded by the entire
country.

Word also comes from Washington
that there is a rumor that Mr. Hill may
be called to the chair by Vice President
Stevenson, who has no himself the
necessary backbone to force a vote on
repeal, and that Mr. Hill will thus be
given an opportunity to bring the filib-
busters up with a round turn. There is
no question about David B. Hill's
backbone. There is no weakness in his
constitution, and if he be determined,
while acting president of the senate, to
have a vote on the repeal bill, he would
have it, despite the protests of the filib-
busters.

By all means, let the vice president
abdicate the chair temporarily in favor
of Mr. Hill, and then let Mr. Voorhes
screw up his courage to the sticking
point and ask that the question be put.
There would be no doubt about Mr.
Hill's action, and unconditional repeal
would carry the day in quick order.

A Man of Greatness.

The death of Marshal McMahon,
which occurred in Paris yesterday de-
serves more than the passing notice
which The Herald was able to give it
yesterday. It marked the close of one
of the most brilliant careers in modern
French history. Both in war and in
peace he was a great man. None braver
than he upon the battlefield, there was
no one who filled the president's chair
who displayed better statesmanship in
building up a strong republic that would
endure.

As his name would indicate, Marshal
McMahon was descended from an Irish
family, which took refuge in France
after the fall of the Stuarts, entered in
1825 the military school of St. Cyr,
served in Algeria and was present at the
siege of Antwerp. He received com-
mand of a regiment in 1845 and became

brigadier general in 1848, during his
campaigns in Africa. In 1852 he was re-
called in order to assume command of a
division in the Crimean war, where he
distinguished himself in the storming of
Malakof in such a manner that he was
created senator.

In 1859 he made himself famous in the
campaign against Austria, preventing
the defeat of Napoleon and winning the
brilliant victory of Magenta. For this
he was created marshal on the battle-
field by Napoleon, and given the title of
duke of Magenta. In 1864 he became
governor general of Algeria. At the be-
ginning of the war against Germany in
1870 the marshal received command of
the First corps. In spite of his brilliant
valor he was defeated at Weissburg by
Crown Prince Frederick and later at
Worth, where his army was routed. The
remnants he gathered at Châlons, which
he held until the defeat of Napo-
leon at Metz. With the emperor's
forces he was driven by the Germans to-
ward Brussels, and at Sedan the French
army was defeated and taken prisoner.

After the conclusion of peace he was
intrusted by President Thiers with the
reorganization and command of the
army. Having put down the revolution
of 1871, he was elected president in 1873.
His government was a strong one, aim-
ing at the rebuilding of French power.
He resigned in 1879, and has since lived
in retirement. The French government
has tendered his family a public funeral,
and the offer will no doubt be accepted.
It is fitting that the nation itself should
pay the highest tribute of respect in its
power to one who did so much in its be-
half.

Obstructing Navigation.

After two days' labor, the News Trib-
une this morning brought forth the fol-
lowing:
"The Herald wants to know what is
the authority of this paper for its asser-
tion that the Lake Carriers' association's
interest in the bridge matter is only to
see that navigation is not obstructed.
Here it is: Common sense. What does
the Lake Carriers' association care
whether John Smith or John Jones builds
the bridge? What possible interest can
vessels who are not residents of Du-
luth or Superior and have no pecuniary
holdings in a bridge company have in
the bridge matter further than to see
that navigation is not obstructed?"

This is the weakest, flimsiest and most
inadequate reply to The Herald's article
of Monday that could possibly be con-
ceived. When The Herald produced
proof of the most substantial character
that the Lake Carriers' association is
opposed to any bridge between Rice's
and Connor's Points, that does not pro-
vide for all forms of traffic, including
steam railways, and when it asked what
authority the News Tribune had for its
contrary assertion, the latter feebly re-
plies, after searching nearly two days
and finding no authority: "Here it is;
common sense."

If the condition of the News Tribune
on this question were not so pitifully
laughable, the answer that it makes would
be laughable.

The Herald never said that the Lake
Carriers' association cared whether John
Smith or John Jones builds the bridge.
But The Herald did say, and it now re-
pudiates the assertion, without fear of
successful contradiction, that the associa-
tion is unalterably opposed to John Smith
or John Jones or anybody else building a
bridge here now that does not provide
for steam railways, because it knows
well that there will be a demand in the
near future for a railroad bridge between
the two points in question, and that two
bridges would increase the obstruction
of navigation more than would one.

It is the interest of the vesselmen sec-
ing that navigation is not obstructed
that prompts them to oppose a multipli-
city of bridges, and they are therefore
resolved that any bridge built now shall
provide for steam railways so that the
necessity of building another will not
exist. The recent meeting of Duluth
citizens at the chamber of commerce
rooms showed a preponderance of com-
merce sentiment in favor of such a combina-
tion bridge.

The Chicago Post says: "It is esti-
mated that between \$750,000 and \$1,000,-
000 a day was spent in Chicago last week
by World's fair visitors. The banks are
running over with money and some of
them are actually cramped for room to
store it. It might have been thus all
summer if the railroads had come to
their senses earlier." Is it any wonder
that money is scarce in other portions of
the country? When the fair closes it
may be different in Chicago.

A Washington dispatch today says
that the president authorizes the an-
nouncement that he will not go to Tren-
ton tomorrow nor will he leave Wash-
ington for any purpose until the impor-
tant public questions which congress was
called in extra session to adjust are in
better shape than at present. Evidently
President Cleveland intends to continue
the fight, if it takes all winter. The peo-
ple are with him.

Various enthusiastic Irishmen residing
in Duluth who are exhibiting certificates
that they kissed the Blarney stone in the
Irish village at Chicago will be pained
to learn that the owner of Blarney castle
has made affidavit that the aforesaid
stone is a fraud.

Emma Goldman, who has just been
sentenced to one year in prison, com-
plains that she was prosecuted simply

because she was an anarchist. Of course
she was, and if she has any sense left she
will cease to be an anarchist and become
a law abiding woman.

The president of Guatemala, who has
just proclaimed himself dictator, is Jose
M. Barrios. He is a nephew of the
President Barrios who attempted a dic-
tatorship and the unification of Central
America by conquest and who was killed
in battle in 1885. It would naturally be
supposed that the fate of his uncle would
have been a sufficient warning of the
dangerous character of dictatorships.

A St. Paul paper yesterday had a
"special" from Grand Marais, dated
Oct. 16. By what "special" route did it
come, as there is no telegraphic com-
munication with Grand Marais?

Sir Charles Tupper claims that Cana-
da got the best of the bargain in the
Herring sale arbitration, but so far he has
not been able to convince many Canadians
that he is right.

A Curious Sentiment.
Womankind: There is no bliss like
the bliss of motherhood, but even bliss-
ings grow stale with monotony.

Jealous of Our Weather.
Mankato Free Press: Shivering from
the winter like breezes of Lake Superior,
The Duluth Herald says that some peo-
ple have an idea that Siberia is nothing
but a bleak, barren waste, but that it isn't.
Does The Herald mean by this to put
Duluth and Siberia on a par with one
another?

Duluth All Right.
St. Paul News: A mass meeting of
citizens in St. Paul yesterday passed
strong resolutions urging the senate to
pass the unconditional repeal bill imme-
diately. Duluth is all right.

A Wrong System.
Chicago Post: The arrest of those two
physicians in Worcester, Mass., for con-
spiracy to confine a sane man in a lunatic
asylum brings up again the dreadful
probability that the machinations of the
country contain thousands of men and
women who have never been mad—un-
happy victims of the greed, lust and
maliciousness of relatives. The system
of commitment of the insane is lax and
altogether wrong.

Senatorial Strong Points.
Louisville Courier Journal: The plain
old gentleman whom the Democrats of
Illinois sent to the United States senate
is astonished to find that the body to
which he came with such exalted views
of its "dignity and authority" can do
nothing except through a test of mere
brute endurance. Statesmanship in the
senate, he has discovered, is simply a
matter of one side's ability to starve the
other side out. But the old soldier
should not be so greatly surprised after
all. He does not need his spectacles to
see that the strong points of Rice's and
Connor's Points, that does not pro-
vide for all forms of traffic, including
steam railways, and when it asked what
authority the News Tribune had for its
contrary assertion, the latter feebly re-
plies, after searching nearly two days
and finding no authority: "Here it is;
common sense."

If the condition of the News Tribune
on this question were not so pitifully
laughable, the answer that it makes would
be laughable.

The Herald never said that the Lake
Carriers' association cared whether John
Smith or John Jones builds the bridge.
But The Herald did say, and it now re-
pudiates the assertion, without fear of
successful contradiction, that the associa-
tion is unalterably opposed to John Smith
or John Jones or anybody else building a
bridge here now that does not provide
for steam railways, because it knows
well that there will be a demand in the
near future for a railroad bridge between
the two points in question, and that two
bridges would increase the obstruction
of navigation more than would one.

It is the interest of the vesselmen sec-
ing that navigation is not obstructed
that prompts them to oppose a multipli-
city of bridges, and they are therefore
resolved that any bridge built now shall
provide for steam railways so that the
necessity of building another will not
exist. The recent meeting of Duluth
citizens at the chamber of commerce
rooms showed a preponderance of com-
merce sentiment in favor of such a combina-
tion bridge.

The Chicago Post says: "It is esti-
mated that between \$750,000 and \$1,000,-
000 a day was spent in Chicago last week
by World's fair visitors. The banks are
running over with money and some of
them are actually cramped for room to
store it. It might have been thus all
summer if the railroads had come to
their senses earlier." Is it any wonder
that money is scarce in other portions of
the country? When the fair closes it
may be different in Chicago.

A Washington dispatch today says
that the president authorizes the an-
nouncement that he will not go to Tren-
ton tomorrow nor will he leave Wash-
ington for any purpose until the impor-
tant public questions which congress was
called in extra session to adjust are in
better shape than at present. Evidently
President Cleveland intends to continue
the fight, if it takes all winter. The peo-
ple are with him.

Various enthusiastic Irishmen residing
in Duluth who are exhibiting certificates
that they kissed the Blarney stone in the
Irish village at Chicago will be pained
to learn that the owner of Blarney castle
has made affidavit that the aforesaid
stone is a fraud.

Emma Goldman, who has just been
sentenced to one year in prison, com-
plains that she was prosecuted simply

because she was an anarchist. Of course
she was, and if she has any sense left she
will cease to be an anarchist and become
a law abiding woman.

The president of Guatemala, who has
just proclaimed himself dictator, is Jose
M. Barrios. He is a nephew of the
President Barrios who attempted a dic-
tatorship and the unification of Central
America by conquest and who was killed
in battle in 1885. It would naturally be
supposed that the fate of his uncle would
have been a sufficient warning of the
dangerous character of dictatorships.

A St. Paul paper yesterday had a
"special" from Grand Marais, dated
Oct. 16. By what "special" route did it
come, as there is no telegraphic com-
munication with Grand Marais?

Sir Charles Tupper claims that Cana-
da got the best of the bargain in the
Herring sale arbitration, but so far he has
not been able to convince many Canadians
that he is right.

A Curious Sentiment.
Womankind: There is no bliss like
the bliss of motherhood, but even bliss-
ings grow stale with monotony.

Jealous of Our Weather.
Mankato Free Press: Shivering from
the winter like breezes of Lake Superior,
The Duluth Herald says that some peo-
ple have an idea that Siberia is nothing
but a bleak, barren waste, but that it isn't.
Does The Herald mean by this to put
Duluth and Siberia on a par with one
another?

Duluth All Right.
St. Paul News: A mass meeting of
citizens in St. Paul yesterday passed
strong resolutions urging the senate to
pass the unconditional repeal bill imme-
diately. Duluth is all right.

A Wrong System.
Chicago Post: The arrest of those two
physicians in Worcester, Mass., for con-
spiracy to confine a sane man in a lunatic
asylum brings up again the dreadful
probability that the machinations of the
country contain thousands of men and
women who have never been mad—un-
happy victims of the greed, lust and
maliciousness of relatives. The system
of commitment of the insane is lax and
altogether wrong.

**ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
OF THE
NORTHERN LAND-LOAN
COMPANY.**

In order to become a corporation under and
by virtue of the laws of the state of Minn-
nesota, as provided under chapter 34, title 2, of the
General Statutes of the state of Minnesota, and
all acts amendatory thereof and supplemental
thereto, the undersigned have adopted and
executed the following articles of incorpora-
tion:

ARTICLE 1.
The name of this corporation shall be North-
ern Land-Loan Company, and its principal
place of business shall be in the city of Duluth,
state of Minnesota.

ARTICLE 2.
The general nature of its business, and object
shall be to buy, lease, improve, develop, col-
lect and dealing in lands, tenements, and
improvements, and loaning money for the use
of its stockholders or others upon bonds, promissory
notes or other securities, and to acquire, hold,
sell, hypothecate, assign, transfer, and convey
real and personal property, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the
objects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplishment
of the objects and purposes of this corporation,
and to do all such other acts and things as may
be necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of this cor-
poration, and to do all such other acts and
things as may be necessary or convenient for
the accomplishment of the objects and pur-
poses of this corporation, and to do all such
other acts and things as may be necessary or
convenient for the accomplishment of the ob-
jects and purposes of this corporation, and to
do all such other acts and things as may be
necessary or convenient for the accomplish-
ment of the objects and purposes of

The Great Eastern

Largest Clothing House in the West.
Pioneers of Low Prices.

"Tailor-Made"

Is not a mere advertising phrase with us, but stands for an actual condition.

Men's Clothing Department

The Tailor Out-tailored in perfection of work in our this season's Suits and Overcoats.

\$10 to \$25.

The fashionable length of M. S. Burrows & Co.'s garments is causing quite a sensation among fastidious dressers.

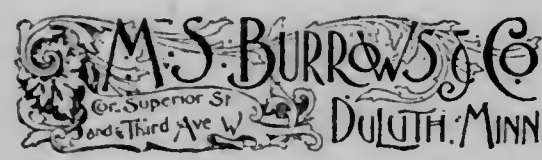
It's so much pleasanter to be fitted without delay while your mind is on the subject of clothes than to be measured and take chances, and only about two-thirds the wear and tear on the pocket book.

(Clothing, Hats, Shoes, Furnishings)

Store Open Monday and Saturday Evenings the Year Round.

Come and Get A Ticket

With every purchase in any department. We give a ticket entitling you to a chance to secure the valuable House and Lot to be given away by us Free, without any consideration, during the Christmas holidays.



COL. EMERSON'S SIDE.

His Attorney Says He Has Concealed Nothing From the Receiver.

In reference to the petition of Receiver Silvey of the Spalding to have Mr. Emerson produce his books, Col. Harris, the latter's attorney, said this morning: "Mr. Emerson has from the first of his financial difficulties courted the fullest investigation. He stated his position at the outset to his creditors and a committee of them went over the books and reported in favor of the compromise proposition which he submitted. A few held out reasons best known to themselves but nearly all foreign creditors accepted. Mr. Emerson had been advised before I became his attorney that the receiver had no authority to inspect the books going back to the time the hotel was opened. He has turned over the books covering all the transactions for the past two or three years and it is absolutely untrue that he has concealed any property or books. He is willing and anxious to show any creditor every book connected with the running of the hotel."

It is whispered that there may be some sensational developments in the case within a short time.

Providence News: Miss MacCorkle interprets pathetic and humorous readings with equal power. The art of whistling, as presented in her two numbers, was a revelation to those who have hitherto been skeptical as to the merits of this kind of musical attainment.

Dr. J. G. Harris is in Chicago attending the first international congress of veterinary surgeons and the thirtieth annual of the United States. Prominent vets are there from nearly every civilized country. His practice is being looked after by his father, Dr. James Harris, of Moosomin, N. W. T.

DR. PRICE'S

Cream Baking Powder

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alkali.
Sold in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

ANY FLIES AT TOWER?

The Question of the Season for the Pesky Insects Arises in District Court Today.

Marshall Field & Co. Seek to Recover Goods and Claim False Representations Were Made.

McMurtin & Co. Claim There Are Evidences That the Goods Were in Stock Last Summer.

Judge Lewis is holding court alone today. This morning he was engaged in the trial of Marshall Field et al against Charles McNamara, assignee of McMurtin & Co., who did business at Tower. Plaintiffs claim that defendants obtained goods on false representations as to their credit and they replevined the goods. The chief point in the contest today was a discussion as to whether there were flies at Tower in April and the question of where flies go in winter was also raised. These points arose collateral to the claim of defendants that certain of the goods replevined were in stock during the summer, as their appearance would indicate.

Other matters were disposed of thus: Samuel A. Davis against Louis E. Peterson, as administrator, placed at foot of calendar.

George M. Root against Eugene T. Merritt, argument postponed to a day to be fixed by the court.

Amber B. Everts against Lauriston Goss et al, ordered that findings for plaintiff be drawn.

Emma A. Kurtz against St. Paul & Duluth railroad company, entered. John D. Boyd against R. C. Elliott et al continued by consent.

PERSONALS.

Dr. Graham and son left yesterday for the World's fair.

A. F. Swanstrom, Jr., has returned from Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. William Horkan left yesterday for Chicago and will be away until the first of next month.

Dr. G. W. Davis, who went to Pontiac, Mich., to attend the golden wedding of his parents, has returned home.

Manager J. T. Condon has returned from a trip around his theatrical circuit.

John C. Echart, of Wayne, Ind., is in the city. He is a member of the firm of W. A. Foote & Co.

Rev. E. M. Noyes left yesterday for the East and will spend two weeks away, during which time he will take a trip through the White mountains.

Thomas W. Dalton, wholesale druggist of Syracuse, N. Y., and wife, are visiting in Duluth with friends for a few days.

Josef H. Croze leaves today for a week's visit at the fair.

Rev. Charles Giroux, of St. John's Baptist church, returned yesterday from Europe and will occupy the pulpit again next Sunday.

J. M. Root and family have returned from Mankato.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Coffin, who have been at Mankato, have returned.

W. F. Farrell and bride returned from the World's fair last evening.

Edward Silberstein returned last evening from Chicago.

Mrs. Geo. W. Crowell, of 723 Garfield avenue, is entertaining her mother and sister, Mrs. and Miss Van Derwerker, of St. Paul.

Dr. Harris, V. S. of Moosomin, N. W. T., is in the city on his way to the World's fair.

The Schubert Quartet.

The Schubert male quartet, assisted by Bertha L. Clark, violinist, Laura B. MacCorkle, reader and whistler, and Evelyn M. Ellis, accompanist, will be at the Temple Opera house Friday evening.

The Schuberts have appeared several times in Duluth and are warm favorites. The personnel of the quartet is: Samuel T. Battle and William Harris, tenors; John R. Tyley, baritone; and George H. Iott, basso. All are artists in the highest sense and everywhere have won the commendations of the press and public. The engagement assures a rare musical treat to Duluthians. Seats will be on sale tomorrow.

The Weather.

Duluth, Oct. 15, 1893.

The following variations in temperature were recorded at Pioneer Fuel Company's office, 220 West Superior street, today and corresponding date last year.

	1892	1893
12 m.....	48	51
3 p.m.....	49	54
6 p.m.....	49	54
10 p.m.....	48	54
Maximum.....	51	54
Minimum.....	41	45
Daily range.....	10	9

Grand Rapids, Mich., Daily Eagle:

They presented one of the finest musical programs ever given in this city. Tenison's "Bugle Song" was most exquisitely rendered by the Schuberts, and the audience called the quartet back the third time in compliment to their delightful harmony. Taken all in all the evening's entertainment was one of the most beautiful and artistic ever brought to this city.

California.

In arranging for California trips this fall and winter, don't forget the picturesque region traversed by the Northern Pacific.

FOR CASH ONLY

SUFFEL & CO.

129 W. Superior St.

FOR CASH ONLY

We must have \$10,000.00 cash in two weeks. Our entire Shoe stock to be slaughtered. Our loss your gain. If you need Shoes you cannot afford to let this opportunity pass. Read these prices carefully. THESE PRICES ARE FOR THREE DAYS ONLY.

MEN'S SHOES.

Men's \$2.00 Shoes, for Three Days.....	\$1.50
Men's \$3.00 Shoes, for Three Days.....	\$2.25
Men's \$4.00 Shoes, for Three Days.....	\$2.75
Men's \$5.00 Hand Sewed Shoes, for Three Days.....	\$3.50
Men's \$4.00 Bluchers, for Three Days.....	\$2.75
Men's \$5.00 Bluchers, for Three Days.....	\$3.50

Banister's Make Men's Fine Shoes, \$4.75.
Our entire stock of "BANISTER'S" High Grade Shoes (except Patent Leathers), worth \$6.00, \$7.00 and \$8.00 a pair; they all go at the uniform price of..... **\$4.75 a Pair**

PATENT LEATHERS.

"LILLY BRACKET'S" make of \$6.00 and \$7.00 Men's Patent Leather Shoes, go for Three Days at the low price of..... **\$3.75 a Pair**
"BURT & MEARS" \$9.00 French Calf Hand Sewed Shoes, Three Days..... **\$5.00 a Pair**

MEN'S CORK SOLE SHOES.

AGAIN WE OFFER Men's \$5.00 Cork Sole Shoes at..... **\$3.50**
Men's \$7.00 Cork Sole Shoes, for Three Days at..... **\$5.00**

LADIES' SHOES.

Ladies' \$1.50 Dongola Patent Tip Button Shoes, Three Days..... **98c**
Ladies' \$2.00 Dongola Patent Tip Button Shoes, Three Days..... **\$1.50**
Ladies' \$3.00 Fine French Dongola Button Shoes, Three Days..... **\$1.98**

FOR CASH ONLY

SUFFEL & CO.

129 W. Superior St.

FOR CASH ONLY

LITTLE TO AMUSE.

The Municipal Court Spectators Were Entertained Very Little Today.

The large number of loafing patriots that assemble each morning behind the railing in the municipal court room did not, today, get much satisfaction out of what they saw and heard, for the grist was very small and very common at that. Charles Peterson admitted that he had been drunk and when fined \$10 and costs, hustled around for the cash.

Fred Richard, charged with an indecent exposure of his person, pleaded not guilty. His trial was set for this afternoon as also was the trial of Nettie Fenn, charged with indulging to the extent of intoxication in alcoholic beverages. John Erickson, charged by S. Moses with uttering forged paper, was arraigned and his preliminary examination set for Oct. 23.

COAL!

At present the Pioneer Fuel Company is making a discount of 50c per ton on

COAL!

When orders are accompanied by cash, making the net price to consumers in Duluth

\$6.75.

Pioneer Fuel Co.

Office 220 West Sup. St. Herald Building.

A Good Advertisement.

This morning Haynie & Co. put a variety of clocks in one of their windows and marked them \$5. About 10 o'clock two ladies could be seen peering through the glass at the same garment. Both started at once for the clock. Both asked for it at once. It was the only one. The salesman got it from the window. Both ladies demanded the garment; the salesman protested he couldn't give it to both, but suggested they draw lots for it. This they did and the lady who won it after a little turned it over to the other lady because she said she found she needed it far worse than she.

If you want to hear George H. Iott, the great basso, sing "I'm a Roamer" by Mendelssohn, go to the Temple Opera house next Friday night, Oct. 20.

The Court Filings.

The following papers were filed in Clerk Sinclair's office today: Thomas A. and Maggie Maxted against Samuel and Augusta Swanson, findings for plaintiff by Judge Ensign. R. T. Lawrence against P. H. McGarry, O. D. Kinney, garnishment, complaint in suit for \$600 on account of labor and material furnished. Highland Improvement company against Frank M. Zeller, complaint in suit on promissory note for \$100.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Jas. J. Linn County.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1893.

{SIGNED} A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 7c.

CITY BRIEFS.

Callum, Dentist, top floor Palladio.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote & Co.

"Use the best" Duluth Imperial cigar. Smoke Robert Burns cigar. Sold by Albert Hauslaib, First Nat'l bank bldg.

The annual meeting of the Catholic club was to have been held last evening, but owing to the absence of a quorum was postponed until next Tuesday evening. Officers will then be elected.

Bank clearings today were \$374,164.65.

A marriage license has been issued to John Coban and Hella Barnes.

Second citizenship papers have been issued in the district court to John Valbo.

The wills of Martin Grochowski and Jonathan E. Callahan were admitted to probate today.

Dr. F. M. Peironnet has decided to remain in Duluth, a decision which will be received with pleasure by his friends. He will open an office in the Phoenix block.

The misses' physical culture class of the Young Woman's Christian association will meet at their rooms in the Me-saba block tomorrow from 4:15 to 5 p. m. Instructions will be given for a term of three months.

Albion lodge, No. 293 Sons of St. George, are to visit the Superior lodge in a body tomorrow evening, Thursday the 19th. Arrangements have been made for a late train to accommodate the visitors.

Births as follows have been reported to the board of health: John W. and Margaret Sullivan, 229 East Fifth street, a daughter; Charles and Carrie Wilson, 717 First avenue east, a son; Jacob and Rosa Populy, 12 East Eighth street, a son.

There will be a meeting this evening under the direction of Rev. A. W. Ryan, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church, for the purpose of reviving the Brotherhood of St. Andrews. Mr. Ryan also contemplates establishing a Wednesday evening service. Other church societies, it is said, will also be revived or established.

F. A. Gooding of the Duluth Roller mill had his hand badly hurt this morning when he was at his work. No amputation was necessary and his injuries will heal.

There was a rumor on the street today to the effect that this forenoon a man named Enary, who resides at 105, Fifth street east, while cleaning a Winchester rifle, in some way discharged the weapon with the result that he was seriously wounded in the face.

Building permits as follows were issued today: The Duluth Land & Loan company, three two-story frame dwellings on the north side of Fifth street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues west, each to cost \$1500; Pabst Brewing company, brick addition to building on Railroad street, to cost \$1800.

President Spencer, of the council, has named Aldermen Howard, Thomas and Wilson as a special bridge committee to confer with the chamber of commerce committee of men.

The Hurd Refrigerator works will start today on their next season's work.

Judge Martin, who has been confined to his bed for the two weeks past, is still very low. Aside from old age, he is affected with heart trouble. Watches each night are now necessary.

A son has been born to P. G. and Harriet Krenner, of Dingwall street.

Samuel Mather, of Cleveland, is in the city.

H. P. Hubbell, of Winona, is in Duluth today.

E. L. Reed, of Anoka, is in the city.

Richard A. Parker, of Marquette, Mich., was in the city last evening.

L. Maj. Sears is at Marquette, Mich.

Charles D. McEachren and wife have returned from the World's fair.

S. J. Donnell and wife, of Lakeside, have gone to the World's fair.

New York Recorder: An excellent program was rendered by the well-known artists, the Schubert Male quartet of Chicago. The appearance of "The Schuberts" in Brooklyn is the event of the musical season.

Miss Marie Midsund, hair dresser and manicure, Matonic Temple.

Verdict for Three Hundred Dollars.

The jury in the United States court in the case of Fred Bunder vs. Duluth Street Railway returned a verdict for \$300 this morning. It was reached at midnight. The case of Peter Dube, infant, vs. John E. Cavanaugh is on trial now.

In Margaret J. Jones vs. David A. Duncan et al, the demurrer was submitted. Decree for complainant was entered in Frank Culligan vs. Seymour Mar. h.

C. B. King's Father Dead.

C. B. King, of the land office clerical force, received a telegram last evening announcing the death of his father, Capt. Benjamin King, at Grand Island, Neb.

Capt. King was on Gen. Sully's staff as captain of Company I, Sixth Iowa cavalry, during the Indian uprising which resulted in the massacre at New Ulm, this state, early in the sixties. At the time of his death he was 73 years of age.

Disinherited His Son.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 18.—It is stated that ex-Senator James G. Fair has disinherited his son, Charles L. Fair, a clause in his will giving him half of his estate, amounting to something like \$15,000,000, has been stricken out and a substitute added giving his son only \$100.

Col. McClure Improved.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 18.—The condition of Col. McClure is somewhat improved. His physicians feel hopeful.

THE SCHUBERT QUARTET

MR. SAMUEL T. BATTLE, MR. WILLIAM HARRIS, MR. GEORGE H. IOTT.

Supported by MISS BERTHA L. CLARK, MISS LAURA B. MACCORKLE, MISS EVELYN M. ELLIS.

Will appear at the Temple Opera, Next Friday, Night, October 20. Seats on sale Thursday, 9 a. m.

DON'T MISS IT.

World's T. Finest H. LYCEUM World's Finest Theater.

Friday and Saturday, Oct. 20 and 21.

Carl A. Haswin's Magnificent Revival of

THE SILVER KING!

With all the beautiful Scenery, including the grand Double Stage and Revolving Scenes.

Children's Matinee Saturday. Prices 25c and 50c.

"Little Lord Fauntleroy."

Seats now Selling.

SIMON CLARK

Grocery Co.,

17 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

Carload new California

Canned Goods at lowest prices

ever offered. All Standard

Goods.

Apricots, 3-lb cans.....15c

Egg Plums, 3-lb cans.....14c

Green Gages, 3-lb cans.....14c

Grapes, 3-lb cans.....14c

Peaches, 3-lb cans.....16c

In case lots at reduced prices.

Canned Vegetables,

Standard Pack.

Sweet corn, per can.....10c

String Beans, per can.....10c

Lima Beans, per can.....10c

Tomatoes, per can.....10c

In case lots at reduced prices.

White Clover Honey, per

lb.....20c

Carload Fancy Early Rose

Potatoes, per bu.....50c

Duluth Imperial Flour at

lowest cash price.

Duluth Roller Mills Patent

Flour, 98-lb sack.....\$1.85

We solicit your trade on TEAS and

COFFEES. We feel sure we can please

you in quality and prices. No better

proof of the value we offer than the

fact that one of Duluth's credit grocery-

men made complaint to Messrs. Chase

& Sanborn that we were selling their

coffee too cheap. We are doing the

business—buying for cash and selling

for cash. We may hurt the feelings of

the grocer who sells on credit and

charges higher prices than the cash

grocer demands, but we are giving the

public satisfaction and getting their

trade, and that's all we want.

SIMON CLARK

Grocery Co.,

17 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

FOR SALE

Complete,

At a

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

ELEVENTH YEAR.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1893.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

See Us Before You Buy Your Cook Or Heating Stoves.

LARGE ASSORTMENT AND THE CLOSEST PRICE OF ANY HOUSE IN DULUTH.

Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.
COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS.

Have you considered our Easy Payment Plan. We have hundreds of happy and contented customers. We are furnishing homes by this method.

If you lack the money with which to pay in full for the goods you want, we give you credit and you pay the balance at your leisure.

\$20.00 down on a \$50 purchase.
\$30.00 down on a \$100 purchase.

Greater or smaller sales in proportion.

Furniture, Carpets, Crockery, Stoves.

FURNISHED FLAT—5 rooms, steam heat; central location. Terms to suit. Also fine boarding house, full running order; good location for table boarders; at your own terms. APPLY AT ONCE.

W. D. GORDON, Auctioneer,
324 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE.

Choice of our entire line of 50c Views for

12 1-2c

CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR'S BOOKSTORE.

323 West Superior Street.



R. KROJANKER,
LEADING FURRIER.

Largest and Most Reliable Fur House in Duluth.

Capes, Muffs, Trimmings

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Superior Quality! Select Styles!

OUR BEAR BOAS CANNOT BE BEAT IN THE COUNTRY.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
District Managers,
London Guarantee & Accident Co.
(LIMITED),
OF LONDON, ENG.
ORGANIZED 1866.

Employers Liability,
Elevator Accident,
Workmen's Collective,
Surety Bonds,
Individual Accident



Men's Underwear

Fall and Winter Weights.

FALL PRICES.

CATE & CLARKE

333 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

HENRI BOILS OVER.

The Louisville Editor Reads the Riot Act to the Southern Obstructionists in the Senate.

Democratic Organization and Discipline Blown to Atoms by a Train of Depreciated Silver Dollars.

The Sacrifice of Cleveland May be Retribution Upon the Democrats for Electing Him President.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 19.—Editor Henry Watterson in the Courier Journal in a two-column leader this morning reads the riot act to those Southern senators who have obstructed silver repeal and predicts disaster for the Democratic party. He says: "The spectacle of the extra session, and more particularly the scenes of the last few days and nights, are enough to call the dead to rise in defense of the beleaguered interests and the departing glory of the South—a clique of Southern senators obsequiously serving a combine of silver mine owners, mining their experience, and such wits as are left them, to obstruct the will of the people as if their own dear lives, or their own dear dollars, were at stake."

Again he says: "Perhaps the immolation of Grover Cleveland may be retribution upon the Democratic party for nominating and electing him president; perhaps it may destroy the party outright; perhaps it is ever the will of God for evil to come to pass that good may follow; but the guilty ones will not escape. That is one comfort amid the desolation that has enveloped the Democratic party. The irretrievable disgrace which has fallen upon the Democratic party in having approvingly submitted to the wise rebuke of a Republican statesman, and that statesman John Sherman."

Of the platform pledges upon which the Democracy came into power and the shibboleths, betraying fight within the ranks now waving against Mr. Watterson, he observes: "We have seen the head of the Democratic party ruthlessly insulted without a word of reply or defense from senators who, holding Democratic commissions, are quick to rush to the aid of mine owners in meanly insulting their Democratic colleagues. We see the organization and discipline of the Democratic party blown to atoms, not by intellectual dynamite or the combustion of great ideas, but by a most questionable train of depreciated silver dollars in the darkness and it is much to be feared, the corruption of a few silver mines. That is what we see."

And in conclusion: "When tariff reform is beaten, when the rescinding of the federal election laws is beaten, when Democratic victory is converted into Democratic obsequy, when the business interests of the country, detached from healthy intercourse with the commercial world, are relegated to a plague stricken comradeship with the nations, to wit: Mexico and Central and South America, whose monetary, like their political conditions, are in a state of chronic distemper, and when these Southern and so-called Democratic senators learn in sober earnest that there is a people to condemn a Government, alike the faithless and the incapable."

BROUGHT ON BY HIMSELF.

One of the Coal Creek Toughs Killed by a Deputy United States Marshal.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—A special to the Times from Knoxville, Tenn., says: Bud Lindsay, one of the most notorious desperadoes in this section, was shot and mortally wounded near Jacksonborough yesterday afternoon by J. McGee, a deputy United States Marshal.

Lindsay was one of the leaders in the Coal Creek mining trouble, and it was he who captured Gen. Anderson, commander of the state troops, and held him prisoner until released by Gen. Carnes command. He was for several years a deputy United States marshal and a terror to the moonshiners. He had killed three men and was mixed up in numerous battles in the border counties of Kentucky and Tennessee. He was killed in a personal difficulty brought on by himself, although full particulars have not reached here.

BUTCHERY AND SUFFOCATION.

A New York Man Choked to Death With a Sponge on the Surgeon's Table.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—A special from Syracuse, N. Y., says: Patrick Kanaley died at St. Joseph's hospital yesterday, being choked with a sponge. Dr. D. M. Totman and the house physician were amputating the man's leg. After an anesthetic had been administered an attendant was using a sponge to remove the mucous from Kanaley's throat, when it slipped down his windpipe through inhalation. He soon choked to death, although the physicians resorted to tracheotomy and made a long incision in the windpipe.

Kanaley died in great agony, with one leg partly cut off. His friends have demanded an investigation, and Coroner Roberts is to hold an inquest.

Hot Chase for the Other Five.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Oct. 19.—Tuesday evening eight prisoners of the county jail escaped by breaking through the floor. Three were recaptured today and the officers are making a hot chase after the others, among whom are two horse thieves, a forger and a cattle thief, who were being held for the grand jury.

A Very Tame Mill.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 19.—McAuliffe and Maher had a tame four round set-to at the Grand Opera house last night for the benefit of the California Midwinter exposition. The mill resulted in a draw.

WILL DANCE OR FIGHT.

The Indians Are Armed and Trouble May Result if They Are Interfered With.

GREY HORSE, Ok., Oct. 19.—On a high plateau some miles east of here the Osage warriors are holding their annual war dance and have been joined by about 300 Cheyennes under Yellow Bear and several hundred Poncas and Ojibwas. They have been dancing now for four days and nights without intermission and will keep it up for ten days or more, after which they will hold a grand feast. All the unruly Indians in the territory are present at the dance and it is feared that they will cause some mischief. The Osage agent has ordered them to stop the dance, but they pay no attention to the order, and as all are armed any attempt to stop the dance by force will result in bloodshed. The troops on the Cherokee strip have been ordered to be in readiness to move even into the reservation should the Indians make any attempt to make trouble.

TALKING COMPROMISE.

The Democratic Caucus Committee in Session With Secretary Carlisle This Afternoon.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The Democratic caucus committee of the senate arrived at the treasury department at 3 o'clock this afternoon. The committee was received in the secretary's room, all doors closed, and they remained with Secretary Carlisle in earnest conversation on the senate situation for some time.

While it cannot be stated positively, it is understood the nature of their business is to prepare some compromise satisfactory to the Democratic silver senators which would also be satisfactory to the administration.

DAVID HILL TAKES A STEP

The New York Senator Makes a Move Against Dilatory Motions—Stevenson's Uneasiness Looks Hopeful.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Republican senators favoring unconditional repeal, who met round Senator McMillan's hospitable dinner table last night, discussed in an informal manner the senate situation. The opinion was generally entertained that the proper course for the Republicans was to await as patiently as possible the action of the majority. Any idea of a compromise proposition to originate with Republican repealers was discontinued. The management of the business will be left with the dominant party unmolested by suggestions.

The question of the proposed change in the rules was discussed more seriously than a compromise repeal bill. What was called the "evident restlessness of the vice president" was frequently referred to and attention was called to remarks made by Mr. Stevenson on two different occasions. At least, in which he said he would put certain motions if no one else desired to speak. On each occasion it was recalled that the vice president asked: "Did you make the motion?" The belief was expressed that if the majority rule for the senate, not the Democrats alone, but Democrats and Republicans asked the vice president to put the question on the adoption of a special rule that would give closure on the bill, the vice president would put the motion and rule against dilatory motions, following the precedents established in the house by Randall, Keifer and Blaine. It was understood that if the Democratic repealers could prevail upon the vice president to so rule, the Republicans would join them in supporting the ruling.

No conclusions were reached and the dinner ended. It was intended, it should, having been the means of permitting a quiet and undisturbed talk among repeal Republicans. Senator Hill began securing signatures today to a petition to the vice president asking him to rule out all dilatory motions. It was recalled that the proposition to adopt a closure rule for obtaining a vote. Mr. Hill predicts repeal and believes he will secure the necessary number of signatures.

Democrats in Caucus.

The Democratic caucus committee was in session again this morning for one hour, but came to no conclusion on the question of calling a caucus. All of the members were present. As originally appointed, this was supposed to be a silver committee; but a prominent silver senator said today they were now in the minority. The same senator also made the statement that despite the absence of two or three silver senators, they had been able to secure enough signatures to the request for a caucus to make a quorum of the Democrats. It is an open secret that every effort possible is being made to prevent a call for a caucus, practically all senators agreeing that they will go into a conference. The committee adjourned at 11:30 with nothing determined upon, but reconvened later and a large number of senators, repealers and anti-repealers were in committee. It was rumored that a compromise measure had been framed and would be introduced tomorrow.

Senate Hears Cheering News.

The senate met at 10 a. m. today, but the discussion on the question of the adoption of the journal, the subject which has been before the senate for the last two days, was not taken up till 11 o'clock, when Mr. Stewart took the floor. The intervening hour had been taken up by a reading of a report from the treasury department as to the financial condition of the government for the coming fiscal year. The summing up of the document is that, if the present conditions continue, there will be a deficit of \$50,000,000 at the end of the year. Mr. Quay, from the committee on rules, reported a resolution in the house this morning making the bankruptcy bill a special order for the following day. Agreed to. The house then resumed consideration of routine business.

POMP AND SPLENDOR.

The Trenton Battle Monument Dedicated Today in the Presence of Many Dignitaries.

Gov. Russell, of Massachusetts, Speaks on the Unveiling of the Statue of John Russell.

A Statue of Blair McClanahan Unveiled—The City Lavishly Decorated for the Ceremonies.

TRENTON, Oct. 19.—The Trenton battle monument was dedicated today. The pomp and splendor of the affair were impressive. Governors of many states participated and an impressive military display was one of its features. The city was never more lavishly decorated in honor of any occasion and never did any people manifest their patriotism more enthusiastically. Almost every dwelling in the city was decorated with flags and bunting and the public and business buildings were all handsomely decorated with the national colors. Every workshop and factory was closed and the entire population turned out to witness the exercises and festivities, and thousands of strangers swelled the great throng of sightseers.

The monument commemorates the historical encounter of Gen. Washington with the British and Hessians in the streets of Trenton Dec. 26, 1776. At that time Trenton was a straggling village. The place where Washington with his ragged and half famished army crossed the Delaware on that Christmas night before the battle, is only two miles distant. Through a glass the battlefields of Princeton and Monmouth may be seen. The monument stands in Monument park, at the junction of Warren and Green streets and Brunswick, Princeton and Pennsylvania avenues the exact spot where Capt. Alexander Hamilton, of New York, opened his battery on the Hessian force.

Around about the monument 30,000 people were gathered to witness the exercises. The military rested arms in Warren street, the thoroughfare, at which the Hessians were swept and from whose soil mementos in the shape of shot and shell are still occasionally dug up.

The failure of President Cleveland and other distinguished men to arrive from Washington was deeply regretted. However the dignity and interest of the occasion was scarcely lessened, for otherwise there were no disappointments and every feature of the program was carried out.

The national and state dignitaries that were present included Governor Flower, of New York; Patterson of Pennsylvania; Fuller of Vermont, Reynolds of Delaware, Russell of Massachusetts; Vets of New Jersey, Morris of Connecticut and Brown of Maryland. Ex-Governors Abbott and Green were on the grand stand as was also the venerable Dr. E. D. Darty of Lancaster, whose cousin Van Wart was one of the captains of Andre; near him were Col. John Schuyler and William D. H. Washington, son of New York, he latter a grandson of Captain William Augustine Washington, who participated in the charge on the Hessian force and was wounded within a hundred yards of the monument.

The civic societies largely represented were the Society of Cincinnati, Sons of the Revolution, the New Jersey Society of Colonial Dames of America, Princeton Battle Monument association, Daughters of the American Revolution and the Monmouth Battle Monument association. The exercises of the dedication were opened with music by the band of the 68th Regiment, National Guards, New Jersey. Bishop Starkey, of Newark, offered prayer and Gen. William S. Stryker, president of the Monument association, delivered an address on "The Victory at Trenton."

The tablet presented by the New Jersey society of Cincinnati, was then unveiled, the address being delivered by Clifford Stanley Simms, president of the society, who described its origin and patriotic character and alluded to the appropriate nature of its contribution to the shaft. Hugh H. Hamill, of the association, accepted the tablet.

The next unveiling was of the statue of Blair McClanahan, the presentation address being made by Capt. J. Lapsley Wilson, commanding officer of the Philadelphia city troops, who gave a detailed history of the famous organization, Ex-State Senator John Taylor accepted the gift for the monument association.

The unveiling of the statue of John Russell occurred next, Gov. Russell, of Massachusetts, speaking as follows: "The commonwealth of Massachusetts, which gladly and generously has given this commemorative monument, comes now as gladly to join with her sister state in its dedication and to renew ties of friendship and union which, born of struggle and war of a common experience and patriotism, have ever bound closely together our respective states and made them powerful factors in creating, preserving and developing our national republic and the institutions of a free and prosperous people. Most fitly and usefully we recall by this monument the heroism and patriotism of the past and the devotion to duty and self-sacrifice of the present. We are proud to have among us a man who, through suffering and death became a hero, and rising above little things and petty interests, devoted his supreme devotion to the great cause and to the freedom and safety of the whole people."

"I need not repeat the story today recalled—the wintry crossing of the stormy Delaware, the midnight march, the attack, the victory which broke away the clouds of despair and brought to Washington and his country new hope and courage. Massachusetts rejoices that in these events and upon this historic battlefield she had her full duty. Yonder, amidst the ice and perils, were Col. John

Glover and the men from Marblehead, leading the army with undimmed courage on that fatal Christmas night. Here with him stood eight regiments of Massachusetts troops, as her contribution to a great and necessary victory. What they did others did. All shared in the danger of the struggle and in the glory of the victory. And so we build this monument in grateful recognition of patriotic services.

"Yet not for the past only do we build it, but for the present; also for the future. The gratitude it expresses, the patriotism it teaches, making of the past an education to us. From these monuments we can catch an inspiration to become braver, broader and more patriotic, and to go hence consecrated to truer lives. Peace has followed revolution and war. Ah, but peace has its duties, too, which call for courage and patriotism. Institutions for freedom and self government have by the blood of the fathers been created; but they require sacrifices by the children, too, for their maintenance and preservation. The union has been established, but it rests with us ever to make it stronger in the hearts and lives of all our people. Are these not duties today which can best be met in the spirit and patriotism of 1776? Do we not hear the mutterings of discontent and strife of selfish interests? See patriotism yielding to policy and partisanship more potent than the people's welfare? Have we not heard the right of a majority to rule, a fundamental principle of our republic, obstructed and called in question? Have we not seen a part made greater than the whole and the nation's demand for necessary legislation pass unheeded in the clamor of local interests? This is not the spirit of 1776. It was not such conflict and selfishness that our nation had its birth, nor will it in the time find safety and prosperity."

"Today we have our leader. We need the wisdom and courage which sustained Washington; the patriotism and self-sacrifice which here on this battlefield placed country above everything, and that larger view which, despising petty things, bound the thirteen colonies together, hand in hand, heart to heart, for the common welfare. Then will we, as the fishermen of Marblehead, be like ardent, patriotic and unflinching in devotion to our country and to its brave and loyal president."

"So this monument teaches us its lesson. God grant we may heed it and meet our duty as bravely as did the fathers theirs."

Joseph B. Shaw, mayor of Trenton, made the response. The relief "The Continental Army Crossing the Delaware," was next unveiled and Governor Patterson made a speech which was among the most eloquent of the day. W. L. Dayton, ex-United States minister to The Hague, responded gracefully for the monument association and when he had done the relief entitled "The Opening of the Right" was unveiled, Governor Flower making the presentation speech. Ex-Congressman John Hart Brewer, of New Jersey, made the response.

THEY WERE UNSUCCESSFUL.

The Passenger Train Was Late and the Freight Struck the Obstructions.

AUGUSTA, Wis., Oct. 19.—An unsuccessful attempt was made Tuesday night to wreck the eastbound to o'clock passenger train on the Onahra road about two miles east of here. The train was late and the first section of a freight train went west about 9:30 o'clock and struck two piles of planks and ties, but did not jump the track. When the second section came along it struck three piles at the same place but did not leave the rails. A searching party went to the scene but did not discover any one. The switch lamps at the Kempton switch, just east of where the attempt to wreck the train was made, were smashed, and the work is believed to have been done by would-be train wreckers.

The section men found a man hiding near there early this morning and took him to Fairchild, where he was placed under arrest. The o'clock west-bound passenger train this morning had to stop and remove some ties from the track at the same place where the attempt had been made to derail the freight trains.

FUN FOR THE BOYS.

Booths and Newsboys Have a Chance to Take in the World's Fair Free.

WORLD'S FAIR GROUNDS, CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Twenty-five hundred ragged, mischievous street Arabs swooped down on the fair this morning. A free train was provided by the Illinois Central railroad for the newsboys and boothkeepers. The noisy little army was marshalled by the station by Mrs. Lewis D. Webster and a corps of teachers from the Waifs mission. Hensler's American band band from Milwaukee, made up of newsboys played at the head of the motley array of boys on their way to the movable sidewalk. They stopped at the liberty bell, and some of the more mischievous ones gave it a ring in honor of their own holiday. During the day they were passed in free at many of the places of attractions.

A NEW TRIAL REFUSED.

Hedgepeth, the Convicted Train Robber, Begins His Sentence of Twenty Years.

ST. CHARLES, Mo., Oct. 19.—Marion C. Hedgepeth was again brought to this city yesterday. Court was called to order at 10 o'clock and Hedgepeth's attorney read a lengthy document containing the numerous continuances and explaining his absence at the last trial. He produced several letters from the clerk of the St. Louis circuit court stating that he was compelled to be there on the day of the last trial.

The court overruled a motion for a new trial of the case, and stated the sentence of twenty years would begin with the day of incarceration. The defendant then gave notice that he would take an appeal to the supreme court and Hedgepeth's bond was fixed at \$10,000. Hedgepeth was convicted of train robbery.

A Big Builder Falls.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—John Thomas Chappell, builder and contractor, has failed. His liabilities amount to £220,000. Mr. Chappell had branches of his business at Brighton, Southampton and other places.

Panton & Watson

GLASS BLOCK STORE,
DULUTH, MINN.

GIGANTIC OFFERINGS

—FOR—
Thursday, Friday, AND Saturday.

FREE!

Every customer buying a Ladies' Fur Trimmed Jacket or Cape during those THREE DAYS will be presented with a Fur Muff to match the fur on the garment sold.

Lace Curtains.

We have 25 pairs Irish Guipure Curtains that will be offered for those THREE DAYS at... \$2.75 (Worth \$5.00)

Corset Department.

We have just received another case of those fine Coutel Corsets, worth \$1.00 per pair. SALE PRICE..... 60c

Embroideries.

We have still a quantity of those manufacturers Remnants that we are offering at less than Half Price. SALE PRICE— 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 35 and 50c. (Worth Double.)

Gent's Furnishings.

10c Per Pair, That's the Price. 1 case Gent's Wool Hose, worth \$1.00 per pair. SALE PRICE..... 10c PER PAIR.

Glove Department.

We want to show you who has the Glove Stock in the city.

SPECIALS

In Our Glove Department for THREE DAYS.

5c. Children's Mitts, 5c.

300 dozen Children's Wool Mitts less than Half Price..... 5c PER PAIR

Have you seen the Kid Lacing Gloves at..... 89c

Have you seen the Real Kid and Button Gloves at..... \$1.25

Have you seen our French Kid 5-Hook Lacing Glove at..... \$1.50

Nothing like it in the city for the money.

Druggist's Sundries.

5 gross Witch Hazel Pint Bottles. SALE PRICE..... 29c

FREE!

To every body purchasing 25c worth or over in our Jewelry Department during those THREE DAYS, we will present him or her with an English Violet Coat Pin.

Millinery Department.

Have you seen those Trimmed Hats we are offering at \$1.95, \$2.95, \$3.50, \$4.50. They beat the world for value; all new styles here.

Read our advertisement tomorrow night, we have something special.

Panton & Watson

WEST DULUTH ITEMS.

In Spite of His Protestations of Innocence, S. A. Bergendahl Was Found Guilty This Morning.

The Judge Imposed a Fine of Thirty Dollars—Will be Tried Friday on Other Charges.

State Butter Inspectors Are Smelling Around West Duluth and Some Arrests May Result.

The trial of S. A. Bergendahl on complaint of J. C. Wills was held in justice court this morning and several hours were consumed in the examination of witnesses. C. F. Lamb defended the prisoner while Village Attorney Phelps conducted the prosecution. The defendant was placed upon the stand but did not make a very clear explanation of the case or establish his innocence in the judgment of the court, and was fined \$30 and costs of the ultimatum of 30 days in the county jail. There are now several other complaints standing against him of like character upon which a trial will take place on Friday.

State Butter Inspectors.
State dairy inspectors were yesterday in West Duluth butter yesterday. It is reported that a large amount of oleomargarine was confiscated and that there is a probability that several prosecutions will follow.

West Duluth Briefs.
Latest reports from the condition of Gen. Mullen are that he passed successfully through the operation of amputating the left leg and is resting easily with good prospects of recovery.

John Krey has finished the engineering work at Fond du Lac, Minn., where by the course of the creek which flows through the town will be diverted into a new and straight channel.

The dwelling of A. C. Osborn has been successfully moved to its new location on Highland street and he is moving his family into the building.

The deputy sheriff came yesterday and took a portion of meat from Ritzinger Bros. market on a judgment and since that time the shop has been closed.

Charles Sheldon, representing the Minnesota Stone and Tile Co., is in the city on business today.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Pike and wife and E. C. Hall, of Minneapolis, are stopping at the Bennett.

Peter Gillett returned yesterday from his farm in North Dakota. He brought home with him over 100 pounds of wild fowl which he generously distributed among his friends.

Mrs. W. P. Mars left today for her new home at Virginia.

W. S. Conrad, of St. Paul, was a visitor here yesterday.

Peter Kowen and O. S. Olson, went up to the Mesaba range yesterday.

J. Elliott, of Staples, is spending a few days in the village.

Sneak thieves yesterday entered a small shack on Third avenue belonging to William Clarke, and obtained several dollars worth of small household articles.

Messrs. Truelsen and Farrell of the board of public works, of Duluth, accompanied by City Engineer Reed looked over the water improvements yesterday in company with Village Engineer Kruhschank.

The Arizona and Scotia cleared yesterday from the Mitchell & McClure dock with 1,700,000 feet of lumber consigned to Brooklyn, N. Y.

Chicago and Return \$11.75 via the Wisconsin Central Railroad.

From Sunday, Oct. 15th, until the close of the fair, Oct. 31st, the Wisconsin Central line will sell tickets from the head of the lake to Chicago and return for \$11.75. All tickets good to return until Nov. 15th. In traveling via this line you get a good night's rest in one of Pullman's finest, arise refreshed, spend an hour over one of the Central's famous dining car breakfasts and are landed in the heart of Chicago at a reasonable time next morning ready for Midway or anything else. Don't economize on time at the expense of your convenience. Reserve sleeper berths and purchase tickets at Northern Pacific city office, No. 416 West Superior street, Duluth.

F. E. DONAVAN,
C. T. A.

You can rent your rooms, or houses quickly through The Herald want columns.

Now is the Time
To purchase your boys' overcoats, as we are sacrificing them at a big reduction.
C. W. ERICSON,
219 N. C. Superior street.

California's green fruit crop sent East of the 1892 crop brought \$5,000,000. If you want to know how to raise fruit there address,
CALIFORNIA BUREAU OF INFORMATION,
Room 1138 Guaranty Loan Building,
Minneapolis, Minn.

Gessler's Magic Headache Wafers
will positively cure all headache in 20 minutes, prescribed by physicians, sold by druggists everywhere.

Guaranteed to cure or money refunded
800 E. 2d St., Duluth, Minn. C. A. Evans, R. E. Wood & Thorpe, C. J. Tuttle, Lofgren & Co., J. J. Butler.

The Last Chance.
Commencing Oct. 15 the round trip ticket to Chicago will be \$11.75 via "The Northwestern Line" (C. S. P. & M. & O. railway). Take the "Omaha" through train short line and save from three to eight hours time in each direction. Secure sleeper and tickets at 405 West Superior street.

The Schuberts at the Temple tomorrow night.

The Last Chance.
Commencing Oct. 15 the round trip ticket to Chicago will be \$11.75 via "The Northwestern Line" (C. S. P. & M. & O. railway). Take the "Omaha" through train short line and save from three to eight hours time in each direction. Secure sleeper and tickets at 405 West Superior street.

If You Have

Scrofula,
Sores, Boils, or
any other skin disease,
take

**AYER'S
SARSAPARILLA**
the Superior
Blood-Purifier
and Spring Medicine.
Cures others,
will cure you

ANOTHER GOOD MARKET.

Wheat Opened Firm and Unchanged From Yesterday's Prices This Morning.

There was another good advance in the wheat market here today. The opening was firm and unchanged from yesterday's close. The market ruled very active and lively, advancing sharply during the first hour with the bulk of trading in spot wheat early, before the advance was secured. There was again a sharp demand for barley with sales of a number of cars by noon at yesterday's outside prices. Flaxseed was at its good demand with considerable business.

Wheat ruled irregular, selling off 1/2c from 1/2c to 1/2c. Flaxseed today was very light.

The afternoon session ruled firm and steady at the decline. The close was steady with 1/2c advance for cash and October, 1/2c for December and 1/2c for May. Following were the closing prices:

No. 1 hard, cash, 62c; October, 62c; December, 62c; May, 62c; No. 1 northern, cash, 61c; October, 61c; December, 61c; May, 61c; No. 2 northern, cash, 58c; October, 58c; December, 58c; May, 58c; No. 3 northern, cash, 55c; October, 55c; December, 55c; May, 55c; No. 4 northern, cash, 52c; October, 52c; December, 52c; May, 52c; No. 5 northern, cash, 49c; October, 49c; December, 49c; May, 49c; No. 6 northern, cash, 46c; October, 46c; December, 46c; May, 46c; No. 7 northern, cash, 43c; October, 43c; December, 43c; May, 43c; No. 8 northern, cash, 40c; October, 40c; December, 40c; May, 40c; No. 9 northern, cash, 37c; October, 37c; December, 37c; May, 37c; No. 10 northern, cash, 34c; October, 34c; December, 34c; May, 34c; No. 11 northern, cash, 31c; October, 31c; December, 31c; May, 31c; No. 12 northern, cash, 28c; October, 28c; December, 28c; May, 28c; No. 13 northern, cash, 25c; October, 25c; December, 25c; May, 25c; No. 14 northern, cash, 22c; October, 22c; December, 22c; May, 22c; No. 15 northern, cash, 19c; October, 19c; December, 19c; May, 19c; No. 16 northern, cash, 16c; October, 16c; December, 16c; May, 16c; No. 17 northern, cash, 13c; October, 13c; December, 13c; May, 13c; No. 18 northern, cash, 10c; October, 10c; December, 10c; May, 10c; No. 19 northern, cash, 7c; October, 7c; December, 7c; May, 7c; No. 20 northern, cash, 4c; October, 4c; December, 4c; May, 4c; No. 21 northern, cash, 1c; October, 1c; December, 1c; May, 1c; No. 22 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 23 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 24 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 25 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 26 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 27 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 28 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 29 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 30 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 31 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 32 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 33 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 34 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 35 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 36 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 37 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 38 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 39 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 40 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 41 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 42 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 43 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 44 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 45 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 46 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 47 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 48 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 49 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 50 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 51 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 52 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 53 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 54 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 55 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 56 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 57 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 58 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 59 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 60 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 61 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 62 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 63 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 64 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 65 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 66 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 67 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 68 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 69 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 70 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 71 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 72 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 73 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 74 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 75 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 76 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 77 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 78 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 79 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 80 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 81 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 82 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 83 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 84 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 85 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 86 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 87 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 88 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 89 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 90 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 91 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 92 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 93 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 94 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 95 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 96 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 97 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 98 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 99 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 100 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 101 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 102 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 103 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 104 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 105 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 106 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 107 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 108 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 109 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 110 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 111 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 112 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 113 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 114 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 115 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 116 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 117 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 118 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 119 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 120 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 121 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 122 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 123 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 124 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 125 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 126 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 127 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 128 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 129 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 130 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 131 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 132 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 133 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 134 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 135 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 136 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 137 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 138 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 139 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 140 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 141 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 142 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 143 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 144 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 145 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 146 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 147 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 148 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 149 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 150 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 151 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 152 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 153 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 154 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 155 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 156 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 157 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 158 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 159 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 160 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 161 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 162 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 163 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 164 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 165 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 166 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 167 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 168 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 169 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 170 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 171 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 172 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 173 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 174 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 175 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 176 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 177 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 178 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 179 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 180 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 181 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 182 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 183 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 184 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 185 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 186 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 187 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 188 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 189 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 190 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 191 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 192 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 193 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 194 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 195 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 196 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 197 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 198 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 199 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 200 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 201 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 202 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 203 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 204 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 205 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 206 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 207 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 208 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 209 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 210 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 211 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 212 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 213 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 214 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 215 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 216 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 217 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 218 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 219 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 220 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 221 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 222 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 223 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 224 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 225 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 226 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 227 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 228 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 229 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 230 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 231 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 232 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 233 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 234 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 235 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 236 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 237 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 238 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 239 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 240 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 241 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 242 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 243 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 244 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 245 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 246 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 247 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 248 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 249 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 250 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 251 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 252 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 253 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 254 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 255 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 256 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 257 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 258 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 259 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 260 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 261 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 262 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 263 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 264 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 265 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 266 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 267 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 268 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 269 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 270 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 271 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 272 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 273 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 274 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 275 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 276 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 277 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 278 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 279 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 280 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 281 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 282 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 283 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 284 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 285 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 286 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 287 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 288 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 289 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 290 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 291 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 292 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No. 293 northern, cash, 0c; October, 0c; December, 0c; May, 0c; No



GULLUM

Painless Dentist.
—
Top Floor,
PALLADIO BUILDING.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

ELEVENTH YEAR.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1893.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

The BIG DULUTH
A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men.
ESTABLISHED 1881.
OPENED MONDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS.

AT **\$9.50**
FOR
SATURDAY ONLY.

Your Choice of Over 3000 Handsome

**Fall Suits
AND
Overcoats**
AT **\$9.50**

Most of them have been selling at \$12 and \$15.

OUR HOUSE AND LOT will be given away
Christmas morning. Don't forget to get a
Ticket with every purchase.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL
CLOTHIERS, HATTERS, FURNISHERS,
125 and 127 West Superior Street.



IMPERIAL
Has Set a Mark—
None Other Reaches It.
It is not the
Cost, But Results
You calculate on.
FLOUR
That will make better and more bread
than any other in the world is our
achievement.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE.
Choice of our entire line of 50c Views for
12 1-2c
CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR'S BOOKSTORE.
323 West Superior Street.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
District Managers,
London Guarantee & Accident Co.
(LIMITED),
OF LONDON, ENG.
ORGANIZED 1833.

Employers Liability,
Elevator Accident,
Workmen's Collective,
Surety Bonds,
Individual Accident

Overcoats Made to Order for
\$30.00 & \$35.00
Fine Line of
MELTONS AND BEAVERS
To Select From at

J.S. LANE, MERCHANT TAILOR,
430 SPALDING HOUSE BLK.

VOORHEES HAS MOVED

The Repeal Leader in the Senate This Morning Presented a Resolution to Adopt Closure.

There is Still Much Talk That a Compromise Measure Has Been Practically Agreed Upon.

Repeated Conferences Being Held Which May Find Some Means of Breaking the Present Deadlock.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—There is a perceptible increase of hopeful anticipation around the senate chamber this morning that repeated conferences may suggest some means of breaking the senate deadlock and permitting action of some kind to be taken on the pending silver bill. Yesterday's two hours' informal consultation between the senate steering committee and Secretary Carlisle was followed, it is said, by a further informal consultation out at Woodley, Mr. Cleveland's country home, between the president, his secretary of the treasury and Secretaries Gresham and Lamont.

When the senate committee and Mr. Carlisle again informally came together, as it is expected they will do some time during the day, it is hoped a proposition may be evolved which will command sufficient support to secure not only its passage, but an agreement to bring it to a vote. This last difficulty is still the one to be surmounted.

Statements originating from divergent sources agree that the basis of all the compromise propositions now on foot is the repeal of the Sherman law at some future day—Jan. 1, 1895, July 1, 1895, and July 1, 1896, the last as mentioned in Senator Quay's proposed amendment offered in the senate yesterday, have all been more or less discussed. The latest suggested date is July 1, 1891, the beginning of the new fiscal year, and it is intimated that a measure to stop silver purchases at that time, if passed by house and senate, would not meet with an executive veto.

There are other suggestions going with it as to continuing the authority to the secretary of the treasury to issue bonds, when necessary, to maintain the gold reserve, but at a lower rate of interest than that prescribed in the specie resumption act, the withdrawal of small notes from circulation, and all these details will have to be very nicely adjusted before the question can be sprung upon the senate in any shape likely to meet with success, and the question will once more recur, can a vote be obtained on the proposition and how?

Thus the matter, in the opinion of many, reverts to that which has been agitated in the senate for several days under the leadership of Mr. Hill, as to whether a method can be adopted by which the senate will itself take a vote on any given proposition or any number of propositions at a stated time. These are those who think that this, after all, is the only way out of the difficulty, and that this plan, if it ever should be put in line for adoption, could be made equally as available for one proposition as for another.

All that is wanted is a majority behind it and, of course, the concurrence of the presiding officer to put it into effect. Senator Hill, it was stated last night, had secured assurances from considerably over thirty senators that they would support the vice president in putting a resolution to a vote setting a time for final action on the pending bill and its amendment. His desire was to obtain a majority of the senate and then to ask Vice President Stevenson to act upon it, secured having his ruling sustained. The vice president has made no outward sign of his intentions in advance of the question being presented to him.

A curious point of contrast and comparison has been raised as to the relations of the presiding officer of the senate and house to the respective body whose deliberations each controls. It has been said, but apparently without any direct authority, that Stevenson felt his position was different from that of a speaker of the house, inasmuch as the vice president was not a member of the senate. The advocates of the Hill plan answer that there is nothing either in the constitution or the laws which requires the speaker to be a member of the house over which he presides. So far as any constitutional or legal inhibition goes the house, it is said, might take a rank outside and by a majority vote place him in the speaker's chair and cloth him with all a speaker's authority.

The constitution simply says (article 1, section 2) "The house of representatives shall choose their speaker and other officers," and there is no law defining or restricting their choice of speakers to members of the house itself any more than there is a law requiring them to elect a clerk from among their own number or prohibiting them to do so if they saw fit. It is custom that causes the speaker to be chosen from among members of the house, not law or constitutional requirement. It is therefore urged by those who advocate the exercise of autocratic power by the vice president to cut the Gordian knot, that his position in that body is even stronger than that of the speaker of the house, inasmuch as he is made the presiding officer of the senate by the constitution itself.

Members of the house committee on rules are watching the opening of the senate fight with undivided interest. Speaker Crisp is often seen on the floor of the senate when the house is not in session, and his predecessor (Mr. Reed), also a member of the house, has taken delight in looking in at all times. Mr. Catchings, of Mississippi, the speaker's right bower in the rules committee, thinks the whole matter ought to be settled by a Democratic caucus.

As already said, hopes are strong that a compromise may be permitted to go through without any resort to extraordinary measures. Senator Dr-

bois, of Idaho, one of the most aggressive of the silver leaders, being asked how he viewed the situation, said, as he understood it, the plan was to continue the purchasing clause of the Sherman act to the first of January 1895. The Southern senators, he believed, would favor this, and the Western senators, though they would not vote for it, would not filibuster against it, but would let it go through and he believed there would be a clear majority in favor of it. He thought the favor men, both West and South, would resist any proposition to suspend the purchases on the first of July next. On the whole, he said, the silver men were pretty well pleased with the situation.

A CLOSURE RESOLUTION.

Mr. Voorhees Introduced It in the Senate Today.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—It required twenty minutes to secure the attendance of a quorum in the senate this morning. Mr. Voorhees then gave notice that after a short time devoted to morning business he should request an executive session. Then there was some routine business.

Mr. Morgan introduced a bill to facilitate the collection of debts of aided railroad companies to the United States. Before going into executive session at 10:30 a closure resolution was introduced by Mr. Voorhees and went over till tomorrow. He said that it was practically the same as that heretofore referred to by Mr. Hill.

It provides that, after any bill or resolution has been debated thirty days, any senator may submit a motion fixing a time to take the final vote; that the motion shall be put immediately, and that during its pendency, or at the time fixed for the final vote (if adopted by a majority of all members of the senate) no debate or amendment or motion shall be permitted.

The senate in executive session this afternoon considered the case of J. J. Van Alen, favorably reported to the ambassador to Italy. A motion to send the nomination back to the committee was laid on the table and Van Alen was then confirmed by a vote of 39 to 22.

At 3:10 the doors were re-opened, and the senate was in open session, transacting business in the morning hour. The house bill suspending the requirements as to labor of the mining laws, was passed with an amendment and the silver bill was taken up, Mr. Peffer offering a free coinage amendment reviving the act of 1837.

The House.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The attendance in the house was very small this morning. On motion of Mr. Sayres, a bill was passed providing for the urgent deficiencies of the government. It appropriates \$355,000.

A Cabinet Meeting.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—Special meeting of the cabinet, has been called for this afternoon. The situation in the senate is believed to be the subject that necessitated the meeting.

A MURDER IN ST. PAUL.

William Haenggi, a Carpenter, Shot His Wife, Who Was the Mother of Sixteen Children.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 20.—A particularly cold blooded murder occurred shortly after 10 o'clock last night at the corner of Milton and James streets. William Haenggi, a carpenter, was the murderer and his wife was the victim. The cause for the terrible deed is not known, but it is supposed they had a dispute after retiring, and he shot her. Clothed in a night dress, she ran to the house of a neighbor where she died in a few minutes.

Haenggi escaped, but at an early hour this morning gave himself up to the police. The murdered woman was the mother of sixteen children, eight of whom are still living.

SERIOUS PRAIRIE FIRES.

A Dozen Farmers in South Dakota Have Lost Everything.

HURON, S. D., Oct. 20.—From Faulk county comes news of the most destructive prairie fire that has ever visited that part of the state. Over a dozen farmers have been burned out, some losing everything except the clothing upon their persons.

Many head of horses, sheep and other stock perished and immense quantities of grain, hay, farm machinery and buildings were consumed. The loss in Faulk county will reach \$25,000 and in Hand county \$15,000.

Treasury Changes.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—Official changes were made in the treasury department today as follows: Appointed, B. F. Jossey, of Washington, immigration inspector; Charles C. Williams, of Michigan, immigration inspector; and Alfred Smith, of Illinois, Chinese inspector. Removed: H. H. Schell, of Arizona, immigration inspector.

Northern Pacific Officers.
NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—The directors of the Northern Pacific met this morning and elected the following officers: President, Brayton Ives; first vice president, Robert Harris; second vice president, C. H. Prescott; treasurer, George S. Baxter; secretary, George H. Earle; counsel for the company, Col. Charles W. Pettit, of Philadelphia.

Two Minneapolis Failures.
MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 20.—C. H. Pratt, a real estate dealer, has assigned. The assignment has also forced the St. Anthony Park Realty company to the wall, he being president. Pratt and the company owned realty in East Minneapolis and St. Anthony Park valued at \$700,000.

Immense Mill Burned.
SHANGHAI, Oct. 20.—The great Chinese cotton mill in this city has been destroyed by fire. The loss amounts to \$500,000. There is no insurance.

THIRTY KILLED.

The Worst Railroad Wreck This Year Occurred Early This Morning on the Grand Trunk.

According to the Latest Reports, Thirty People Have Died and the List Is Increasing.

Two Coaches Completely Telescoped and Took Fire and the Occupants Burned to Death.

A Horrible Sight Presented by a Woman Who Was Slowly Cremated Before the Spectators' Eyes.

Two Persons Were Seriously and Six Others Slightly Injured in an Illinois Central Wreck.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Oct. 20.—The worst accident of this year occurred about 4 o'clock this morning in the yards of the Chicago & Grand Trunk railroad close by the round house in the yards by which at least twenty-five persons lost their lives and double as many more were injured. A Raymond & Whitcomb special train of passengers from New York and Boston were returning from Chicago. The train was in charge of Conductor Scott, of this city, and Engineer Woolley, and took orders at this station to meet at Nichols No. 9, the Pacific express going west due at this station at 1:35 o'clock this morning, but which was three hours late.

The conductor or engineer, or both, of the Raymond special disobeyed orders and passed Nichols station and collided with the Pacific express coming west at the rate of about thirty miles an hour. The two engines were driven into each other and are a total wreck. The one on the express was No. 158 a new Cook engine in use only two weeks.

The engineers and firemen, when they saw that a collision was inevitable, shut off steam, reversed engines, put on brakes and all jumped and escaped without serious injury. The engineer of the Pacific express was named Gilbrashaw and the conductor Burke. The conductor was badly hurt but being caught in the car.

When the collision took place the second and third day coaches on No. 9, the train going west, were completely telescoped. It was in these cars that the horrible sacrifice of life took place. The second coach cut through the third coach like a knife, and the roof passed over the heads of the sleeping and ill-fated passengers who were completely entombed in a fiery furnace. The engine and baggage car of the special were badly wrecked, but the coaches being sleepers and the train moving slowly escaped serious injury.

The passengers in the front coaches were more or less injured and on one of them, No. 13, called the unlucky coach, which has been in several accidents before, there were twenty-five dead bodies taken from the wreck by the firemen. They were pinioned under seats and jammed up against the end of the coach by the next coach which had telescoped it, and then burned like rats in a trap.

The accident was a mile from a fire station and before water could be turned on the cars they were all burned. No one on the Raymond special was injured. The Pacific express was made up of thirteen old coaches and four of them were completely burned, catching fire from the lamps in the cars. The bodies were burned so badly as to be unrecognizable. Nearly all had their heads, arms or legs burned off and cannot be identified as yet.

As the third car was driven back through the second it swept the people in a mass to the north end of the latter car, in the vicinity of the stove, where most of the bodies were afterwards found. The cars immediately took fire and in an instant they were all in a blaze. The night yardman and the neighbors in the vicinity were on the scene as soon as possible.

One passenger escaped through the doorway. Others who escaped smashed out the windows and climbed through. Only three escaped from the left side and no more than six from the other side. All the rest of the occupants of the second coach perished. The most horrible sight was that presented by Mrs. Chas. Van Dusen, of Fort Plain, N. Y. She succeeded in getting half way out of the window, but her legs were fastened, and those who ran to her assistance could not release her. She was burned to death before their eyes, with one half of her body still hanging out of the window. Before death came to release her sufferings, she gave her name.

Henry Canfield, one of the night clerks at the Chicago & Grand Trunk offices, heard the crash and immediately pulled the fire alarm box and then telephoned the engine house and informed them of the wreck. The firemen responded promptly, but the wreck was over a mile away. The distance of the nearest hydrant from the wreck and the difficulty of driving the hose wagon between the cars and trucks delayed them, and the fire had gained considerable headway when the line of hose was finally laid, it taking 150 feet to reach the

Continued on page 3.

PANTON & WATSON

Glass Block Store,
DULUTH, - - MINN.

Saturday at Our Store.

You Will Find More Special Inducements.
You Will Find More Choice Novelties.
You Will Find More Genuine Bargains.
You Will Find a Greater Variety of Every Kind of Merchandise than all Other Stores in the City can Show you Combined.

Saturday is Flower Day!

Our second Saturday in the Flower business is tomorrow. We had only half enough last Saturday. We doubled our order for this week.

2000 Assorted Roses Worth \$2.50 Per Doz for 76c.
800 Carnations Worth \$1 Per Doz for 35c.
100 American Beauties Worth \$6 Per Doz for \$1.75.
300 Chrysanthemums Worth \$2 Per Doz for 95c.

GRAND GOOD BARGAINS FOR SATURDAY.

Cloak Dept.

MUFFS GIVEN AWAY FREE.
With every Ladies' Fur Trimmed Garment we will present the purchaser with a Muff to match the fur on the garment free of charge.

Gents' Furnishings.

Your choice of 200 Silk Neck Ties at 10c, if they are not worth a quarter take one for nothing.

Gloves.

Our entire stock of Ladies' Black Cashmere Gloves, worth and all ways sold for 35c, 39c and 45c, at 25c per pair.

Gents' Furnishings.

1 case Gents' Camel's Hair underwear, worth \$2.50 per suit, for \$1.50

Shoe Dept.

Saturday we offer Ladies' Fine Kid and Dongola Shoes at 95c, \$1.69, \$1.98, \$2.49 and \$2.90 pair. They are worth one-third more.

Leather Goods.

200 Shopping Bags, worth 50c, for 25c
100 Shopping Bags, worth 95c, for 50c.

Ladies' Underwear.

Our Ladies' Underwear at 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25 beats the world. Children's at 15c, 20c, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, nothing to compare with them anywhere.

Fur Dept.

Our entire stock of Fur Capes, 18 and 20-inch lengths, at exactly half price.

Jewelry Dept.

Have you seen those metal card trays Lace effects at 39c.

Candies.

500 pounds finest French Creams, sold all over the city for 50c. Sale price 35c, in boxes.

Linen Dept.

10 pieces Table Damask, with or without colored borders, 50c goods for 29c per yard.
100 dozen Huck and Damask Towels, 10c quality for 6c each.

Music! Music!

We have still about 50 books left of the New York Musical Echo containing four pieces instrumental and four vocal selections each piece worth 30c to 40c or an average of about \$2.80. The whole book complete for 15c each.

Crockery Dept.

1000 Fruit Plates at 15c, worth 25c.
500 Large Fruit Plates, at 18c, worth 35c.

OUR SPECIALTIES.

Cloaks, Furs, Dress Goods, Silks, Underwear, Millinery, Blankets and Comforters.

HARDWARE DEPARTMENT.

10c Each Worth 25 to 50c.
For one day only Saturday 21st, our entire stock of Flower Pot Brackets, worth from 25 to 50c. All go at 10c each.
For one day only Saturday 21st our entire stock of wire goods. Toasters, Broilers, Roast Rigs, Tea Strainers, Extension Strainers, Vegetable Boilers, Frying Baskets, Pie Stands, French Egg Whips, and everything in Wire Goods. All go at Half Price.

PANTON & WATSON.

FIVE PEOPLE KILLED

A Steam Boiler in a Dye House at Spokane Exploded and Fire Broke Out.

Next to the Dye House was a Bookstore Which Was Crushed By a Falling Wall.

The Proprietor and Several Customers Were Buried in the Ruins—Others May Have Perished.

SPokane, Wash., Oct. 20.—Last night a terrific explosion shook this city and a moment later fire broke out in the city dye house. After a desperate fight the fire was confined to the building in which it started. Upon investigation it was found that a steam boiler in the dye house had exploded. Almost every window for two blocks was shattered and several pedestrians who were passing at the time were knocked down and stunned.

Next to the dye house was Henry Friese's book store. Friese was waiting on some customers when the explosion took place, and the whole side of the wall fell in burying him, together with two ladies and a gentleman, under the debris. Friese was carried out by a fireman badly wounded. As soon as he was able to talk he informed the firemen that three people were in the burning building.

Three men badly burned.

Explosion of a Gasoline Torch in a Small Chicago Hotel.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—A gasoline torch such as street fakers use, exploded in the Ohio Park house, a small hotel near the Sixty-seventh street entrance to the World's fair grounds, at 1:30 this morning, gutting the building and badly burning three men.

They are: Dowling, Michael, 24 years old, burned about the face and hands, may lose his eyesight; Dowling, Patrick, 58 years old, burned about the face, hands, and body, may lose his eyesight; Schanman, Francis, bartender, burned about the face and body, may lose his eyesight.

The torch was used to light the back end of the barroom on the ground floor. The loss will not exceed \$1500.

Another Big Cyclone.

It Has Been Drifting Along the Gulf Stream Two Days.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The weather bureau has been keeping an eye for the last twenty-four hours on what promises to be the basis for another first class cyclone in the gulf, but reports last night indicated that there will not be much, if anything, felt of the blow in the eastern coast region, at least not above Florida. The cyclone, which is a big one, has had its formation in the Gulf of Mexico and has been drifting along with the gulf stream for a day or two. Last night the storm center was over Key West, with heavy winds and rain but no damage was done, and the indications were that disturbance was following the course of the gulf stream and would drive well off to sea without doing any damage on the coast.

Convicted of Murder.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Oct. 20.—Elmer Chaudick, who killed a man named Pollan here last January, was yesterday convicted of murder in the first degree with a recommendation to imprisonment for life.

Dan Coughlin's Trial.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—The trial of Dan Coughlin, ex-police detective indicted for complicity in the murder of Dr. O'Connell, has been set for Oct. 30, before Judge Tuthill.

American's Great Danger

AN ENGLISH COMMENTARY.

Said an eminent English scientist recently: "The danger that confronts the great American people to-day is not the possible adoption of a wrong financial policy for the nation, or the spread of socialism, or the increase of corruption among public men. All these are bad enough, to be sure, but they are as nothing compared to the terrible national disease—I had almost said national crime—of overwork. The mad rush for wealth is set at a killing pace, and thousands fall by the way every year."

You are likely to be one of the victims! How do we know? Because it is the exception to find a man or woman of adult age in perfect health. Nervous Disorders are spreading with fearful rapidity. Among the symptoms are—Backache, Blisters, Cold Hands and Feet, Dizziness, Hot Flashes, Fluttering Sensation, Fainting, Headache, Hysteria, Irritability of the Heart, Melancholy, Failing Memory, Palpitation, Rheumatism, Short Breath, Sleeplessness, Nervous Dyspepsia, Sexual Debility, Fits, etc.

Rev. C. A. CARROLL, pastor First Baptist Church, Yellow Springs, O., writes as follows: "I have used Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine for the past six months. I find it acts like a charm on the whole nervous system. I have not found it equal in giving immediate relief. Dr. Miles' Little Nerve and Liver Pills only need a trial and they will recommend themselves to be the best pills in the market."

"For five years I have suffered from Nervous Prostration, I was unable to work or sleep. The first dose of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine gave me relief and one thousand dollars would not cover the good it has done me." JOHN MINCHER, Youngstown, Ohio.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine is unequalled in curing Nervous Disorders. It contains no opiates or dangerous drugs. Sold on a positive guarantee by all druggists, or Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

NORTHERN PACIFIC FUNDS.

A Very Large Deficit Reported in the Past Year.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—The report of the board of directors of the Northern Pacific Railroad company submitted to the stockholders yesterday shows gross earnings for the fiscal year ending June 30 of \$20,551,302.94, with a net income of \$12,024,689.78. Rentals, interest on the funded debt, guaranty to branch roads and other interests, sinking fund payments and sundries aggregate \$14,813,015.46, leaving a deficit for the year of \$8,526,613.16.

The preferred stock is \$424,118.63 less than that of last year, or \$36,140,131.42. The common stock is \$19,000,000. During the year the funded debt was increased \$6,000,000 in collateral trust notes, with a counter reduction of \$1,080,000.

TO PURCHASE IRONCLADS.

The Brazilian Minister Trying to Buy Two War Vessels.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—The World's Buenos Ayres, Argentina, special says: The Brazilian minister here is trying to negotiate the purchase of two ironclads from the Argentine government, but is not likely to succeed. Agents of the revolutionists have asked the Argentine government to recognize the independence of the revolting Brazilian states of Rio Grande do Sul and Santa Catharina.

It is said that the Perito government has made a clandestine issue of \$75,000,000 in bonds to raise money for war expenses.

A Millionaire's Will.

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Charles Bathgate Beck, the West Farms millionaire who died a week ago, left an estate which will foot up \$5,000,000 or \$6,000,000. The will has not yet been filed, but it is understood that Mr. Beck bequeaths to several legatees several hundred thousands of which Mr. Jessup, who for years has been Mr. Beck's right hand man, and his mother receive about \$250,000. With one or two exceptions, all of the legacies in lots of not over \$10,000, the residue of the estate is divided into seven parts to be devoted to educational and charitable purposes.

Killed in a Runaway.

HUNTINGTON, Ind., Oct. 20.—Yesterday, while James Harshman, his little son, Gus Mills, and Charles Harshman, of Shillaker, a little town near Muncie, were driving over a bridge over the Chicago & Erie road, their team became frightened at an approaching train and ran away. James Harshman was killed and instantly killed, Gus Mills had a leg broken and Charles Harshman had his hip badly injured. The boy was uninjured.

New Receiver Wanted.

TOLEDO, Oct. 20.—The Central Trust company of New York, yesterday filed a bill of complaint in the United States court asking for the foreclosure of \$2,210,000 mortgage and also asking that a new receiver be appointed and that the present officers of the Ann Arbor Railroad company be restrained from disposing of any of the property or interfering in any way.

The Bankers' Convention.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20.—The report of the nominating committee, the following officers for the ensuing year were elected by the bankers' convention: President, J. M. White, president of the Fourth National Bank of Cincinnati; first vice president, John J. O'Dell, president of the Union National Bank of Chicago; members of the executive council to fill vacancies, Dumont Clarke, J. B. Fargan, A. B. Hepburn, M. H. Rhawn, John B. Branch, T. B. Day and F. W. Hayes. A vice president from each state was also chosen.

Three Found Guilty.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 20.—Yesterday in the criminal court the cases of John Karp, John Kontra, Michael Salokan and George Sulo, all Hungarians, who have been on trial for the murder of George Klacky, rendered a verdict finding Karp, Sulo and Salokan guilty of murder in the second degree. Kontra was acquitted.

Wanted for Forgery.

TIFFIN, Ohio, Oct. 20.—A. F. Potter, claiming to be a Santa Fe railway official in Denver, and Miss Minnie Hall, a prepossessing young lady of Fairmount, W. Va., were married here Wednesday and yesterday a telegram ordering Potter's arrest for forgery in Illinois was received and an offer of \$500 reward for his capture. Potter and his bride left here Wednesday afternoon for Paris unknown.

Two Taken Out Dead.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 20.—An accident resulting in the death of two men occurred in the Carnegie Steel works at Homestead. Laborers digging a trench were covered under several feet of clay by a cave-in. Andrew Dursk and John McManus were dead when taken out. Both men leave families residing in Homestead. Five other men were seriously but not fatally injured.

The Tribesmen Surrounded.

MADRID, Oct. 20.—The Herald publishes a dispatch from Tangier stating that the forces of the sultan of Morocco have surrounded the hostile Frangia, Mezquita and Mazza Kabyles, who made the recent attack on the Spanish garrison at Melilla. The place at which the tribesmen are said to be surrounded is between Talifa and Talas Mountains.

An Engineer Killed.

SALINA, Kan., Oct. 20.—On the Union railway at Bavaria yesterday an east bound freight, running at full speed jumped the track, wrecking a number of freight cars. Engineer Frank Schuyler was instantly killed and brakeman J. P. Craft probably fatally injured.

Resignation Accepted.

BERLIN, Oct. 20.—The emperor has accepted the resignation of Gen. Van Kattenborn-Stachau, minister of war. His successor will probably be Gen. Von Blum.

California's Fruit Crop.

\$50,000,000 worth raised this year. Do you want to know where and at what profit the golden orange is raised? Do you want to know where and what profit the unsurpassed California raisin grape is grown or the delicious peach, the loveliest fruit in the world, or the magnificent grape? Do you want to know how to travel through the district most comfortably and cheaply? If you do, address CALIFORNIA BUREAU OF INFORMATION, Room 1138 Guaranty Loan Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

IS A MATTER OF HOURS

The Arrest of the Men Who Robbed the American Express Company Expected Very Soon.

Concluded That the Money, Amounting to \$22,500, Was Stolen Between New York and St. Louis.

The Officers Are Now Working on a Clue That Will Reach the Guilty Parties.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 20.—General Manager A. A. Antisdel, General Superintendent J. Trumbull, of the American Express company, and Special Guard Korzenko held a conference of five hours yesterday, the result of which the express officers refused to divulge. General Manager Antisdel stated to a reporter:

"We have come to the conclusion the money was stolen between New York and St. Louis and it will be only a matter of hours before we have the guilty parties under arrest. I won't say whom we suspect, as under the circumstances we suspect everyone who had anything to do with the conveyance of the money, but we are working on a clue which will cause the arrest of parties whom we strongly suspect."

Mr. Antisdel stated the exact amount missing was \$22,500. President Fargo acknowledges the responsibility of the company for the money.

KING MATABELE DEFEATED.

The British Troops Gained a Victory in South Africa.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 20.—The British troops sent against King Matabele's warriors met and defeated the enemy Oct. 16. The several columns sent out against the natives will unite and attack Bulawayo, Matabele's stronghold.

A force of natives loyal to the British are protecting the gold miners at the several gold reefs of the British South African company. A vigorous effort will be made to crush Matabele's power.

In the engagement with the natives Capt. Campbell was shot in the leg which had to be amputated. There were no other casualties.

Robbed of \$15,000.

DALLAS, Tex., Oct. 20.—James T. Dargan, vice president of the Security Mortgage and Trust company of this city and prominent in insurance and financial circles, was robbed of a satchel containing \$15,000 in negotiable notes and bonds on a Texas Pacific train, between Dallas and Longview junction yesterday.

Yes, trunks to any part of the city, 25 cents. Duluth Van company, 315 West First street. Telephone 440.

THE LOWELL.

Only persons who can furnish good reference need apply.

N. J. UPHAM & CO., Agents, 16 Third Avenue West.

How to Buy Groceries

Take salt for example. What do you ask your grocer for—just plain salt, and take what he gives you? Do you ever stop to think that there is as much difference in the quality of salt as there is in butter? It's so, and the good salt is more economical than the poor because it goes farther. The way to get the best is to ask for Diamond Crystal Salt. It's clear salt—without anything else—no impurities; no adulterations—nothing but salt. At all grocers. Prepared by Diamond Crystal Salt Co., St. Clair, Mich.

If you wish to drink a choice Glass of Lager call for

Fitger's Beer.

Wholesome, Palatable and Non-alcoholic.

Flower Day!

At 9:30 Tomorrow Morning We Will Put on Sale the Following

FINE CUT FLOWERS

2000 Assorted Roses, worth \$2.50.....For 75c per doz
800 Carnations, worth \$1.....For 35c per doz
1000 American Beauties, worth \$6.....For \$1.75 per doz
300 Chrysanthemums, worth \$2.....For 95c per doz

IN LESS THAN DOZENS THE PRICE WILL BE:

Roses.....8c Each
Carnations.....4c Each
American Beauties.....18c Each
Chrysanthemums.....10c Each

Twelve Different Kinds of Roses This Week.

TOMORROW THE DAY.

PANTON & WATSON.

IT PAYS!

To give the People an invitation to trade with you.

The best way is to advertise in THE HERALD.

IT PAYS!

Can Secure Competent Servants by Advertising in THE HERALD WANT CO. LUMNS.

THE RUGGED CHILD

is largely an "outdoor" product. Fresh air and exercise usually produce sound appetite and sound sleep. Sickly children obtain great benefit from

Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil with Hypophosphites, a fat-food rapid of assimilation and almost as palatable as milk.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

THE LOWELL.

Only persons who can furnish good reference need apply.

N. J. UPHAM & CO., Agents, 16 Third Avenue West.

How to Buy Groceries

Take salt for example. What do you ask your grocer for—just plain salt, and take what he gives you? Do you ever stop to think that there is as much difference in the quality of salt as there is in butter? It's so, and the good salt is more economical than the poor because it goes farther. The way to get the best is to ask for Diamond Crystal Salt. It's clear salt—without anything else—no impurities; no adulterations—nothing but salt. At all grocers. Prepared by Diamond Crystal Salt Co., St. Clair, Mich.

If you wish to drink a choice Glass of Lager call for

Fitger's Beer.

Wholesome, Palatable and Non-alcoholic.

Flower Day!

At 9:30 Tomorrow Morning We Will Put on Sale the Following

FINE CUT FLOWERS

2000 Assorted Roses, worth \$2.50.....For 75c per doz
800 Carnations, worth \$1.....For 35c per doz
1000 American Beauties, worth \$6.....For \$1.75 per doz
300 Chrysanthemums, worth \$2.....For 95c per doz

IN LESS THAN DOZENS THE PRICE WILL BE:

Roses.....8c Each
Carnations.....4c Each
American Beauties.....18c Each
Chrysanthemums.....10c Each

Twelve Different Kinds of Roses This Week.

TOMORROW THE DAY.

PANTON & WATSON.

IT PAYS!

To give the People an invitation to trade with you.

The best way is to advertise in THE HERALD.

IT PAYS!

Can Secure Competent Servants by Advertising in THE HERALD WANT CO. LUMNS.

The Rugged Child

is largely an "outdoor" product. Fresh air and exercise usually produce sound appetite and sound sleep. Sickly children obtain great benefit from

Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil with Hypophosphites, a fat-food rapid of assimilation and almost as palatable as milk.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

THE LOWELL.

Only persons who can furnish good reference need apply.

N. J. UPHAM & CO., Agents, 16 Third Avenue West.

How to Buy Groceries

Take salt for example. What do you ask your grocer for—just plain salt, and take what he gives you? Do you ever stop to think that there is as much difference in the quality of salt as there is in butter? It's so, and the good salt is more economical than the poor because it goes farther. The way to get the best is to ask for Diamond Crystal Salt. It's clear salt—without anything else—no impurities; no adulterations—nothing but salt. At all grocers. Prepared by Diamond Crystal Salt Co., St. Clair, Mich.

If you wish to drink a choice Glass of Lager call for

Fitger's Beer.

Wholesome, Palatable and Non-alcoholic.

Flower Day!

At 9:30 Tomorrow Morning We Will Put on Sale the Following

FINE CUT FLOWERS

2000 Assorted Roses, worth \$2.50.....For 75c per doz
800 Carnations, worth \$1.....For 35c per doz
1000 American Beauties, worth \$6.....For \$1.75 per doz
300 Chrysanthemums, worth \$2.....For 95c per doz

IN LESS THAN DOZENS THE PRICE WILL BE:

Roses.....8c Each
Carnations.....4c Each
American Beauties.....18c Each
Chrysanthemums.....10c Each

Twelve Different Kinds of Roses This Week.

TOMORROW THE DAY.

PANTON & WATSON.

IT PAYS!

To give the People an invitation to trade with you.

The best way is to advertise in THE HERALD.

IT PAYS!

Can Secure Competent Servants by Advertising in THE HERALD WANT CO. LUMNS.

THE RUGGED CHILD

is largely an "outdoor" product. Fresh air and exercise usually produce sound appetite and sound sleep. Sickly children obtain great benefit from

Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil with Hypophosphites, a fat-food rapid of assimilation and almost as palatable as milk.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

THE LOWELL.

Only persons who can furnish good reference need apply.

N. J. UPHAM & CO., Agents, 16 Third Avenue West.

How to Buy Groceries

Take salt for example. What do you ask your grocer for—just plain salt, and take what he gives you? Do you ever stop to think that there is as much difference in the quality of salt as there is in butter? It's so, and the good salt is more economical than the poor because it goes farther. The way to get the best is to ask for Diamond Crystal Salt. It's clear salt—without anything else—no impurities; no adulterations—nothing but salt. At all grocers. Prepared by Diamond Crystal Salt Co., St. Clair, Mich.

If you wish to drink a choice Glass of Lager call for

Fitger's Beer.

Wholesome, Palatable and Non-alcoholic.

Flower Day!

At 9:30 Tomorrow Morning We Will Put on Sale the Following

FINE CUT FLOWERS

2000 Assorted Roses, worth \$2.50.....For 75c per doz
800 Carnations, worth \$1.....For 35c per doz
1000 American Beauties, worth \$6.....For \$1.75 per doz
300 Chrysanthemums, worth \$2.....For 95c per doz

IN LESS THAN DOZENS THE PRICE WILL BE:

Roses.....8c Each
Carnations.....4c Each
American Beauties.....18c Each
Chrysanthemums.....10c Each

Twelve Different Kinds of Roses This Week.

TOMORROW THE DAY.

PANTON & WATSON.

IT PAYS!

To give the People an invitation to trade with you.

The best way is to advertise in THE HERALD.

IT PAYS!

Can Secure Competent Servants by Advertising in THE HERALD WANT CO. LUMNS.

THE RUGGED CHILD

is largely an "outdoor" product. Fresh air and exercise usually produce sound appetite and sound sleep. Sickly children obtain great benefit from

Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil with Hypophosphites, a fat-food rapid of assimilation and almost as palatable as milk.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

THE LOWELL.

Only persons who can furnish good reference need apply.

N. J. UPHAM & CO., Agents, 16 Third Avenue West.

How to Buy Groceries

Take salt for example. What do you ask your grocer for—just plain salt, and take what he gives you? Do you ever stop to think that there is as much difference in the quality of salt as there is in butter? It's so, and the good salt is more economical than the poor because it goes farther. The way to get the best is to ask for Diamond Crystal Salt. It's clear salt—without anything else—no impurities; no adulterations—nothing but salt. At all grocers. Prepared by Diamond Crystal Salt Co., St. Clair, Mich.

If you wish to drink a choice Glass of Lager call for

Fitger's Beer.

Wholesome, Palatable and Non-alcoholic.

Flower Day!

At 9:30 Tomorrow Morning We Will Put on Sale the Following

FINE CUT FLOWERS

2000 Assorted Roses, worth \$2.50.....For 75c per doz
800 Carnations, worth \$1.....For 35c per doz
1000 American Beauties, worth \$6.....For \$1.75 per doz
300 Chrysanthemums, worth \$2.....For 95c per doz

IN LESS THAN DOZENS THE PRICE WILL BE:

Roses.....8c Each
Carnations.....4c Each
American

PHILLIPS & CO.,

218 West Superior Street.

LADIES' SHOES.



We offer FOR SATURDAY ONLY, our Ladies' Extension Sole Street Shoe, like the above cut, or in the plain common sense last; regular price \$5.00.

Saturday's Price.

\$3.50

SCHOOL SHOES.



Boys' School Shoes, well made and serviceable; button or lace.

Sizes 11 to 2, - \$1.00

Sizes 3 to 5, - \$1.40

Our best, every pair warranted; all widths and sizes.

Prices, - - \$2.00

Misses' Spring Heel Patent Tip Button.

Sizes 11 to 2, - \$1.50

Sizes 8 to 10, - \$1.15

PHILLIPS & CO.

Port of Duluth.

ARRIVED.

Prop City of Traverse, Chicago; passengers and merchandise.

Prop U. S. Lockwood, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

Prop Iron Chief, Lake Erie; coal.

DECISIONS RECEIVED

Commissioner Lamoreux Has Reversed the Decisions of the Local Officers in Two Cases.

An Application Rejected Because Improvements Had Been Made on the Land, Is Ordered Received.

The Defendant's Entry Is Ordered to Be Cancelled in the Case of Sanford vs. Bunder.

A decision from the United States land commissioner in the matter of the rejected application of Peter Grinier to purchase under the timber and stone act the s¹/₂ of the sec¹/₂ of section 24, and the n¹/₂ of section 25, 68-20, has been received here. Grinier filed May 23, 1893. His application was rejected on the grounds that there were improvements on the land.

Grinier excepted to the decision for the following reasons specified as error: First—To reject applicant's timber statement, when the same was accompanied by an allegation of collusion and fraud sufficient to impeach the good faith of any subsequent applicant under any of the public land laws. Second—That it was error not to allow the timber statement of record, as the same was the first one presented in point of time and the land applied for was vacant, unoffered and unappropriated public land subject to entry under the timber and stone act. Third—That it was error to hold by influence, or otherwise, that the improvements of an invalid adverse claimant, were a bar to the allowance of an application under the timber and stone act.

The claimant in his affidavit stated that the property contained no improvements except a small unoccupied and uninhabitable shanty, which he was informed and believed was claimed by an employee of C. B. Buchanan, of Little Falls, Minn., who hired such person to acquire title to that land for the benefit of Buchanan.

The commissioner then goes on to say: "In the case of Wright vs. Larson it was

held that the 'exception in the act of June 1, 1878, is in favor of the bona fide settler; that a settlement to be bona fide must be for the purpose of making the tract a home; this is the test, and a settlement for the purpose of securing the timber on the land, or any other purpose than establishing a home, is not a bona fide settlement within the meaning of the act.'

"There does not appear as evidence, anything except the applicant's statement that there was an unoccupied and uninhabitable shanty on the land, which constitutes no bar to his application, which you will allow subject to any adverse claim, (showing prior bona fide settlement), when making proof. Your decision is reversed and the sworn statement and declaration of intention herewith returned."

The local United States land office this morning also received Commissioner Lamoreux's decision in the case of Samuel Sanford vs. Joseph Bunder, involving homestead entry for c¹/₂ of sec¹/₂, section 31, and sw¹/₂ of sw¹/₂, section 32, 59-17.

The only issue in the case is whether or not the claimant established a residence on the land in controversy prior to the contest. The local officers dismissed the contest. March 22, 1893, whereupon plaintiff appealed. The commissioner reviews the evidence, analyzes it, quotes from parts of it, and concludes as follows: "A careful examination of the record in this case convinces me that defendant had not, at the initiation of this contest, established a residence in good faith on the land in controversy. Your decision is, therefore, reversed, and defendant's entry held for cancellation."

Overcoats! Don't fail to inspect our line of men's overcoats—popular prices—\$5, \$6, \$8, \$10, \$12, \$18 and upwards.

C. W. ERICSON, 210 West Superior street.

COAL!

At present the Pioneer Fuel Company is making a discount of 50c per ton on

COAL!

When orders are accompanied by cash, making the net price to consumers in Duluth

\$6.75.

Pioneer Fuel Co.

Office 229 West Sup. St. Herald Building.

held that the 'exception in the act of June 1, 1878, is in favor of the bona fide settler; that a settlement to be bona fide must be for the purpose of making the tract a home; this is the test, and a settlement for the purpose of securing the timber on the land, or any other purpose than establishing a home, is not a bona fide settlement within the meaning of the act.'

"There does not appear as evidence, anything except the applicant's statement that there was an unoccupied and uninhabitable shanty on the land, which constitutes no bar to his application, which you will allow subject to any adverse claim, (showing prior bona fide settlement), when making proof. Your decision is reversed and the sworn statement and declaration of intention herewith returned."

The local United States land office this morning also received Commissioner Lamoreux's decision in the case of Samuel Sanford vs. Joseph Bunder, involving homestead entry for c¹/₂ of sec¹/₂, section 31, and sw¹/₂ of sw¹/₂, section 32, 59-17.

The only issue in the case is whether or not the claimant established a residence on the land in controversy prior to the contest. The local officers dismissed the contest. March 22, 1893, whereupon plaintiff appealed. The commissioner reviews the evidence, analyzes it, quotes from parts of it, and concludes as follows: "A careful examination of the record in this case convinces me that defendant had not, at the initiation of this contest, established a residence in good faith on the land in controversy. Your decision is, therefore, reversed, and defendant's entry held for cancellation."

Overcoats! Don't fail to inspect our line of men's overcoats—popular prices—\$5, \$6, \$8, \$10, \$12, \$18 and upwards.

C. W. ERICSON, 210 West Superior street.

held that the 'exception in the act of June 1, 1878, is in favor of the bona fide settler; that a settlement to be bona fide must be for the purpose of making the tract a home; this is the test, and a settlement for the purpose of securing the timber on the land, or any other purpose than establishing a home, is not a bona fide settlement within the meaning of the act.'

"There does not appear as evidence, anything except the applicant's statement that there was an unoccupied and uninhabitable shanty on the land, which constitutes no bar to his application, which you will allow subject to any adverse claim, (showing prior bona fide settlement), when making proof. Your decision is reversed and the sworn statement and declaration of intention herewith returned."

The local United States land office this morning also received Commissioner Lamoreux's decision in the case of Samuel Sanford vs. Joseph Bunder, involving homestead entry for c¹/₂ of sec¹/₂, section 31, and sw¹/₂ of sw¹/₂, section 32, 59-17.

The only issue in the case is whether or not the claimant established a residence on the land in controversy prior to the contest. The local officers dismissed the contest. March 22, 1893, whereupon plaintiff appealed. The commissioner reviews the evidence, analyzes it, quotes from parts of it, and concludes as follows: "A careful examination of the record in this case convinces me that defendant had not, at the initiation of this contest, established a residence in good faith on the land in controversy. Your decision is, therefore, reversed, and defendant's entry held for cancellation."

Overcoats! Don't fail to inspect our line of men's overcoats—popular prices—\$5, \$6, \$8, \$10, \$12, \$18 and upwards.

C. W. ERICSON, 210 West Superior street.

held that the 'exception in the act of June 1, 1878, is in favor of the bona fide settler; that a settlement to be bona fide must be for the purpose of making the tract a home; this is the test, and a settlement for the purpose of securing the timber on the land, or any other purpose than establishing a home, is not a bona fide settlement within the meaning of the act.'

"There does not appear as evidence, anything except the applicant's statement that there was an unoccupied and uninhabitable shanty on the land, which constitutes no bar to his application, which you will allow subject to any adverse claim, (showing prior bona fide settlement), when making proof. Your decision is reversed and the sworn statement and declaration of intention herewith returned."

The local United States land office this morning also received Commissioner Lamoreux's decision in the case of Samuel Sanford vs. Joseph Bunder, involving homestead entry for c¹/₂ of sec¹/₂, section 31, and sw¹/₂ of sw¹/₂, section 32, 59-17.

The only issue in the case is whether or not the claimant established a residence on the land in controversy prior to the contest. The local officers dismissed the contest. March 22, 1893, whereupon plaintiff appealed. The commissioner reviews the evidence, analyzes it, quotes from parts of it, and concludes as follows: "A careful examination of the record in this case convinces me that defendant had not, at the initiation of this contest, established a residence in good faith on the land in controversy. Your decision is, therefore, reversed, and defendant's entry held for cancellation."

Overcoats! Don't fail to inspect our line of men's overcoats—popular prices—\$5, \$6, \$8, \$10, \$12, \$18 and upwards.

C. W. ERICSON, 210 West Superior street.

held that the 'exception in the act of June 1, 1878, is in favor of the bona fide settler; that a settlement to be bona fide must be for the purpose of making the tract a home; this is the test, and a settlement for the purpose of securing the timber on the land, or any other purpose than establishing a home, is not a bona fide settlement within the meaning of the act.'

"There does not appear as evidence, anything except the applicant's statement that there was an unoccupied and uninhabitable shanty on the land, which constitutes no bar to his application, which you will allow subject to any adverse claim, (showing prior bona fide settlement), when making proof. Your decision is reversed and the sworn statement and declaration of intention herewith returned."

The local United States land office this morning also received Commissioner Lamoreux's decision in the case of Samuel Sanford vs. Joseph Bunder, involving homestead entry for c¹/₂ of sec¹/₂, section 31, and sw¹/₂ of sw¹/₂, section 32, 59-17.

The only issue in the case is whether or not the claimant established a residence on the land in controversy prior to the contest. The local officers dismissed the contest. March 22, 1893, whereupon plaintiff appealed. The commissioner reviews the evidence, analyzes it, quotes from parts of it, and concludes as follows: "A careful examination of the record in this case convinces me that defendant had not, at the initiation of this contest, established a residence in good faith on the land in controversy. Your decision is, therefore, reversed, and defendant's entry held for cancellation."

Overcoats! Don't fail to inspect our line of men's overcoats—popular prices—\$5, \$6, \$8, \$10, \$12, \$18 and upwards.

C. W. ERICSON, 210 West Superior street.

held that the 'exception in the act of June 1, 1878, is in favor of the bona fide settler; that a settlement to be bona fide must be for the purpose of making the tract a home; this is the test, and a settlement for the purpose of securing the timber on the land, or any other purpose than establishing a home, is not a bona fide settlement within the meaning of the act.'

"There does not appear as evidence, anything except the applicant's statement that there was an unoccupied and uninhabitable shanty on the land, which constitutes no bar to his application, which you will allow subject to any adverse claim, (showing prior bona fide settlement), when making proof. Your decision is reversed and the sworn statement and declaration of intention herewith returned."

The local United States land office this morning also received Commissioner Lamoreux's decision in the case of Samuel Sanford vs. Joseph Bunder, involving homestead entry for c¹/₂ of sec¹/₂, section 31, and sw¹/₂ of sw¹/₂, section 32, 59-17.

The only issue in the case is whether or not the claimant established a residence on the land in controversy prior to the contest. The local officers dismissed the contest. March 22, 1893, whereupon plaintiff appealed. The commissioner reviews the evidence, analyzes it, quotes from parts of it, and concludes as follows: "A careful examination of the record in this case convinces me that defendant had not, at the initiation of this contest, established a residence in good faith on the land in controversy. Your decision is, therefore, reversed, and defendant's entry held for cancellation."

Overcoats! Don't fail to inspect our line of men's overcoats—popular prices—\$5, \$6, \$8, \$10, \$12, \$18 and upwards.

C. W. ERICSON, 210 West Superior street.

held that the 'exception in the act of June 1, 1878, is in favor of the bona fide settler; that a settlement to be bona fide must be for the purpose of making the tract a home; this is the test, and a settlement for the purpose of securing the timber on the land, or any other purpose than establishing a home, is not a bona fide settlement within the meaning of the act.'

"There does not appear as evidence, anything except the applicant's statement that there was an unoccupied and uninhabitable shanty on the land, which constitutes no bar to his application, which you will allow subject to any adverse claim, (showing prior bona fide settlement), when making proof. Your decision is reversed and the sworn statement and declaration of intention herewith returned."

The local United States land office this morning also received Commissioner Lamoreux's decision in the case of Samuel Sanford vs. Joseph Bunder, involving homestead entry for c¹/₂ of sec¹/₂, section 31, and sw¹/₂ of sw¹/₂, section 32, 59-17.

The only issue in the case is whether or not the claimant established a residence on the land in controversy prior to the contest. The local officers dismissed the contest. March 22, 1893, whereupon plaintiff appealed. The commissioner reviews the evidence, analyzes it, quotes from parts of it, and concludes as follows: "A careful examination of the record in this case convinces me that defendant had not, at the initiation of this contest, established a residence in good faith on the land in controversy. Your decision is, therefore, reversed, and defendant's entry held for cancellation."

Overcoats! Don't fail to inspect our line of men's overcoats—popular prices—\$5, \$6, \$8, \$10, \$12, \$18 and upwards.

C. W. ERICSON, 210 West Superior street.

held that the 'exception in the act of June 1, 1878, is in favor of the bona fide settler; that a settlement to be bona fide must be for the purpose of making the tract a home; this is the test, and a settlement for the purpose of securing the timber on the land, or any other purpose than establishing a home, is not a bona fide settlement within the meaning of the act.'

"There does not appear as evidence, anything except the applicant's statement that there was an unoccupied and uninhabitable shanty on the land, which constitutes no bar to his application, which you will allow subject to any adverse claim, (showing prior bona fide settlement), when making proof. Your decision is reversed and the sworn statement and declaration of intention herewith returned."

The local United States land office this morning also received Commissioner Lamoreux's decision in the case of Samuel Sanford vs. Joseph Bunder, involving homestead entry for c¹/₂ of sec¹/₂, section 31, and sw¹/₂ of sw¹/₂, section 32, 59-17.

The only issue in the case is whether or not the claimant established a residence on the land in controversy prior to the contest. The local officers dismissed the contest. March 22, 1893, whereupon plaintiff appealed. The commissioner reviews the evidence, analyzes it, quotes from parts of it, and concludes as follows: "A careful examination of the record in this case convinces me that defendant had not, at the initiation of this contest, established a residence in good faith on the land in controversy. Your decision is, therefore, reversed, and defendant's entry held for cancellation."

Overcoats! Don't fail to inspect our line of men's overcoats—popular prices—\$5, \$6, \$8, \$10, \$12, \$18 and upwards.

C. W. ERICSON, 210 West Superior street.

held that the 'exception in the act of June 1, 1878, is in favor of the bona fide settler; that a settlement to be bona fide must be for the purpose of making the tract a home; this is the test, and a settlement for the purpose of securing the timber on the land, or any other purpose than establishing a home, is not a bona fide settlement within the meaning of the act.'



Just to Start the Saw Buzzing With a Loud Buzz,

We Will Make a Record Breaker In the Clothing Arena.

For TOMORROW, Saturday, Oct. 21st, '93,

We will place on sale 3692 Men's Tailor-made, ready-to-wear Suits; 1985 Men's Tailor-made, ready-to-wear Overcoats

At the People's Popular Price,

\$15.00

These Suits and Overcoats

Are all this fall's productions. New Stylish Cuts and Fabrics, the cream of the Eastern markets.

As the sale closes Saturday night at 10:30, we would ask all who can to call early in the day, as you know how busy we always are in the evening.

We want you to call and examine the goods at these prices.

You Will Miss It, If You Miss It.

Bargains at All Hours at Saturday's Special Suit and Overcoat Sale.



Office 229 West Sup. St. Herald Building.

held that the 'exception in the act of June 1, 1878, is in favor of the bona fide settler; that a settlement to be bona fide must be for the purpose of making the tract a home; this is the test, and a settlement for the purpose of securing the timber on the land, or any other purpose than establishing a home, is not a bona fide settlement within the meaning of the act.'

"There does not appear as evidence, anything except the applicant's statement that there was an unoccupied and uninhabitable shanty on the land, which constitutes no bar to his application, which you will allow subject to any adverse claim, (showing prior bona fide settlement), when making proof. Your decision is reversed and the sworn statement and declaration of intention herewith returned."

The local United States land office this morning also received Commissioner Lamoreux's decision in the case of Samuel Sanford vs. Joseph Bunder, involving homestead entry for c¹/₂ of sec¹/₂, section 31, and sw¹/₂ of sw¹/₂, section 32, 59-17.

The only issue in the case is whether or not the claimant established a residence on the land in controversy prior to the contest. The local officers dismissed the contest. March 22, 1893, whereupon plaintiff appealed. The commissioner reviews the evidence, analyzes it, quotes from parts of it, and concludes as follows: "A careful examination of the record in this case convinces me that defendant had not, at the initiation of this contest, established a residence in good faith on the land in controversy. Your decision is, therefore, reversed, and defendant's entry held for cancellation."

Overcoats! Don't fail to inspect our line of men's overcoats—popular prices—\$5, \$6, \$8, \$10, \$12, \$18 and upwards.

C. W. ERICSON, 210 West Superior street.

held that the 'exception in the act of June 1, 1878, is in favor of the bona fide settler; that a settlement to be bona fide must be for the purpose of making the tract a home; this is the test, and a settlement for the purpose of securing the timber on the land, or any other purpose than establishing a home, is not a bona fide settlement within the meaning of the act.'

"There does not appear as evidence, anything except the applicant's statement that there was an unoccupied and uninhabitable shanty on the land, which constitutes no bar to his application, which you will allow subject to any adverse claim, (showing prior bona fide settlement), when making proof. Your decision is reversed and the sworn statement and declaration of intention herewith returned."

The local United States land office this morning also received Commissioner Lamoreux's decision in the case of Samuel Sanford vs. Joseph Bunder, involving homestead entry for c¹/₂ of sec¹/₂, section 31, and sw¹/₂ of sw¹/₂, section 32, 59-17.

The only issue in the case is whether or not the claimant established a residence on the land in controversy prior to the contest. The local officers dismissed the contest. March 22, 1893, whereupon plaintiff appealed. The commissioner reviews the evidence, analyzes it, quotes from parts of it, and concludes as follows: "A careful examination of the record in this case convinces me that defendant had not, at the initiation of this contest, established a residence in good faith on the land in controversy. Your decision is, therefore, reversed, and defendant's entry held for cancellation."

Overcoats! Don't fail to inspect our line of men's overcoats—popular prices—\$5, \$6, \$8, \$10, \$12, \$18 and upwards.

C. W. ERICSON, 210 West Superior street.

held that the 'exception in the act of June 1, 1878, is in favor of the bona fide settler; that a settlement to be bona fide must be for the purpose of making the tract a home; this is the test, and a settlement for the purpose of securing the timber on the land, or any other purpose than establishing a home, is not a bona fide settlement within the meaning of the act.'

"There does not appear as evidence, anything except the applicant's statement that there was an unoccupied and uninhabitable shanty on the land, which constitutes no bar to his application, which you will allow subject to any adverse claim, (showing prior bona fide settlement), when making proof. Your decision is reversed and the sworn statement and declaration of intention herewith returned."

The local United States land office this morning also received Commissioner Lamoreux's decision in the case of Samuel Sanford vs. Joseph Bunder, involving homestead entry for c¹/₂ of sec¹/₂, section 31, and sw¹/₂ of sw¹/₂, section 32, 59-17.

The only issue in the case is whether or not the claimant established a residence on the land in controversy prior to the contest. The local officers dismissed the contest. March 22, 1893, whereupon plaintiff appealed. The commissioner reviews the evidence, analyzes it, quotes from parts of it, and concludes as follows: "A careful examination of the record in this case convinces me that defendant had not, at the initiation of this contest, established a residence in good faith on the land in controversy. Your decision is, therefore, reversed, and defendant's entry held for cancellation."

Overcoats! Don't fail to inspect our line of men's overcoats—popular prices—\$5, \$6, \$8, \$10, \$12, \$18 and upwards.

C. W. ERICSON, 210 West Superior street.

held that the 'exception in the act of June 1, 1878, is in favor of the bona fide settler; that a settlement to be bona fide must be for the purpose of making the tract a home; this is the test, and a settlement for the purpose of securing the timber on the land, or any other purpose than establishing a home, is not a bona fide settlement within the meaning of the act.'

"There does not appear as evidence, anything except the applicant's statement that there was an unoccupied and uninhabitable shanty on the land, which constitutes no bar to his application, which you will allow subject to any adverse claim, (showing prior bona fide settlement), when making proof. Your decision is reversed and the sworn statement and declaration of intention herewith returned."

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

ELEVENTH YEAR.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1893.

FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION.

THREE CENTS

See Us Before You Buy Your Cook Or Heating Stoves.

LARGE ASSORTMENT AND THE CLOSEST PRICE OF ANY HOUSE IN DULUTH.

Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS.

Have you considered our Easy Payment Plan. We have hundreds of happy and contented customers. We are furnishing homes by this method.

If you lack the money with which to pay in full for the goods you want, we give you credit and you pay the balance at your leisure.

\$20.00 down on a \$50 purchase.
\$30.00 down on a \$100 purchase.
Greater or smaller sales in proportion.

Furniture, Carpets, Crockery, Stoves.

YOU'RE NEARLY AS LIABLE TO CATCH FISH in the Desert of Sahara as you are to get thoroughly meritorious Furs in the average dry goods shop. The almost universal mania seems to be to make goods slightly and deceivingly, so that you can be tempted to pay a big profit when you think you are buying cheap, while actually you are paying two profits. Merit wins by the slower but surer process. R. KROJANKER excels so notably in these goods, it seems as though every intelligent lady hereabouts must know of it and realizes at once beyond a doubt that, at a slight advance of cost above what is charged for sweat shop or tenement house ready-made goods of the disappointing kind, you more than save the difference after the first season. There is no need to tell you that we're busy—very busy—so please don't hurry us.

R. KROJANKER, Leading Furrier.

FURNISHED FLAT—5 rooms, steam heat; central location. Terms to suit. Also fine boarding house, full running order; good location for table boarders; at your own terms. APPLY AT ONCE.

W. D. GORDON, Auctioneer,
324 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE.

Choice of our entire line of 50c Views for

12 1-2c

CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR'S BOOKSTORE.

323 West Superior Street.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES,
District Managers,
London Guarantee & Accident Co.
(LIMITED),
OF LONDON, ENG.
ORGANIZED 1889.

Employers Liability,
Elevator Accident,
Workmen's Collective,
Surety Bonds,
Individual Accident

Men's Underwear
Fall and Winter Weights.
FALL PRICES.

CATE & CLARKE

333 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

CIRCUS WRECKED

Rear-End Collision Between Two Sections of the Barnum & Bailey Circus in Virginia.

A Dozen People Hurt, Half of Them Seriously, and One Died in a Few Minutes.

Coroner's Jury on the Michigan Central Accident Holds the Company Guilty of Gross Negligence.

Engineer Woolley Declares That Conductor Scott is Responsible for the Wreck at Battle Creek.

CLARKSBURG, W. Va., Oct. 21.—A rear-end collision took place near here yesterday on the Baltimore & Ohio road between two sections of the Barnum & Bailey circus train. A dozen were hurt, half of them seriously and one fatally. The dead man is Frank Everett, Brooklyn, N. Y., both legs cut off; died in a few minutes. Those injured are: George Gilmore, New York city, injured internally, may die; Robert Neilson, New York, hip and thigh badly bruised; J. P. Frederick, Allentown, Pa., legs smashed; Harry Marshall, Pittsburg, ribs broken, badly hurt; Nathaniel Merrill, New York, legs broken; Charles Mills, jaw broken; E. R. Richey, Honesdale, Pa., spine hurt. All the injured were sent to Johns Hopkins hospital, Baltimore.

The train was running in five sections. The first section, going on an up-grade, was running about three miles an hour when the second section, being a light train, came around a curve at twenty-five miles an hour and without warning crashed with terrible force into the rear end of the forward section, which was made up of coaches with four sleepers in the rear.

The last two cars were telescoped and the inmates were awakened from their sleep by being violently hurled to the front of the cars or pitched in their berths.

LOCATING THE BLAME.
Verdict of the Coroner's Jury on the Michigan Central Wreck.

JACKSON, Mich., Oct. 21.—The testimony in the inquest upon the deaths of those killed in the railroad wreck closed yesterday. The jury returned a verdict at 12 o'clock last night in substance as follows:

That Mrs. Keeler came to her death by being crushed in a wreck on the Michigan Central on Friday, Oct. 13, and that the Michigan Central Railroad company is guilty of gross negligence in not complying with the ordinance of the city in relation to the rate of speed with which trains shall be run through its limits, and also in allowing their train to approach crossings where other trains may be standing, at a too rapid rate of speed, and also in employing men to handle its trains who neglect their duty.

That William Whelan, engineer of the train, is guilty of gross negligence in not knowing positively in his test of air brakes previous to making the stop at 12 o'clock last night in substance as follows:

That Conductor Orrin M. Webb, Baggageman Charles L. Russell and Brake-man Philip Vesugie are guilty of neglect of duty, inasmuch as they did not properly apply the air brakes or endeavor to apply the hand brakes of the train in accordance with the rules of the railroad company when signalled so to do by the engineer.

THE BATTLE CREEK WRECK.

Engineer Woolley Declares That Conductor Scott is Responsible.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., Oct. 21.—When informed late last night that Conductor Scott would not be in court in his statement, Engineer Woolley said:

"It does not make any difference to me what Mr. Scott says, I have nothing further to add to my statement. There was one other who heard what he told me and that is the fireman of my engine, and under the circumstances I would not be so foolish as to make any misstatements." He then repeated his statement previously published. Continuing he said:

"There can be no doubt but the conductor told me that No. 9 had passed. When I got on my seat, I said: 'Are you sure that No. 9 has passed?' He said: 'Yes,' and my fireman heard him. I asked him about the board and he replied, 'all right, go ahead.'"

Conductor Scott says that he will stand on his statement before the people and the bar of justice. He says he had no intention of trying to avoid arrest, and as soon as he learned he was wanted he came back. "It was but natural that I take my train to the end of my trip when I could do no more here," he said in explanation of his going to Port Huron.

Turner, the fireman on Woolley's engine, absolutely refuses to talk. He says that all he has to say in reference to the wreck he will say at the inquest.

A visit to the injured this morning found all the patients doing well. J. S. Archbell, Thomas J. Monroe and W. A. Ryerse have left for home. It is not likely that any others will be permitted to leave before Monday.

Two Bodies Found.

ERIE, Pa., Oct. 21.—The third day's search for the bodies of the victims of the steamer Woonoon off Long Point resulted today in the recovery of the bodies of Capt. Meswald, the master of the vessel, and that of a seaman, Wilhelm Pock, of Ashtabula. The bodies were found in their life preservers about ten miles off Long Point. Capt. Mitchell will continue the search in the morning for the body of his sister, the wife of Capt. Meswald, and the other ten victims.

BATTLE IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Further Details of the Defeat of the Matabele Warriors.

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 21.—The semi-military column, sent out from Fort Victoria to operate against King Lobenguela's Matabele warriors, met the enemy on Oct. 16, near Indianas mountain and an engagement was fought, which resulted in a defeat of the natives. The Fort Salisbury column fought with and defeated a separate body of Matabeles near the scene of the first engagement mentioned.

The columns then united and advanced towards Bulawayo, King Lobenguela's kraal, where it is expected that the Tuli column will effect a junction with the other two columns. The combined forces will make a simultaneous attack on Lobenguela's kraal. The force of 1500 natives supporting the British are still at Tati, where they are protecting the miners employed on the Monarch and other gold reefs.

It is the intention of the British South Africa company to make a vigorous effort to crush Lobenguela's power before the rainy season sets in. Should the rains come on before any decisive advantage is gained by the company's forces they could do nothing for four or five months, as it would be impossible for them to keep the field in the rainy season.

The rain still holds off, much to the satisfaction of the British. Dr. Jameson, administrator of the British South Africa company, is personally taking part in the operations in the field. He took an active part in the engagements with the natives. He rode between the columns and insured their co-operation. Capt. Campbell was shot in the leg, and it was necessary to amputate the limb. This was the only casualty reported as having happened to the entire force.

It is estimated that the Fort Victoria column killed twenty Matabeles. The Charter column is said to have fought a successful engagement with the natives, but the defective telegraph line has prevented the receipt of news regarding the number of natives who fell in the fight. The officials of the company at Fort Victoria report that if the columns are given ordinary good fortune, they will be capable of coping with any number of the enemy.

WEEKS IS SURRENDERED.

The Costa Rica Government Has Finally Agreed to Hand Over the New York Embezzler.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—The Herald's San Jose, Costa Rica, correspondent cables: Costa Rica has agreed to surrender to the United States Francis H. Weeks, accused of embezzling trust funds in the United States. It is understood that one of the conditions of the surrender was that negotiations for a treaty of extradition between Costa Rica and the United States will soon be opened.

As soon as all arrangements are completed, he will be turned over to the New York detectives, who have been waiting to take him back to New York as soon as the government decided to surrender the accused.

TWO MEN INDICTED.

Former Employees of a St. Paul Bank Charged With Embezzling.

ST. PAUL, Oct. 21.—Contrary to general expectations, the Ramsey county grand jury, in its report yesterday, handed in indictments against Hawks, ex-resident of the defunct Seven Corners bank, and against W. B. Evans, assistant cashier of the same institution.

The men are charged with the embezzlement of \$100,000. Both men had resigned their positions prior to the insolvency of the bank. Hawks' indictment had been expected up to a few days ago, when a report was circulated that no bill had been found against him. He is already under bonds for his appearance in court.

The indictment of Evans is a complete surprise. A bench warrant will be issued for him.

A TEST CASE MADE.

A Guarantee Investment Company Will Make a Fight.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 21.—The Guarantee Investment company, of Nevada, Mo., has scored a point at Chicago in securing an indictment of its directors by the federal grand jury. For more than a year the question as to whether the use of the mails by this company was an infringement upon the postal laws relating to the sale of securities, had been agitated, and the company had used this to the injury of the company's business.

The company, knowing that the federal courts will sustain its charter and bond plan, has precipitated a test case. G. M. McDorland, president of the company, gave bail immediately after the indictments were rendered, and having employed the best counsel in the city, will push the case to an issue at once.

STABBED AND MAY DIE.

Two Men Who Had Been Chums Engage in a Row.

STEPHEN, Minn., Oct. 21.—In a drunken row Thursday night, Claude Jenkins, alias Jack Stewart, was stabbed by Peter Peterson and will probably die. Peterson had his lip bitten off and cut. The affair occurred in a house of ill repute three miles from the city near the site of the Red river drainage operation.

Jenkins claims to be well connected in Winona, son of Mrs. S. A. Jenkins, a widow, 354 Johnson street, and nephew of C. A. Bearce. The men were chums, and had been cooking at Rhinehart's drainage camp. Peterson is in custody. The proprietor of the house of prostitution has disappeared.

A Brick for Allen.

SILVERTON, Col., Oct. 21.—A silver brick is now in preparation to send to United States Senator Allen, of Nebraska, for his untiring work on the floor of the senate lately. The brick is chemically fine and on it will be inscribed: "From many friends in Silverton, Col." The brick weighs forty ounces.

A COMPROMISE.

Details of the Compromise on the Silver Question Reached by the Democratic Conference Committee.

Repeal of the Purchasing Clause of the Sherman Act to Take Effect Next October.

Monthly Silver Purchases and Seigniorage in the Treasury to be Coined From Time to Time.

All Greenbacks and Treasury Notes Under Ten Dollars to be Retired For Silver Dollars.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—The details of the forthcoming compromise on the silver question have been practically agreed upon, and a few moments before 1 o'clock this afternoon Democratic senators began pledging themselves in writing to abide by it. The compromise agreed upon provides that the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman act shall take effect Oct. 1, 1894, and that the bond question shall be eliminated entirely.

It also provides that the 4,500,000 ounces of silver which must be purchased under the act shall be coined from time to time, as shall the seigniorage now in the treasury, and that which shall grow out of the further purchases. All greenbacks and treasury notes under \$10 in value shall be retired, and silver certificates or coined silver dollars shall take their place.

As soon as the committee reached this conclusion, senators on the Democratic side were sent for and there was a steady stream of senators wending their way to the committee room, Mr. Voorhees, in charge of the bill, having been previously an hour or more closeted with the committee.

A paper was drawn up, addressed to Mr. Voorhees, in which the senators pledged themselves that if he would move to amend his bill in accordance with the outlines given above, they would support it and then vote for the bill as amended.

It was a noteworthy fact that the silver senators signed this document, although they did not do so until after the most vigorous protestations looking upon the compromise, as they expressed it, as an abject surrender of all that which they fought for these many weeks.

As soon as the paper had been signed, its purpose having been previously discussed with the chairman of the finance committee, the amendment will be prepared and introduced in the senate. It is hardly expected that this will be done this afternoon, although such action is not without the range of possibility.

It is hoped by the conference committee that every Democrat will sign the pledge, and that Mr. Voorhees will act promptly upon its receipt. The Republicans decline to talk in regard to their course, saying that they must first see the proposed amendment.

There is a disposition on the part of some of the Republicans to repudiate a compromise that enlarges the volume of silver money without a corresponding increase in the issue of bonds for its protection. The Democrats, however, expect to be able to draw their entire vote to the support of their compromise bill and force it through without the aid of the minority.

The Voorhees closure resolution was not taken up in the senate this morning as it was expected it would be. If there had been a morning hour it would have been laid before the senate in the ordinary course of business. But there was no morning hour, and there was no motion to take up the closure resolution.

The silver purchase repeal bill was taken up as soon as a quorum was obtained, and Mr. Peffer continued the speech against it which he began on Friday of last week, speaking to a listless and inattentive audience.

The secretary of the treasury was heard from during the morning on three different occasions through the agency of a trusted friend, the gentleman so acting appearing before the committee so late in the day as 2 o'clock this afternoon. One of the members of the committee, when asked after this last visit of the representative of the secretary of the treasury, whether the compromise would be acceptable to the president, said that it was drawn on the lines of the suggestions that emanated from the administration itself.

So far every Democrat who has seen the pledge has signed it. The Republicans say that they are opposed to the sort of a compromise and will vote against it, claiming that it is not a repeal of the law such as is demanded in the platform of the party.

The silver Republicans, speaking through such men as Senators Wolcott and Teller, say they will not filibuster against any measure upon which the Democrats agree, for that would be futile. The Populists—Senators Allen, Kyle and Peffer—are unalterably opposed to the agreement that has been arranged and declare they will not support it. Allen says he will talk several days against it.

Well-Known Chemist Dead.
PARIS, Oct. 21.—Jules Le Fort, the well-known French chemist of the academy of medicine, died Thursday. He was author of several important works on chemistry.

Mr. Waddell Appointed.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—[Special to the Herald].—On recommendation of Representative Baldwin, J. W. Waddell was today appointed superintendent of the custom house at Duluth.

Approved by the President.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—The president has approved the act granting settlers on certain lands in Oklahoma territory the right to commute homestead entries,

PANTON & WATSON

Glass Block Store,
DULUTH, - - MINN.

Saturday Night at Our Store.

You Will Find More Special Inducements.
You Will Find More Choice Novelties.
You Will Find More Genuine Bargains.
You Will Find a Greater Variety of Every Kind of Merchandise than all Other Stores in the City can Show you Combined.

Saturday is Flower Day!

Our second Saturday in the Flower business was today. We had only half enough last Saturday. We doubled our order for today.

2000 Assorted Roses Worth \$2.50 Per Doz for 75c.

800 Carnations Worth \$1 Per Doz for 35c.

100 American Beauties Worth \$6 Per Doz for \$1.75.

300 Chrysanthemums Worth \$2 Per Doz for 95c.

GRAND GOOD BARGAINS FOR TONIGHT.

Cloak Dept.

MUFFS GIVEN AWAY FREE.

With every Ladies' Fur Trimmed Garment we will present the purchaser with a Muff to match the fur on the garment free of charge.

Gents' Furnishings.

Your choice of 200 Silk Neck Ties at 10c, if they are not worth a quarter take one for nothing.

Gloves.

Our entire stock of Ladies' Black Cashmere Gloves, worth and all ways sold for 35c, 39c and 45c, at 25c per pair.

Gents' Furnishings.

1 case Gents' Camels' Hair underwear, worth \$2.50 per suit, for \$1.50

Shoe Dept.

Saturday we offer Ladies' Fine Kid and Dongola Shoes at 95c, \$1.69, \$1.98, \$2.49 and \$2.99 pair. They are worth one-third more.

Leather Goods.

200 Shopping Bags, worth 50c, for 25c
100 Shopping Bags, worth 95c, for 50c.

Ladies' Underwear.

Our Ladies' Underwear at 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25 beats the world. Children's at 15c, 20c, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, nothing to compare with them anywhere.

Fur Dept.

Our entire stock of Fur Capes, 18 and 20-inch lengths, at exactly half price.

Jewelry Dept.

Have you seen those metal card trays Lace effects at 39c.

Candies.

500 pounds finest French Creams, sold all over the city for 50c Sale price 35c, in boxes.

Linen Dept.

10 pieces Table Damask, with or without colored borders, 50c goods for 29c per yard.
100 dozen Huck and Damask Towels, 10c quality for 6c each.

Music! Music!

We have still about 50 books left of the New York Musical Echo containing four pieces instrumental and four vocal selections each piece worth 30c to 40c or an average of about \$2.80. The whole book complete for 15c each.

Crockery Dept.

1000 Fruit Plates at 15c, worth 25c.
500 Large Fruit Plates, at 18c, worth 35c.

OUR SPECIALTIES.

Cloaks, Furs, Dress Goods, Silks, Underwear, Millinery, Blankets and Comforters.

HARDWARE DEPARTMENT.

10c Each Worth 25 to 50c.

For one day only Saturday 21st, our entire stock of Flower Pot Brackets, worth from 25 to 50c. All go at 10c each.
For one day only Saturday 21st our entire stock of wire goods. Toasters, Broilers, Roast Rasts, Tea Strainers, Extension Strainers, Vegetable Boilers, Frying Baskets, Pie Stands, French Egg Whips, and everything in Wire Goods. All go at Half Price.

PANTON & WATSON.

ONE PRICE AND THAT RIGHT



American Store.

PREPARE!

Monday is Dress Goods Day.

NOTHING RESERVED IN SILKS,
VELVETS, DRESS GOODS AND
CLOAKINGS—MONDAY.

No edict of monarch is more imperative than Queen Fashion's imperious commands. The whole world rebelled against Fashion's seeming fanaticisms during the last and this season's imposing of styles of feminine attire. The first fashion plate portraying the full skirts and flaring waists, met with open rebuke from almost every point on the globe, yet imperious Queen Fashion, undaunted, with scepter held on high, still commanded and the world obeyed, and today if your skirt has not this fullness, your waist the flare, you look passe and out of stylish order, and so you comprehend the dress must get its character from the dressmaker. The cloth must be of modest colorings, as "Paris Modes" put it—(novel makes, plain cloths), (plain makes, novel cloths). The novel is all in the make this season, hence plain cloths and modest colorings are in order exclusively. And we name MONDAY AS DRESS GOODS DAY HERE, the selling day of the most favored of all the adopted weaves, the day of diminutive prices, the day upon which you can make a marked saving on the most famous Dress Goods, Silks, Velvets and Cloaking made in the world.

The Following Quotations Will Give You a Hint Of How Things Will Sell:

19c for 46-inch Camels Hair Fancies—750 yards of 46-inch Boucle Camels Hair Dress Goods, good and heavy; dark, modest colorings; warm and serviceable. Six yards enough, at 19c. You've paid 50c for worse goods.

38c for 40-inch All Wool Serges and Henriettas—1000 yards fine All Wool French Serges and Henriettas; soft and fine to the touch, excellently finished. Eight yards enough, at 38c.

46c for All Wool Whipcords—800 yards of fine All Wool Whipcords, all new fall colorings; a beautifully woven fabric, fine and very desirable, at 46c. 75c is what you're asked.

34c for your choice of 2000 yards of miscellaneous Cheviot Weaves, embracing checks, stripes, hair lines, pin head and mixtures, all wool; 34c, eight yards enough.

94c buys Lupins Finest French Cords—They are sold at \$1.50 in most every city. They are the best 52-inch goods, full first qualities, in all the newest colorings. Six yards enough; 94c. Think of it!

\$1.38 Lupins' Famous French Clay Worsted Suitings for ladies, the most stylish of all fabrics adopted for this season; full 52-inch wide, all new fall shadings. Sold in St. Paul and Minneapolis at \$2.00. The price here Monday will be \$1.38. Six yards enough.

New French Broadcloths.....\$1.13
60-inch Fancy (All-Wool) Cloakings for Children.....1.13
Silk Pile Colored Velvets.....94c
Colored Saten Duchess.....75c
Colored Surah Silks.....61c
French Fancy Silks.....83c
Bengaline Silks.....94c
Fancy Velvets.....1.25
All Colors Silk Crepe.....94c
Everything in the entire Silk and Dress Goods Stock goes regardless of cost.

We Say, if You Are Fond of Nice Dress Materials, Now is a Most Exceptional Opportunity to Secure Them.

J. E. HAYNIE & CO. J. E. HAYNIE & CO.

WEST DULUTH ITEMS.

Hotel Bennett to be Opened on Tuesday Evening With a Grand Banquet and Ball.

List of Toasts and Those Who Will Respond on the Occasion—Committee in Charge.

ble Lattelle Fined Five Dollars for Breaking His Wife's Arm—Other Municipal Offenders.

On Tuesday evening the new Hotel Bennett will be opened with a grand banquet and ball given by P. F. Smith, proprietor. About 600 invitations have been issued to Duluth and West Duluth people and preparations are being made for a brilliant affair. The entire house will be thrown open to the guests and Landford Smith says that the people of Duluth and West Duluth will be given a hospitable greeting they will ever forget and be evidently means it. The committees are as follows: Reception, Messrs. B. C. Dent, P. R. Haley, W. Hoyt, J. J. Wangerstein, J. M. Larkin and C. E. Lamb, arrangements, S. S. G. Starr, P. T. Gilley, G. H. Reeves, R. L. Cochran, H. P. Smith, P. McJannet, R. L. A. Barnes, J. W. Matthews, A. A. Smith, S. S. Williamson, R. H. Pomeroy, A. J. Filiatrault and John Shea.

The banquet board will be presided over by J. M. Martin, toastmaster, and the following will be the toasts and responses:

West Duluth, Past, Present and Future
Our Industries.....O. H. Simonds
Our Business Men.....D. C. Prescott
Our Real Estate Dealers.....G. J. Malloy
Our Newspapers.....J. D. Boyd
Our Citizens.....J. A. Hays
Our Religious Institutions.....Dr. Forbes
Public Schools.....E. J. Lathier
The Legal Profession.....H. H. Phelps
The Ladies of Our City.....J. M. Martin

The entire hotel will be handsomely decorated and Hoare's orchestra will furnish music.

Some Municipal Offenders.
Judge Heintz found a varied assortment of evil doers awaiting him upon opening up his court this morning. Nelson, the drayman, was on the dock for getting drunk and driving his dog down Central avenue somewhat later than the present gait of the Duluth street cars. As it was his first offense the judge discharged him on promise of good behavior.

Able Lattelle and wife, who live on Ninth avenue west, had allowed their domestic felicity to be disturbed by a family row in which the gentler half got her arm broken by a chair in the hands of the water families. The latter was fined \$5 for assault. Frank Connors et al, received suitable punishment for engaging in the so called manly art in front

of a saloon on Central avenue in the unseemly hours of the night.

West Duluth Briefs.
Charles McManus and wife left yesterday for the World's fair.

Joseph Brooks left last night for Buffalo, where he has accepted a position. Capt. Randall and M. Daniels left today for the Wisconsin woods on a deer hunt.

Rev. McClellan will preach at the Baptist church tomorrow both morning and evening.

The box factory shipped a car load of boxes to Indiana today.

Samuel Siegrist has purchased a residence on Sixth avenue between Sixth and Eleventh streets north.

Explorer Martin has returned from an expedition through the copper country. C. T. Prescott left yesterday for Marquette on business.

Fred M. Prescott left yesterday for his home at Ironwood.

Dr. Keyes leaves tomorrow night for a week's stay at the great fair.

Green & Barbarek have commenced work on their First street contract.

A successful test of Chief Ryan's patent nozzle holder was made today in the presence of a large number of interested spectators.

Christian church—Rev. Leander Lane, pastor, will preach in the W. C. T. U. hall, Grand avenue, near Central, 7:30 p. m.

WAS BLOWN TO ATOMS.
Explosion of a Powder Magazine, One Man Being Killed.

BORDEAUX, Oct. 21.—The inhabitants of this city were startled this morning by a tremendous shock caused by the explosion of a large powder magazine at St. Modard-en-Jalle, a village eight miles northwest of Bordeaux.

The magazine was blown to atoms. One man was killed and two injured. It is feared that others employed in the magazine are buried in the debris.

You Are Interested.
Read the advertisement of J. E. Haynie & Co. on page 3.

If You Have
Scrofula,
Sores, Boils, or
any other skin disease,
take

**AYER'S
SARSAPARILLA**

the Superior
Blood-Purifier
and Spring Medicine.

Cures others,
will cure you

Some Municipal Offenders.
Judge Heintz found a varied assortment of evil doers awaiting him upon opening up his court this morning. Nelson, the drayman, was on the dock for getting drunk and driving his dog down Central avenue somewhat later than the present gait of the Duluth street cars. As it was his first offense the judge discharged him on promise of good behavior.

Able Lattelle and wife, who live on Ninth avenue west, had allowed their domestic felicity to be disturbed by a family row in which the gentler half got her arm broken by a chair in the hands of the water families. The latter was fined \$5 for assault. Frank Connors et al, received suitable punishment for engaging in the so called manly art in front

of a saloon on Central avenue in the unseemly hours of the night.

West Duluth Briefs.
Charles McManus and wife left yesterday for the World's fair.

Joseph Brooks left last night for Buffalo, where he has accepted a position. Capt. Randall and M. Daniels left today for the Wisconsin woods on a deer hunt.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

G. W. Clipp, in charge of a South African exhibit at the World's fair, shot himself yesterday.

The schooner C. E. Young was abandoned at sea and the crew were rescued by another vessel and brought to Baltimore today.

Columbia Falls, Mont., is excited over an attempt to poison the town by putting arsenic in the water, and the incendiary burning of a large hotel.

The Tudor Haven tract of land on Monument river at Bazaar's bay, the property of President Cleveland, is offered for sale. This does not include the villa of Gray Gables, where the president occupies in summer, nor the land immediately surrounding it.

Judge R. V. B. Newton has resigned the presidency of the Coney Island Athletic club and severed his connection with that organization. The reason adduced is that it barred his way in politics.

The Globe hotel at Lampasas, Tex., was burned yesterday. Joseph Kohler was fatally burned. Loss \$20,000.

The city treasurer of Healdsburg, Cal., was forced by masked men to open the vault and give them the contents, amounting to \$3000.

Col. Robert S. Lanier, the oldest lawyer in Georgia, is dead, aged 74.

Governor W. E. Russell predicts a Democratic victory in Massachusetts, certainly if the senate will pass the repeal bill.

Congressman Amos J. Cummings is attempting to give legislative aid to the efforts of William Ballou, of Westchester, N. Y., to prevent the cruel practices prevailing on cattle ships.

Anthony J. Drexel, Jr., has withdrawn from the Drexel banking houses. He is fond of social life and does not want to be troubled with business.

The Philadelphia Union League has passed a resolution almost unanimously advocating the prompt repeal of the silver purchasing clause of the Sherman silver act. Nearly 600 members were present.

It has been decided that the cracked liberty bell will leave Chicago at p. m. Oct. 31, for Philadelphia.

Edward T. Billings, portrait painter, died Thursday evening in Dorchester, Mass. He was a portrait painter of the old school and thirty years ago was one of Boston's well known artists.

This Is Good News.
At present the Pioneer Fuel company is making a discount of 50 cents per ton on coal when orders are accompanied by cash, making the net price to consumers in Duluth \$6.75 per ton. The office of the Pioneer Fuel company is in the Utrera building, 220 West Superior street.

You Are Interested.
Read the advertisement of J. E. Haynie & Co. on page 3.

Afternoon Recitals.
Miss Mackey and Miss Moak intend to resume their "studio afternoons" and will give the first one week from Tuesday next at the Y. M. C. A. rooms. It will be a pupils' recital and a few of their pupils will give numbers. Several local artists will also take part in the program. These recitals will be given monthly during the winter.

REPORTS ARE UNRELIABLE.

All War News From Brazil Is No Trustworthy.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Advices from the Herald's correspondent in Rio Janeiro indicate that President Peixoto proposes to conduct the campaign against the insurgents with more vigor than heretofore. Telegrams which emanate from agents of President Peixoto are reliable. The much-heralded sinking of the steamer Urano and capture of many prisoners by the government forces are untrue. The steamer is now in the harbor of Rio discharging provisions.

Neither the Trajano nor the Aquidauan were injured in the fire from the forts during the bombardment on the 18th, although Peixoto's reports stated that both ships had suffered severely. In fact there was no practical advantage to either side.

Senor Ruy Barbosa, in an interview, says that on his arrival in Rio he would have been taken by force from the British steamer Magdalena had not Capt. Long, of the warship Simis, interfered. He sent British sailors to the Magdalena to prevent any violation of the British ship which Barbosa had taken refuge.

His friends and relatives visited him on board the steamer before sailing from Rio. As soon as they returned to the shore they were arrested and thrown into jail. There are now 500 political prisoners in the jails in Rio de Janeiro who have been arrested under orders from Peixoto.

LAST SEEN IN CHICAGO.
The Strange Disappearance of a Wisconsin Insurance Agent.

MARSHFIELD, Wis., Oct. 21.—Considerable talk is indulged in concerning the whereabouts of E. W. Judson, general insurance agent in this city, who is reported missing in Chicago. Judson left here for Chicago on the 29th of last month, with the intention, as he told a friend, to settle with his company.

His long absence and no answer to letters or telegrams sent him caused a search. Judson is reported to have been seen since being identified at the bank where he had a \$500 check cashed some time previous. His bondsmen are alarmed over his sudden disappearance, as several little business transactions have come to light very recently which have a very shady appearance.

An investigation of his business affairs will no doubt take place at once. Mr. Judson carried on a large insurance business and has always been considered trustworthy knowledge of his whereabouts would be a great relief to many here, more especially to his young wife, who is nearly prostrated over the matter.

\$11.75—Chicago and Return—\$11.75.
The St. Paul & Duluth railroad will sell round trip tickets to Chicago, Oct. 15 to Nov. 1, for \$11.75, good to return to Duluth who will secure the best number of new subscribers by Jan. 1. See advertisement on page 5.

If You Are Going
To California this fall, take the Northern Pacific railroad and see those three great beauties who will secure the best number of new subscribers by Jan. 1. See advertisement on page 5.

Given Away.
The Herald has made arrangements to give away a beautiful dinner set of Haviland china, consisting of 114 large pieces, musically decorated, to the most deserving woman in Duluth or West Duluth who will secure the best number of new subscribers by Jan. 1. See advertisement on page 5.

Has Missed a Fat Fee.
A Minneapolis Attorney Turned Down by the Land Department.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—John R. Van Derlip, of the law firm of Wilson & Van Derlip, of Minneapolis, has just been turned down by Commissioner Lamoreux, of the general land office, in a case in which the Minneapolis attorney was petitioned to work upon for some time. This decision was rendered a few days ago, but has only recently been made public.

Van Derlip, as the attorney for G. A. Burns and six other settlers in township 55 range 17 west, located near Merritt, about sixty miles northwest from Duluth on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway, petitioned for a re-survey of sections 2, 3, 4, 9, 10 and 11, in the township stated. The land in question borders on Cedar Island lake, now generally known as Ely lake.

It appears from Mr. Van Derlip's briefs and the accompanying documents, that the original government survey of the land does not agree with a recent survey in respect to the shore lines of the St. Louis river and a chain of lakes, including Long lake and Cedar Island lake.

The original settlers make affidavit that no evidences of the original official surveys of the township, particularly the northern part, as executed by H. S. Howe, the United States deputy surveyor, who made the surveys in 1876, could be found after long and careful examination, and the intimation is made that Howe's survey, especially the meanders of Ely lake, was never executed in the field.

The decision of the land office is directly against the claims of Van Derlip's clients. The rule is that stakes set and lines drawn and regularly approved by the department must remain unchanged, unless it is shown that there was fraud. Besides, there is no evidence to show that the water was not dammed at this point at the time the survey was made. Numerous decisions are cited, including a supreme court decision confirming the policy of the land office.

The application for a hearing by the register and receiver for a re-survey is regarded by the department as an application for a new survey from a subordinate authority after the superior (the land office) has decided against a new survey.

It is understood that if Van Derlip had succeeded in his scheme, that his clients would have secured 600 or 800 acres of valuable timber lands. As it is, the land in question had already been turned over to the state under the swamp land act, and it may have been sold to private parties since.

Given Away.
The Herald has made arrangements to give away a beautiful dinner set of Haviland china, consisting of 114 large pieces, musically decorated, to the most deserving woman in Duluth or West Duluth who will secure the best number of new subscribers by Jan. 1. See advertisement on page 5.

If You Are Going
To California this fall, take the Northern Pacific railroad and see those three great beauties who will secure the best number of new subscribers by Jan. 1. See advertisement on page 5.

Has Missed a Fat Fee.
A Minneapolis Attorney Turned Down by the Land Department.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—John R. Van Derlip, of the law firm of Wilson & Van Derlip, of Minneapolis, has just been turned down by Commissioner Lamoreux, of the general land office, in a case in which the Minneapolis attorney was petitioned to work upon for some time. This decision was rendered a few days ago, but has only recently been made public.

Van Derlip, as the attorney for G. A. Burns and six other settlers in township 55 range 17 west, located near Merritt, about sixty miles northwest from Duluth on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway, petitioned for a re-survey of sections 2, 3, 4, 9, 10 and 11, in the township stated. The land in question borders on Cedar Island lake, now generally known as Ely lake.

HAS MISSED A FAT FEE.

A Minneapolis Attorney Turned Down by the Land Department.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—John R. Van Derlip, of the law firm of Wilson & Van Derlip, of Minneapolis, has just been turned down by Commissioner Lamoreux, of the general land office, in a case in which the Minneapolis attorney was petitioned to work upon for some time. This decision was rendered a few days ago, but has only recently been made public.

Van Derlip, as the attorney for G. A. Burns and six other settlers in township 55 range 17 west, located near Merritt, about sixty miles northwest from Duluth on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway, petitioned for a re-survey of sections 2, 3, 4, 9, 10 and 11, in the township stated. The land in question borders on Cedar Island lake, now generally known as Ely lake.

It appears from Mr. Van Derlip's briefs and the accompanying documents, that the original government survey of the land does not agree with a recent survey in respect to the shore lines of the St. Louis river and a chain of lakes, including Long lake and Cedar Island lake.

The original settlers make affidavit that no evidences of the original official surveys of the township, particularly the northern part, as executed by H. S. Howe, the United States deputy surveyor, who made the surveys in 1876, could be found after long and careful examination, and the intimation is made that Howe's survey, especially the meanders of Ely lake, was never executed in the field.

The decision of the land office is directly against the claims of Van Derlip's clients. The rule is that stakes set and lines drawn and regularly approved by the department must remain unchanged, unless it is shown that there was fraud. Besides, there is no evidence to show that the water was not dammed at this point at the time the survey was made. Numerous decisions are cited, including a supreme court decision confirming the policy of the land office.

The application for a hearing by the register and receiver for a re-survey is regarded by the department as an application for a new survey from a subordinate authority after the superior (the land office) has decided against a new survey.

It is understood that if Van Derlip had succeeded in his scheme, that his clients would have secured 600 or 800 acres of valuable timber lands. As it is, the land in question had already been turned over to the state under the swamp land act, and it may have been sold to private parties since.

Given Away.
The Herald has made arrangements to give away a beautiful dinner set of Haviland china, consisting of 114 large pieces, musically decorated, to the most deserving woman in Duluth or West Duluth who will secure the best number of new subscribers by Jan. 1. See advertisement on page 5.

If You Are Going
To California this fall, take the Northern Pacific railroad and see those three great beauties who will secure the best number of new subscribers by Jan. 1. See advertisement on page 5.

Has Missed a Fat Fee.
A Minneapolis Attorney Turned Down by the Land Department.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—John R. Van Derlip, of the law firm of Wilson & Van Derlip, of Minneapolis, has just been turned down by Commissioner Lamoreux, of the general land office, in a case in which the Minneapolis attorney was petitioned to work upon for some time. This decision was rendered a few days ago, but has only recently been made public.

Van Derlip, as the attorney for G. A. Burns and six other settlers in township 55 range 17 west, located near Merritt, about sixty miles northwest from Duluth on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway, petitioned for a re-survey of sections 2, 3, 4, 9, 10 and 11, in the township stated. The land in question borders on Cedar Island lake, now generally known as Ely lake.

It appears from Mr. Van Derlip's briefs and the accompanying documents, that the original government survey of the land does not agree with a recent survey in respect to the shore lines of the St. Louis river and a chain of lakes, including Long lake and Cedar Island lake.

The original settlers make affidavit that no evidences of the original official surveys of the township, particularly the northern part, as executed by H. S. Howe, the United States deputy surveyor, who made the surveys in 1876, could be found after long and careful examination, and the intimation is made that Howe's survey, especially the meanders of Ely lake, was never executed in the field.

The decision of the land office is directly against the claims of Van Derlip's clients. The rule is that stakes set and lines drawn and regularly approved by the department must remain unchanged, unless it is shown that there was fraud. Besides, there is no evidence to show that the water was not dammed at this point at the time the survey was made. Numerous decisions are cited, including a supreme court decision confirming the policy of the land office.

The application for a hearing by the register and receiver for a re-survey is regarded by the department as an application for a new survey from a subordinate authority after the superior (the land office) has decided against a new survey.

It is understood that if Van Derlip had succeeded in his scheme, that his clients would have secured 600 or 800 acres of valuable timber lands. As it is, the land in question had already been turned over to the state under the swamp land act, and it may have been sold to private parties since.

Given Away.
The Herald has made arrangements to give away a beautiful dinner set of Haviland china, consisting of 114 large pieces, musically decorated, to the most deserving woman in Duluth or West Duluth who will secure the best number of new subscribers by Jan. 1. See advertisement on page 5.

If You Are Going
To California this fall, take the Northern Pacific railroad and see those three great beauties who will secure the best number of new subscribers by Jan. 1. See advertisement on page 5.

Has Missed a Fat Fee.
A Minneapolis Attorney Turned Down by the Land Department.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—John R. Van Derlip, of the law firm of Wilson & Van Derlip, of Minneapolis, has just been turned down by Commissioner Lamoreux, of the general land office, in a case in which the Minneapolis attorney was petitioned to work upon for some time. This decision was rendered a few days ago, but has only recently been made public.

Van Derlip, as the attorney for G. A. Burns and six other settlers in township 55 range 17 west, located near Merritt, about sixty miles northwest from Duluth on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway, petitioned for a re-survey of sections 2, 3, 4, 9, 10 and 11, in the township stated. The land in question borders on Cedar Island lake, now generally known as Ely lake.

It appears from Mr. Van Derlip's briefs and the accompanying documents, that the original government survey of the land does not agree with a recent survey in respect to the shore lines of the St. Louis river and a chain of lakes, including Long lake and Cedar Island lake.

The original settlers make affidavit that no evidences of the original official surveys of the township, particularly the northern part, as executed by H. S. Howe, the United States deputy surveyor, who made the surveys in 1876, could be found after long and careful examination, and the intimation is made that Howe's survey, especially the meanders of Ely lake, was never executed in the field.

IT WAS MANHATTAN DAY.

New York's Special Day at the Fair Was a Great Success.

WORLD'S FAIR GROUNDS, CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—New York paid a tribute to Chicago and the glories of the White City today. Thousands of the best citizens from Manhattan island came to the fair to pay their homage of admiration without stint.

The formal recognition of Chicago's greatness and the achievement within the boundary of Jackson park was attended by the municipal delegation from the metropolis of the New World, at the head of which was Mayor Gilroy. Fairer skies and a more pleasant temperature could not have been furnished to order.

New York's artistically decorated building which is so unique in its architectural design was the point to which the 20,000 New Yorkers, the estimated number of visitors, made their way as soon as they entered the grounds this morning. Lines of Columbian guards were needed at the entrance to keep the incoming and outgoing procession of Gothamites from running into each other.

Mayor Gilroy and his party were escorted to the grounds from the Auditorium hotel by a committee from Chicago's common council and Mayor Harrison. They came in carriages behind the Old guard of New York, 125 strong, in command of Maj. Slean. The marches were reviewed at the New York building by Gen. Nelson A. Miles, U. S. A., Gen. Wheeler, of the Illinois National guard, the chief magistrates of the two cities which were united today, and the executive Manhattan day committee from New York.

Festival hall, where the exercises were held, was elaborately decorated for the occasion and every seat was filled when the Innes Thirteenth regiment band from New York opened the program with the overture to "William Tell."

The Columbian chorus, directed by Silas C. Pratt, sang the "Star Spangled Banner," the "Battle Hymn of the Republic," and "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," the chorus of the patriotic melody being enthusiastically applauded by the magnificent audience. The poem, "New York to Chicago," composed by Joseph Clarke, of New York, was dramatically recited by Agnes Booth. When Gen. Porter arose to address his fellow New Yorkers and the other visitors he was greeted most heartily, and he was often interrupted by applause.

Other speakers were Mayor Harrison, of Chicago; Mayor Gilroy, of New York; Chauncey M. Depew and Congressman Fellows. Archbishop Corrigan closed the exercises with a benediction.

Given Away.
The Herald has made arrangements to give away a beautiful dinner set of Haviland china, consisting of 114 large pieces, musically decorated, to the most deserving woman in Duluth or West Duluth who will secure the best number of new subscribers by Jan. 1. See advertisement on page 5.

If You Are Going
To California this fall, take the Northern Pacific railroad and see those three great beauties who will secure the best number of new subscribers by Jan. 1. See advertisement on page 5.

Has Missed a Fat Fee.
A Minneapolis Attorney Turned Down by the Land Department.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—John R. Van Derlip, of the law firm of Wilson & Van Derlip, of Minneapolis, has just been turned down by Commissioner Lamoreux, of the general land office, in a case in which the Minneapolis attorney was petitioned to work upon for some time. This decision was rendered a few days ago, but has only recently been made public.

Van Derlip, as the attorney for G. A. Burns and six other settlers in township 55 range 17 west, located near Merritt, about sixty miles northwest from Duluth on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway, petitioned for a re-survey of sections 2, 3, 4, 9, 10 and 11, in the township stated. The land in question borders on Cedar Island lake, now generally known as Ely lake.

It appears from Mr. Van Derlip's briefs and the accompanying documents, that the original government survey of the land does not agree with a recent survey in respect to the shore lines of the St. Louis river and a chain of lakes, including Long lake and Cedar Island lake.

The original settlers make affidavit that no evidences of the original official surveys of the township, particularly the northern part, as executed by H. S. Howe, the United States deputy surveyor, who made the surveys in 1876, could be found after long and careful examination, and the intimation is made that Howe's survey, especially the meanders of Ely lake, was never executed in the field.

The decision of the land office is directly against the claims of Van Derlip's clients. The rule is that stakes set and lines drawn and regularly approved by the department must remain unchanged, unless it is shown that there was fraud. Besides, there is no evidence to show that the water was not dammed at this point at the time the survey was made. Numerous decisions are cited, including a supreme court decision confirming the policy of the land office.

The application for a hearing by the register and receiver for a re-survey is regarded by the department as an application for a new survey from a subordinate authority after the superior (the land office) has decided against a new survey.

DULUTH VERMILION CHIPPWEAS

ELEVENTH YEAR.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER, 21, 1893.

THREE CENTS

THE LAKE VERMILION CHIPPWEAS

An Interesting Description of the Trip Which Was Recently Made by Lieut. Mercer and His Clerks to Make the Annual Payment to the Indians at Pelican Lake.

It was the First Time Many of the Lake Vermilion Indians Had Seen the Agent for Several Years, and They Had Numerous Grievances About Which to Talk.

An Old Chief, Bent With Age, Delivered a Pathetic Speech, Scoring the Commissioners for Broken Promises and Pleading Eloquently for the Home of Himself and His Ancestors.

They Refuse Absolutely to Go to the White Earth Reservation and Take Allotments, Preferring to Remain as in the Past With Their Beloved Woods, and Lakes and Streams.

The combined membership in the nine bands of the Lake Vermilion Chippewa Indians is 787. These bands are not all on the Bois Fort, or Nett Lake, reservation, but are divided up among several villages, more or less scattered. In fact quite a number of families are not even associated with the villages, but reside here and there, being impelled by fancy or having chosen allotments in some spot specially favored or pleasing to their individual taste.

One village is located near Tower, on Sucker Point, in Lake Vermilion. There Uncle Sam maintains a little school for the benefit of his younger wards and there the Indian "farmer," whose range of authority includes all the Vermilion Lake Indians, has his residence and headquarters.

At the head of Vermilion lake, somewhere near thirty miles from Tower, is another village, that of "Wake-em-up." To the northwest, on a point of land running out into Pelican lake, is located a third village. It possesses the dignity of a trading post, and a school house with a Presbyterian mission attachment. Still further to the north and west is located the reservation, a tract of land a little larger than the District of Columbia, being twelve miles square and composed of four townships. In the northeastern part of the reservation, Nett lake is situated, and on its south shore the Nett lake Indians have their village homes.

There is also the little Deer lake reservation, down in Itasca county. This reserve occupies only one township of land and so modest a space does it fill on the map that Lieut. Mercer, of the La Pointe agency, only recently discovered that it was a part of his domain.

As stated in an article in these columns some weeks ago, the timber lands of the Chippewas are to be sold and, fifty years hence, dating from 1850, the money will be divided up among the members of the tribe then living. At present Uncle Sam appropriates \$900,000 annually which is divided equally among the members of the bands on the different reservations. It is considered as a loan and will be paid back when the final settlement is made in 1930.

The first week of this month was spent by Lieut. Mercer and his clerks, of the La Pointe agency, in making the annual payment to the Lake Vermilion Indians. It was not only the first time many of these Indians had seen their agent for several years, but was also a journey most arduous and full of discomforts.

The Party Leaves Duluth.
Monday morning, Oct. 2, Lieut. Mercer left Ashland, Wis., and came to Duluth. With him were Daniel Dorchester, of Boston, Mass., general superintendent of Indian schools in the United States; Chief Clerk Rodman and A. J. Klare, the latter being guard-cook and chief packer for the procession. At Duluth, a Herald representative and E. V. Manson, a man from the good old state of Maine, were permitted to join the party and accompany it on the round trip.

At 3:15 Monday afternoon the Duluth & Iron Range train was boarded for Tower. That metropolis of the iron ranges was reached at 7 o'clock. The whole population, apparently, was assembled on the main street to "see the cars come in" and obstruct as much as possible, the pathway of the passengers as they alighted from the train. Kodman, with his heavy valise, was pushed off the platform under the cars. Klare, bearing \$800 in a small valise, mostly in gold, and exceedingly heavy, charged straight for the bus with a vigor and strength that made the natives quickly shift their bunion-heeled feet and stare in amazement. Going to the hotel Vermilion, one of Madame Arnie's appetizing suppers was eaten by each of the party, a few preparations made for the next day and then sleep was won and won.

All were up betimes the next morning. At the breakfast table Daniel Dorchester was taken with a story telling streak. Now Daniel, until four years ago, had spent the greater part of his years expounding the gospel to the heathen on Cape Cod, around Boston and other Bay state points. At the time stated the lord and President Benjamin Harrison called Daniel to take the position of general superintendent of Indian schools. To use his own words, "The appointment came wholly without any personal solicitation," so forsook the bean pots of Boston, doffed the Methodist Episcopal garb and commenced that delightful task, the superintendence of teaching the young aboriginals how to shoot, according to "blueback Webster." Hoyie and other scholastic authorities.

Daniel and the Bone.
As stated at the table Daniel essayed some yarns to spin. His mild blue eyes glistened through his glass spectacles, his venerable countenance beamed and his big, round sides shook with laughter as he cracked one after another. At last he overstepped the ministerial limit allowed in exaggeration and before anyone could say Jack Robinson or even Robin Jackson, a piece of bone out of a truth loving little red-tail, stuck in the throat of Uncle Sam's

chosen servant. "Like a little o'eraken in his track, with stolen chatels on his back," Rev. Mr. Dorchester made a bee not only for the wash room. There he laid off his spectacles, a set of false teeth from each jaw, unloosed his capacious garments and commenced a hand to hand combat with that bone. He refused to yield. Lieut. Mercer was summoned. He extended all the comfort possible and said that it was unusual for "little" duck bones in the throat to cause immediate death. At length a doctor sent for. Before he arrived a bell boy

"Mister, eat a little hunk of dry bread." Daniel did so. It slid down his venerable esophagus and the bone slid with it. Just then the doctor hastened in. "Where's my patient?" he asked, breathlessly.

"Eating breakfast," replied the bell boy.
The next step was to take Capt. Coty's big steamboat for Sucker Point at 8:30 o'clock. Indian Farmer T. J. Vine and Inspector Dan McLeod were waiting on the bank. The company went ashore and proceeded to the farmer's warehouse. A fire was kindled in the old stove and a pine board nailed up for a money counter. The payment had been advertised for Oct. 4, but all the Indians had arrived at the point. Dan commenced to hoot and yell and the Indians were flocking to the scene of the annual payment.

Is Layal to Uncle Sam.
Five bands made the Sucker Point their headquarters. The first Indian to arrive was old Chief Kwe-kwe-kamig. He had a red bandana kerchief tied around his head, wore his Sun-goggles and his form was set off by a long blue military coat, ornamented with big brass buttons, stamped with the British crown. The old man, 80 or 85, had a long white beard and waited gravely for the payment to commence. Old Chief Kwe-kwe-kamig is one of the best Indians among all the Chippewas. He is now living with Sam and his plans. He is always for good actions and obeying of the government's commands. He endeavors to wisely counsel the young men, and is an unusually fine canoe maker and in his time was a mighty hunter. His hair yet retains its raven hue and there is something pleasing, dignified and trustworthy in his well moulded features.

The payment differed in no respect from the one at Grand Portage. The agent would call out a name; interpreter Dan would repeat it loudly; the Indian summoned would come in, touch the pen, take \$10 and give way to the next. Of course, there were a number of interesting and amusing incidents. Some time before, Dan, the interpreter, told Christian Dorchester, one of the Sucker Point Indian policemen, a watch for \$5. It came up missing one day and a certain Indian was suspected of having stolen it. Dan would call out a name; interpreter Dan would repeat it loudly; the Indian summoned would come in, touch the pen, take \$10 and give way to the next.

Cold Corned Beef Killed Him.
One woman paid was Shay-way, the widow of Ah-sud-do-wain, or "Big-head," a name of the dead deceased. The nickname "Big-head" was due to a head of abnormal proportions, in fact, it was so large that no hat could be found to cover it. He was a good, solid headed fellow, however, which fact made Ah-sud-do-wain a valued "packer." On one trip Chief Clerk Rodman, who had charge of the payment, secured "Big-head" to help "tote" the outfit. That resulted in the poor fellow's death. One night there was left over from supper part of a can of corned beef. "Big-head" was asked if he could not clean up the remnant. The beef was frozen solid, but the valiant Chippewa tackled it and never let up until the congealed mass had been transferred to his stomach. The next day he was terribly ill and by night he was an Indian angel. The deadly frozen corned beef had done its work.

Another Indian paid was Sah-bah-dis. He is the fast runner of the Sucker Point band. He is tall, straight, weighs fully 180 pounds and possesses not a single pound of superfluous flesh. Farmer Klare and Dan walked along by hand, closely guarding the money bag in the vehicle. The rest of the party, with guns in hand, took the lead, closely watching for partridges.

A Horribly Rocky Road.
That road was worse than the famous one to Jordan. It was rock, rock, rock, nearly every foot of the way. The morning's rain had made it distressingly slippery. A stump would be dodged only to strike a big boulder. Next piece of rough and treacherous roadway would be met. A sharp climb up an almost impassable hill would be followed by a hazardous descent down a slope from forty-five to almost sixty degrees, it seemed, in several cases. The road was slip, stumble, fall, scratch and bruise. With the team and driver it was bump, bump, thump, slide, jerk, tip and then bump, bump, bump again. If the wagon and started for the interior, sloner, clerks and all, were to pass over that rude trail through the woods, there would be less feeling than an Indian agent's annual payment the next day. It was a picnic, inexpensive and full of comfort.

A Story in Signs.
The "dummy" is the best Indian to work that the Point possesses. He is a little short, smiling fellow but bears the long name of May-ah-jee-wah. The poor fellow is deaf and dumb having been born that way. That in no way hinders his happiness and he is a most surprising master of the sign language. He can tell almost anything, and many of his stories show him to be a natural born humorist. One day last week, after a great long story to Mrs. Vine, the farmer's wife. He told that in another band, at Kabetogama, there was an Indian with three daughters. He went in to all details, by signs, indicated the age

of each, said that he was going to marry the eldest and wound up by saying that all the girls on Sucker Point would cry out their eyes.
Another member of this village is Am-jee-shig. He is quite a cook and frequently goes out with hunting parties. On one payment trip he was with Chief Clerk Rodman. One arm is bent and crippled. He was able to perform the feat of slinging five tin pots, each with a different article of food, on that arm and hearing them to their resting place. Once, when cooking ducks, an unusual amount of fat boiled out. "Too much grease," said Am-jee-shig, and sitting his fingers to his words, he dipped his actions into the stew, abstracted a liberal quantity of duck oil and rubbed it carefully and thoroughly on his hair. His next step was to immediately commence mixing and kneading the biscuit. On still another occasion, when camp was broken, the frying pan was used to contain a liberal amount of bacon fat. Am-jee-shig cleaned the utensil by turning it upside down on his head and rubbing the interior vigorously over his black locks. Then he carefully rubbed in the grease.

The Sucker Point payment was concluded by 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Lieut. Mercer and Klare towed across the lake in a small boat with the cash and sent over "Am-jee-shig" with her sail boat, with "Mister Fred" for the rest of the crowd. Mrs. Ackley is a skipper of no mean skill and the sail in her "Lady of the Lake" was more than worth the sight of the spectacles, a set of false teeth from each jaw, unloosed his capacious garments and commenced a hand to hand combat with that bone. He refused to yield. Lieut. Mercer was summoned. He extended all the comfort possible and said that it was unusual for "little" duck bones in the throat to cause immediate death. At length a doctor sent for. Before he arrived a bell boy

"Mister, eat a little hunk of dry bread." Daniel did so. It slid down his venerable esophagus and the bone slid with it. Just then the doctor hastened in. "Where's my patient?" he asked, breathlessly.

"Eating breakfast," replied the bell boy.
The next step was to take Capt. Coty's big steamboat for Sucker Point at 8:30 o'clock. Indian Farmer T. J. Vine and Inspector Dan McLeod were waiting on the bank. The company went ashore and proceeded to the farmer's warehouse. A fire was kindled in the old stove and a pine board nailed up for a money counter. The payment had been advertised for Oct. 4, but all the Indians had arrived at the point. Dan commenced to hoot and yell and the Indians were flocking to the scene of the annual payment.

Is Layal to Uncle Sam.
Five bands made the Sucker Point their headquarters. The first Indian to arrive was old Chief Kwe-kwe-kamig. He had a red bandana kerchief tied around his head, wore his Sun-goggles and his form was set off by a long blue military coat, ornamented with big brass buttons, stamped with the British crown. The old man, 80 or 85, had a long white beard and waited gravely for the payment to commence. Old Chief Kwe-kwe-kamig is one of the best Indians among all the Chippewas. He is now living with Sam and his plans. He is always for good actions and obeying of the government's commands. He endeavors to wisely counsel the young men, and is an unusually fine canoe maker and in his time was a mighty hunter. His hair yet retains its raven hue and there is something pleasing, dignified and trustworthy in his well moulded features.

The payment differed in no respect from the one at Grand Portage. The agent would call out a name; interpreter Dan would repeat it loudly; the Indian summoned would come in, touch the pen, take \$10 and give way to the next. Of course, there were a number of interesting and amusing incidents. Some time before, Dan, the interpreter, told Christian Dorchester, one of the Sucker Point Indian policemen, a watch for \$5. It came up missing one day and a certain Indian was suspected of having stolen it. Dan would call out a name; interpreter Dan would repeat it loudly; the Indian summoned would come in, touch the pen, take \$10 and give way to the next.

Cold Corned Beef Killed Him.
One woman paid was Shay-way, the widow of Ah-sud-do-wain, or "Big-head," a name of the dead deceased. The nickname "Big-head" was due to a head of abnormal proportions, in fact, it was so large that no hat could be found to cover it. He was a good, solid headed fellow, however, which fact made Ah-sud-do-wain a valued "packer." On one trip Chief Clerk Rodman, who had charge of the payment, secured "Big-head" to help "tote" the outfit. That resulted in the poor fellow's death. One night there was left over from supper part of a can of corned beef. "Big-head" was asked if he could not clean up the remnant. The beef was frozen solid, but the valiant Chippewa tackled it and never let up until the congealed mass had been transferred to his stomach. The next day he was terribly ill and by night he was an Indian angel. The deadly frozen corned beef had done its work.

Another Indian paid was Sah-bah-dis. He is the fast runner of the Sucker Point band. He is tall, straight, weighs fully 180 pounds and possesses not a single pound of superfluous flesh. Farmer Klare and Dan walked along by hand, closely guarding the money bag in the vehicle. The rest of the party, with guns in hand, took the lead, closely watching for partridges.

A Horribly Rocky Road.
That road was worse than the famous one to Jordan. It was rock, rock, rock, nearly every foot of the way. The morning's rain had made it distressingly slippery. A stump would be dodged only to strike a big boulder. Next piece of rough and treacherous roadway would be met. A sharp climb up an almost impassable hill would be followed by a hazardous descent down a slope from forty-five to almost sixty degrees, it seemed, in several cases. The road was slip, stumble, fall, scratch and bruise. With the team and driver it was bump, bump, thump, slide, jerk, tip and then bump, bump, bump again. If the wagon and started for the interior, sloner, clerks and all, were to pass over that rude trail through the woods, there would be less feeling than an Indian agent's annual payment the next day. It was a picnic, inexpensive and full of comfort.

A Story in Signs.
The "dummy" is the best Indian to work that the Point possesses. He is a little short, smiling fellow but bears the long name of May-ah-jee-wah. The poor fellow is deaf and dumb having been born that way. That in no way hinders his happiness and he is a most surprising master of the sign language. He can tell almost anything, and many of his stories show him to be a natural born humorist. One day last week, after a great long story to Mrs. Vine, the farmer's wife. He told that in another band, at Kabetogama, there was an Indian with three daughters. He went in to all details, by signs, indicated the age

of each, said that he was going to marry the eldest and wound up by saying that all the girls on Sucker Point would cry out their eyes.
Another member of this village is Am-jee-shig. He is quite a cook and frequently goes out with hunting parties. On one payment trip he was with Chief Clerk Rodman. One arm is bent and crippled. He was able to perform the feat of slinging five tin pots, each with a different article of food, on that arm and hearing them to their resting place. Once, when cooking ducks, an unusual amount of fat boiled out. "Too much grease," said Am-jee-shig, and sitting his fingers to his words, he dipped his actions into the stew, abstracted a liberal quantity of duck oil and rubbed it carefully and thoroughly on his hair. His next step was to immediately commence mixing and kneading the biscuit. On still another occasion, when camp was broken, the frying pan was used to contain a liberal amount of bacon fat. Am-jee-shig cleaned the utensil by turning it upside down on his head and rubbing the interior vigorously over his black locks. Then he carefully rubbed in the grease.

The Sucker Point payment was concluded by 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Lieut. Mercer and Klare towed across the lake in a small boat with the cash and sent over "Am-jee-shig" with her sail boat, with "Mister Fred" for the rest of the crowd. Mrs. Ackley is a skipper of no mean skill and the sail in her "Lady of the Lake" was more than worth the sight of the spectacles, a set of false teeth from each jaw, unloosed his capacious garments and commenced a hand to hand combat with that bone. He refused to yield. Lieut. Mercer was summoned. He extended all the comfort possible and said that it was unusual for "little" duck bones in the throat to cause immediate death. At length a doctor sent for. Before he arrived a bell boy

"Mister, eat a little hunk of dry bread." Daniel did so. It slid down his venerable esophagus and the bone slid with it. Just then the doctor hastened in. "Where's my patient?" he asked, breathlessly.

"Eating breakfast," replied the bell boy.
The next step was to take Capt. Coty's big steamboat for Sucker Point at 8:30 o'clock. Indian Farmer T. J. Vine and Inspector Dan McLeod were waiting on the bank. The company went ashore and proceeded to the farmer's warehouse. A fire was kindled in the old stove and a pine board nailed up for a money counter. The payment had been advertised for Oct. 4, but all the Indians had arrived at the point. Dan commenced to hoot and yell and the Indians were flocking to the scene of the annual payment.

Is Layal to Uncle Sam.
Five bands made the Sucker Point their headquarters. The first Indian to arrive was old Chief Kwe-kwe-kamig. He had a red bandana kerchief tied around his head, wore his Sun-goggles and his form was set off by a long blue military coat, ornamented with big brass buttons, stamped with the British crown. The old man, 80 or 85, had a long white beard and waited gravely for the payment to commence. Old Chief Kwe-kwe-kamig is one of the best Indians among all the Chippewas. He is now living with Sam and his plans. He is always for good actions and obeying of the government's commands. He endeavors to wisely counsel the young men, and is an unusually fine canoe maker and in his time was a mighty hunter. His hair yet retains its raven hue and there is something pleasing, dignified and trustworthy in his well moulded features.

The payment differed in no respect from the one at Grand Portage. The agent would call out a name; interpreter Dan would repeat it loudly; the Indian summoned would come in, touch the pen, take \$10 and give way to the next. Of course, there were a number of interesting and amusing incidents. Some time before, Dan, the interpreter, told Christian Dorchester, one of the Sucker Point Indian policemen, a watch for \$5. It came up missing one day and a certain Indian was suspected of having stolen it. Dan would call out a name; interpreter Dan would repeat it loudly; the Indian summoned would come in, touch the pen, take \$10 and give way to the next.

Cold Corned Beef Killed Him.
One woman paid was Shay-way, the widow of Ah-sud-do-wain, or "Big-head," a name of the dead deceased. The nickname "Big-head" was due to a head of abnormal proportions, in fact, it was so large that no hat could be found to cover it. He was a good, solid headed fellow, however, which fact made Ah-sud-do-wain a valued "packer." On one trip Chief Clerk Rodman, who had charge of the payment, secured "Big-head" to help "tote" the outfit. That resulted in the poor fellow's death. One night there was left over from supper part of a can of corned beef. "Big-head" was asked if he could not clean up the remnant. The beef was frozen solid, but the valiant Chippewa tackled it and never let up until the congealed mass had been transferred to his stomach. The next day he was terribly ill and by night he was an Indian angel. The deadly frozen corned beef had done its work.

Another Indian paid was Sah-bah-dis. He is the fast runner of the Sucker Point band. He is tall, straight, weighs fully 180 pounds and possesses not a single pound of superfluous flesh. Farmer Klare and Dan walked along by hand, closely guarding the money bag in the vehicle. The rest of the party, with guns in hand, took the lead, closely watching for partridges.

A Horribly Rocky Road.
That road was worse than the famous one to Jordan. It was rock, rock, rock, nearly every foot of the way. The morning's rain had made it distressingly slippery. A stump would be dodged only to strike a big boulder. Next piece of rough and treacherous roadway would be met. A sharp climb up an almost impassable hill would be followed by a hazardous descent down a slope from forty-five to almost sixty degrees, it seemed, in several cases. The road was slip, stumble, fall, scratch and bruise. With the team and driver it was bump, bump, thump, slide, jerk, tip and then bump, bump, bump again. If the wagon and started for the interior, sloner, clerks and all, were to pass over that rude trail through the woods, there would be less feeling than an Indian agent's annual payment the next day. It was a picnic, inexpensive and full of comfort.

A Story in Signs.
The "dummy" is the best Indian to work that the Point possesses. He is a little short, smiling fellow but bears the long name of May-ah-jee-wah. The poor fellow is deaf and dumb having been born that way. That in no way hinders his happiness and he is a most surprising master of the sign language. He can tell almost anything, and many of his stories show him to be a natural born humorist. One day last week, after a great long story to Mrs. Vine, the farmer's wife. He told that in another band, at Kabetogama, there was an Indian with three daughters. He went in to all details, by signs, indicated the age

of each, said that he was going to marry the eldest and wound up by saying that all the girls on Sucker Point would cry out their eyes.
Another member of this village is Am-jee-shig. He is quite a cook and frequently goes out with hunting parties. On one payment trip he was with Chief Clerk Rodman. One arm is bent and crippled. He was able to perform the feat of slinging five tin pots, each with a different article of food, on that arm and hearing them to their resting place. Once, when cooking ducks, an unusual amount of fat boiled out. "Too much grease," said Am-jee-shig, and sitting his fingers to his words, he dipped his actions into the stew, abstracted a liberal quantity of duck oil and rubbed it carefully and thoroughly on his hair. His next step was to immediately commence mixing and kneading the biscuit. On still another occasion, when camp was broken, the frying pan was used to contain a liberal amount of bacon fat. Am-jee-shig cleaned the utensil by turning it upside down on his head and rubbing the interior vigorously over his black locks. Then he carefully rubbed in the grease.

The Sucker Point payment was concluded by 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Lieut. Mercer and Klare towed across the lake in a small boat with the cash and sent over "Am-jee-shig" with her sail boat, with "Mister Fred" for the rest of the crowd. Mrs. Ackley is a skipper of no mean skill and the sail in her "Lady of the Lake" was more than worth the sight of the spectacles, a set of false teeth from each jaw, unloosed his capacious garments and commenced a hand to hand combat with that bone. He refused to yield. Lieut. Mercer was summoned. He extended all the comfort possible and said that it was unusual for "little" duck bones in the throat to cause immediate death. At length a doctor sent for. Before he arrived a bell boy

"Mister, eat a little hunk of dry bread." Daniel did so. It slid down his venerable esophagus and the bone slid with it. Just then the doctor hastened in. "Where's my patient?" he asked, breathlessly.

"Eating breakfast," replied the bell boy.
The next step was to take Capt. Coty's big steamboat for Sucker Point at 8:30 o'clock. Indian Farmer T. J. Vine and Inspector Dan McLeod were waiting on the bank. The company went ashore and proceeded to the farmer's warehouse. A fire was kindled in the old stove and a pine board nailed up for a money counter. The payment had been advertised for Oct. 4, but all the Indians had arrived at the point. Dan commenced to hoot and yell and the Indians were flocking to the scene of the annual payment.

Is Layal to Uncle Sam.
Five bands made the Sucker Point their headquarters. The first Indian to arrive was old Chief Kwe-kwe-kamig. He had a red bandana kerchief tied around his head, wore his Sun-goggles and his form was set off by a long blue military coat, ornamented with big brass buttons, stamped with the British crown. The old man, 80 or 85, had a long white beard and waited gravely for the payment to commence. Old Chief Kwe-kwe-kamig is one of the best Indians among all the Chippewas. He is now living with Sam and his plans. He is always for good actions and obeying of the government's commands. He endeavors to wisely counsel the young men, and is an unusually fine canoe maker and in his time was a mighty hunter. His hair yet retains its raven hue and there is something pleasing, dignified and trustworthy in his well moulded features.

The payment differed in no respect from the one at Grand Portage. The agent would call out a name; interpreter Dan would repeat it loudly; the Indian summoned would come in, touch the pen, take \$10 and give way to the next. Of course, there were a number of interesting and amusing incidents. Some time before, Dan, the interpreter, told Christian Dorchester, one of the Sucker Point Indian policemen, a watch for \$5. It came up missing one day and a certain Indian was suspected of having stolen it. Dan would call out a name; interpreter Dan would repeat it loudly; the Indian summoned would come in, touch the pen, take \$10 and give way to the next.

Cold Corned Beef Killed Him.
One woman paid was Shay-way, the widow of Ah-sud-do-wain, or "Big-head," a name of the dead deceased. The nickname "Big-head" was due to a head of abnormal proportions, in fact, it was so large that no hat could be found to cover it. He was a good, solid headed fellow, however, which fact made Ah-sud-do-wain a valued "packer." On one trip Chief Clerk Rodman, who had charge of the payment, secured "Big-head" to help "tote" the outfit. That resulted in the poor fellow's death. One night there was left over from supper part of a can of corned beef. "Big-head" was asked if he could not clean up the remnant. The beef was frozen solid, but the valiant Chippewa tackled it and never let up until the congealed mass had been transferred to his stomach. The next day he was terribly ill and by night he was an Indian angel. The deadly frozen corned beef had done its work.

Another Indian paid was Sah-bah-dis. He is the fast runner of the Sucker Point band. He is tall, straight, weighs fully 180 pounds and possesses not a single pound of superfluous flesh. Farmer Klare and Dan walked along by hand, closely guarding the money bag in the vehicle. The rest of the party, with guns in hand, took the lead, closely watching for partridges.

A Horribly Rocky Road.
That road was worse than the famous one to Jordan. It was rock, rock, rock, nearly every foot of the way. The morning's rain had made it distressingly slippery. A stump would be dodged only to strike a big boulder. Next piece of rough and treacherous roadway would be met. A sharp climb up an almost impassable hill would be followed by a hazardous descent down a slope from forty-five to almost sixty degrees, it seemed, in several cases. The road was slip, stumble, fall, scratch and bruise. With the team and driver it was bump, bump, thump, slide, jerk, tip and then bump, bump, bump again. If the wagon and started for the interior, sloner, clerks and all, were to pass over that rude trail through the woods, there would be less feeling than an Indian agent's annual payment the next day. It was a picnic, inexpensive and full of comfort.

A Story in Signs.
The "dummy" is the best Indian to work that the Point possesses. He is a little short, smiling fellow but bears the long name of May-ah-jee-wah. The poor fellow is deaf and dumb having been born that way. That in no way hinders his happiness and he is a most surprising master of the sign language. He can tell almost anything, and many of his stories show him to be a natural born humorist. One day last week, after a great long story to Mrs. Vine, the farmer's wife. He told that in another band, at Kabetogama, there was an Indian with three daughters. He went in to all details, by signs, indicated the age

of each, said that he was going to marry the eldest and wound up by saying that all the girls on Sucker Point would cry out their eyes.
Another member of this village is Am-jee-shig. He is quite a cook and frequently goes out with hunting parties. On one payment trip he was with Chief Clerk Rodman. One arm is bent and crippled. He was able to perform the feat of slinging five tin pots, each with a different article of food, on that arm and hearing them to their resting place. Once, when cooking ducks, an unusual amount of fat boiled out. "Too much grease," said Am-jee-shig, and sitting his fingers to his words, he dipped his actions into the stew, abstracted a liberal quantity of duck oil and rubbed it carefully and thoroughly on his hair. His next step was to immediately commence mixing and kneading the biscuit. On still another occasion, when camp was broken, the frying pan was used to contain a liberal amount of bacon fat. Am-jee-shig cleaned the utensil by turning it upside down on his head and rubbing the interior vigorously over his black locks. Then he carefully rubbed in the grease.

The Sucker Point payment was concluded by 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Lieut. Mercer and Klare towed across the lake in a small boat with the cash and sent over "Am-jee-shig" with her sail boat, with "Mister Fred" for the rest of the crowd. Mrs. Ackley is a skipper of no mean skill and the sail in her "Lady of the Lake" was more than worth the sight of the spectacles, a set of false teeth from each jaw, unloosed his capacious garments and commenced a hand to hand combat with that bone. He refused to yield. Lieut. Mercer was summoned. He extended all the comfort possible and said that it was unusual for "little" duck bones in the throat to cause immediate death. At length a doctor sent for. Before he arrived a bell boy

"Mister, eat a little hunk of dry bread." Daniel did so. It slid down his venerable esophagus and the bone slid with it. Just then the doctor hastened in. "Where's my patient?" he asked, breathlessly.

"Eating breakfast," replied the bell boy.
The next step was to take Capt. Coty's big steamboat for Sucker Point at 8:30 o'clock. Indian Farmer T. J. Vine and Inspector Dan McLeod were waiting on the bank. The company went ashore and proceeded to the farmer's warehouse. A fire was kindled in the old stove and a pine board nailed up for a money counter. The payment had been advertised for Oct. 4, but all the Indians had arrived at the point. Dan commenced to hoot and yell and the Indians were flocking to the scene of the annual payment.

Is Layal to Uncle Sam.
Five bands made the Sucker Point their headquarters. The first Indian to arrive was old Chief Kwe-kwe-kamig. He had a red bandana kerchief tied around his head, wore his Sun-goggles and his form was set off by a long blue military coat, ornamented with big brass buttons, stamped with the British crown. The old man, 80 or 85, had a long white beard and waited gravely for the payment to commence. Old Chief Kwe-kwe-kamig is one of the best Indians among all the Chippewas. He is now living with Sam and his plans. He is always for good actions and obeying of the government's commands. He endeavors to wisely counsel the young men, and is an unusually fine canoe maker and in his time was a mighty hunter. His hair yet retains its raven hue and there is something pleasing, dignified and trustworthy in his well moulded features.

The payment differed in no respect from the one at Grand Portage. The agent would call out a name; interpreter Dan would repeat it loudly; the Indian summoned would come in, touch the pen, take \$10 and give way to the next. Of course, there were a number of interesting and amusing incidents. Some time before, Dan, the interpreter, told Christian Dorchester, one of the Sucker Point Indian policemen, a watch for \$5. It came up missing one day and a certain Indian was suspected of having stolen it. Dan would call out a name; interpreter Dan would repeat it loudly; the Indian summoned would come in, touch the pen, take \$10 and give way to the next.

Cold Corned Beef Killed Him.
One woman paid was Shay-way, the widow of Ah-sud-do-wain, or "Big-head," a name of the dead deceased. The nickname "Big-head" was due to a head of abnormal proportions, in fact, it was so large that no hat could be found to cover it. He was a good, solid headed fellow, however, which fact made Ah-sud-do-wain a valued "packer." On one trip Chief Clerk Rodman, who had charge of the payment, secured "Big-head" to help "tote" the outfit. That resulted in the poor fellow's death. One night there was left over from supper part of a can of corned beef. "Big-head" was asked if he could not clean up the remnant. The beef was frozen solid, but the valiant Chippewa tackled it and never let up until the congealed mass had been transferred to his stomach. The next day he was terribly ill and by night he was an Indian angel. The deadly frozen corned beef had done its work.

Another Indian paid was Sah-bah-dis. He is the fast runner of the Sucker Point band. He is tall, straight, weighs fully 180 pounds and possesses not a single pound of superfluous flesh. Farmer Klare and Dan walked along by hand, closely guarding the money bag in the vehicle. The rest of the party, with guns in hand, took the lead, closely watching for partridges.

A Horribly Rocky Road.
That road was worse than the famous one to Jordan. It was rock, rock, rock, nearly every foot of the way. The morning's rain had made it distressingly slippery. A stump would be dodged only to strike a big boulder. Next piece of rough and treacherous roadway would be met. A sharp climb up an almost impassable hill would be followed by a hazardous descent down a slope from forty-five to almost sixty degrees, it seemed, in several cases. The road was slip, stumble, fall, scratch and bruise. With the team and driver it was bump, bump, thump, slide, jerk, tip and then bump, bump, bump again. If the wagon and started for the interior, sloner, clerks and all, were to pass over that rude trail through the woods, there would be less feeling than an Indian agent's annual payment the next day. It was a picnic, inexpensive and full of comfort.

A Story in Signs.
The "dummy" is the best Indian to work that the Point possesses. He is a little short, smiling fellow but bears the long name of May-ah-jee-wah. The poor fellow is deaf and dumb having been born that way. That in no way hinders his happiness and he is a most surprising master of the sign language. He can tell almost anything, and many of his stories show him to be a natural born humorist. One day last week, after a great long story to Mrs. Vine, the farmer's wife. He told that in another band, at Kabetogama, there was an Indian with three daughters. He went in to all details, by signs, indicated the age

The Keystone Watch

Case Co. of Philadelphia,

the largest watch case manufacturing concern in the world, is now putting upon the Jas. Boss Filled and other cases made by it, a bow (ring) which cannot be twisted or pulled off the watch.

It is a sure protection against the pickpocket and the many accidents that befall watches fitted with the old-style bow, which is simply held in by friction and can be twisted off with the fingers. It is called the

and CAN ONLY BE HAD with cases bearing the trade mark.

Sold only through watch dealers, without extra charge for pamphlet. Ask any jeweler for pamphlet, or send to the manufacturers.

Who is it pulls teeth without pain? Dr. Schiffman. In Wood-bridge block.

"THAT'S WHO!" Ask Anybody.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE WILL DO YOU NO GOOD.

Do you want a fine DRESS SHOE made in the latest style, don't pay \$6 to \$8, but pay \$3, \$3.50, \$4.00 or \$5.00. They fit equal to custom made and look and wear as well. If you wish to economize in your footwear, do so by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and price stamped on the bottom, look for it when you buy W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

Suffel & Co., 129-131 West Superior Street.

AT THE PLAYHOUSES

Schilling's Minstrels Will Open the Week at the Temple, Appearing on Monday Evening.

"The Soudan," the Great Melodrama, One of the Attractions of the Temple Next Week.

Rhea, One of Duluth's Great Favorites, Will Be Here Presently in "The Queen of Sheba."

Next week will find the Temple opera open four nights and with a matinee performance as well. On Monday evening Schilling's Minstrels will hold forth. On Tuesday evening "The Soudan," a famous melodrama, never seen in Duluth, will be presented. Friday and Saturday evenings, with a matinee on the latter day, will be occupied by Rhea, who will present her new play, "The Queen of Sheba." A change of bill will probably be made for the matinee. The Lyceum will be dark next week.

This week was principally notable because of the appearance of the Sea-brooke company. The audiences were not as large as expected, but nevertheless, the opening night here was nearly \$100 larger than in St. Paul. "The Silver King" opened at the Lyceum last evening and will be given again this evening.

SCHILLING'S MINSTRELS.

They Will Entertain the Masses at the Temple on Monday.

On Monday evening Schilling's minstrels will be seen at the Temple. Charles E. Schilling has for this season organized the strongest company he has ever controlled. Novelty pervades the entire performance. The first part is entitled "King Solomon's Court." The costumes will be on the grandest scale and the stage settings of the most sumptuous kind. The comedians, Hart, Ward, De Vane, Allen, Evans and Lewis, are heard in new songs and witty repartee, new ballads by Messrs. Norris, Morgan, Luke, Dicken and McCabe. The Hobson trio presents a new variety act unique in this country, setting at defiance all the laws of gravitation, a marvelous exhibition of nerve and skill. Jerry Hart is a comedian, famed for his facial puckers, a man who makes you laugh; Harry Ward, a brilliant young comedian and monologist; the wonderful Evans, champion manipulator of clubs; De Vane and Allen, a duo of anatomical mysteries; Sharp and Platt, the masters of unique musical instruments, and an augmented orchestra composed of picked soloists.

"THE SOUDAN."

A Great Melodrama Which Will Be at the Temple Tuesday.

Managers C. B. Jefferson, Klaw & Erlanger in offering their production of this foremost melodrama, "The Soudan," to the American theater-going public the present season, desire to far surpass in gorgeousness and the arrangement of detail, any similar production ever given in this country. How well they have succeeded in this ambitious undertaking may be partially judged from a clipping from the Boston Herald, which reads: "To no wonder, 'The Soudan' requires more scenery than is presented in any other theatrical organization in America, and to say that this vast amount was well handled, and even saying a good deal, yet such was the case."

Among those that stand out with vivid realism are the taking of Tel-el-Khuff by the English and the Square. In the latter scene the red-coated British regiments, headed by their bands, their officers mounted, pass through the Square, which is gaily decorated with bunting, amidst the cheers of the London populace, while in the storm scene the audience is usually aroused and pitch of cheering as the troops come swarming over the walls, shooting down the Arabs in their onslaught, until all are all brought by the company, and the effects are spoken of as thrilling.

This production will be seen at the Temple on Tuesday evening.

"QUEEN OF SHEBA."

The New Play Which Rhea Will Present Here Next Week.

Rhea, one of the greatest favorites among all the actresses who have won success in Duluth, will be at the Temple on Friday and Saturday next and will give a matinee on Saturday afternoon. Her new play is "The Queen of Sheba" and it will be gorgeously mounted. A writer on theatrical topics whose utterances are generally conservative has this to say:

"Rhea is the central figure, but around her revolve lesser lights who are stars of godly magnitude. The play is grand, the theme noble and the tone elevating. It is a daring innovation to construct a play upon a biblical subject and make it acceptable to the general public, but in this instance, with a noble love as the foundation, the author has struck the keynote of popular approval, and the result is satisfactory. From the beginning to the end the auditor is spell-bound. Rhea is superb and in the conception of her role every inch a queen. Her costumes are magnificent and striking, and in many stirring situations and climaxes her power as an actor is shown to the greatest advantage. The play is the beautiful, the costume is handsome; the lines breathe an atmosphere of grandeur."

IS STILL WINNING SUCCESS.

Donald Que, Jr., better known to Duluthians as Verplanck Quillhard, continues to win success in "Venus" and is always referred to by the Boston papers as if he were an able and tried comedian. The Transcript, referring to the continued run of "Venus," said last Saturday:

"The comedians, Halton Moxey, Harry Macdonough and Donald Que, Jr., have introduced a grotesque drama, which proves a most amusing feature. These comedians, by the way, with Miss D'Arville, form what is probably the most re-

STILL MARCHING ON

It Will Take More Than Hard Times to Stop Progress at the West End.

No Brass Bands Are Parading the Streets But Business Keeps Up Just the Same.

Building Has Progressed All Summer and the Mercantile Establishments Have Enjoyed Excellent Trade.

Just because no brass bands have been parading up and down the streets at the West End lately and filling all that part of the city with loud music all day long, must not be taken to mean that things are dead down there, for such is not the case. If things have been quiet there the past few months it is because the thoughtful citizens wished to observe the proprieties and not disturb the funeral gloom and silence that has been hanging over their neighbors across the bay and in some parts of Duluth and West Duluth.

Paste that fact in your hat, gentle reader, the West End is not dead, and even when it sleeps it is with one eye wide open.

No one denies that the West End has felt these times of depression, yet where there is a place that has been less affected than the future business and home center of Duluth. Not a single merchant, if the writer of these lines fails not in his recollections, has failed this whole season. Merchants have not materially reduced their clerical forces nor their stocks of goods. Many have, all the summer and fall, enjoyed trades nearly as good as usual. Building has been going on and one of the crowning events in the way of improvements, has been the completion and opening of one of the largest department stores of the season. The future promises well for that, yet the smaller establishments, owing to their longer operation and wider acquaintance are not suffering from the new competitor.

Probably the greatest scene of activity in all the city has been at the West End. The mainmote docks have been receiving and sending out large quantities of the mineral product of the Mesabi range and the work will continue until navigation closes.

New and elegant homes have been erected. No part of the city has reported more births and fewer deaths to the health department than the West End. The schools are filled with children anxious to pick the flower of knowledge. The churches are all well attended and the pastors are not allowed to go without the regular payment of their salaries. Crime and lawlessness has been at a minimum, which is a marvel, considering the nearness to the docks, railroad construction and the West Superior ferry line.

Next spring the West End is bound to arise in all its vigor and set a pace that will weary all rivals.

PINERO'S NEW PLAY.

It Is Said to Be Immoral, and Yet Points a Moral.

New York, Oct. 12.—The talk of the town just at present is Arthur W. Pinero's new play, "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray," which Mr. and Mrs. Kendal are presenting to large audiences at the Star theater. The play undoubtedly deals with an immoral subject, but it is treated in such a manner that a strong moral is pointed. It is undoubtedly a masterpiece.



ZIMBA EAMES AS JULIET.

necessary to give the details of the story, which is intensely interesting and will long stand as a model of the modern playwright's art.

It seems that Pinero when he wrote it had no idea that it would ever become a great and popular success, for he feared that the theater-going public would refuse to accept it seriously as a thoroughly sincere contribution to contemporary dramatic literature. He offered "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray" to Manager Daniel Frohman in London and really became the reigning sensation. Mr. Frohman was no doubt greatly surprised and perhaps a trifle fearful at the apparently magnificent local opportunity. He was afraid that New York wouldn't "stand" it, but this cosmopolitan city has not only "stood" it, but it positively likes it, and that, too, despite the fact that most of the critics do not. These gentlemen have suddenly developed diabolic tendencies, and the theatrical columns of the big New York dailies may soon be expected to contain long sermons on morality. If this should prove to be the case, what a contrast will be afforded with the other portions of most of those papers.

The offense in the case of "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray" seems to lie in the fact that it deals with things as they really are, and not as they should be. The play shows by means of strong dialogue, moral situations and adroit suggestions that a misstep will be followed by retribution just as surely as the sun rises and sets. This is done in such a vigorous manner that many the treatment might appear at first sight to be unnecessarily and even brutally

GREAT Slaughter Sale!

COMMENCING

Monday, Oct. 23,

And Lasting all the Month.

Too Many Goods.

They Must Be Sold at Once Regardless of Cost.

Our Loss Is Your Gain.

1-4 OFF

From our regular low prices on our entire stock of Men's Suits, Trousers and Underwear, White Shirts, Hats, Gloves, Socks, Ties, Collars, Cuffs, and all other accessories, we are now offering a 25 per cent off on every dollar.

A lot of good Socks and Jackets of last year's stock, will be sold at HALF PRICE AND LESS.

Our Entire Stock of Carpets at Cost.

DRESS GOODS.

A big line of Turner's Dress Goods, regularly sold at 50c and 60c. To close them quickly, we are now selling at 37c and 42c. New wool Dress Flannels worth 50c and 60c. Sale price 37c and 42c. Fine Serge Dress Flannels worth 50c and 60c. Our October Sale Price, 37c and 42c. Big Bargains in Black Dress Goods.

Men's Warm Goods.

A complete line of Men's Warm Goods, Overalls, Mackinaws, Socks and Mitts at HARD TIMES PRICES.

UNDERWEAR.

Men's Fancy Underwear, cheap at 15c. Sale price 10c. Men's all wool Underwear, regular price 25c. Sale price 15c. Men's all wool Underwear, regular price 35c. Sale price 25c. Bargains in all kinds of Underwear for Men, Ladies and Children.

1-4 OFF ON SHOES.

All our Men's and Ladies' Shoes regularly sold at \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.50, \$6.00, \$6.50, \$7.00, \$7.50, \$8.00, \$8.50, \$9.00, \$9.50, \$10.00, \$10.50, \$11.00, \$11.50, \$12.00, \$12.50, \$13.00, \$13.50, \$14.00, \$14.50, \$15.00, \$15.50, \$16.00, \$16.50, \$17.00, \$17.50, \$18.00, \$18.50, \$19.00, \$19.50, \$20.00, \$20.50, \$21.00, \$21.50, \$22.00, \$22.50, \$23.00, \$23.50, \$24.00, \$24.50, \$25.00, \$25.50, \$26.00, \$26.50, \$27.00, \$27.50, \$28.00, \$28.50, \$29.00, \$29.50, \$30.00, \$30.50, \$31.00, \$31.50, \$32.00, \$32.50, \$33.00, \$33.50, \$34.00, \$34.50, \$35.00, \$35.50, \$36.00, \$36.50, \$37.00, \$37.50, \$38.00, \$38.50, \$39.00, \$39.50, \$40.00, \$40.50, \$41.00, \$41.50, \$42.00, \$42.50, \$43.00, \$43.50, \$44.00, \$44.50, \$45.00, \$45.50, \$46.00, \$46.50, \$47.00, \$47.50, \$48.00, \$48.50, \$49.00, \$49.50, \$50.00, \$50.50, \$51.00, \$51.50, \$52.00, \$52.50, \$53.00, \$53.50, \$54.00, \$54.50, \$55.00, \$55.50, \$56.00, \$56.50, \$57.00, \$57.50, \$58.00, \$58.50, \$59.00, \$59.50, \$60.00, \$60.50, \$61.00, \$61.50, \$62.00, \$62.50, \$63.00, \$63.50, \$64.00, \$64.50, \$65.00, \$65.50, \$66.00, \$66.50, \$67.00, \$67.50, \$68.00, \$68.50, \$69.00, \$69.50, \$70.00, \$70.50, \$71.00, \$71.50, \$72.00, \$72.50, \$73.00, \$73.50, \$74.00, \$74.50, \$75.00, \$75.50, \$76.00, \$76.50, \$77.00, \$77.50, \$78.00, \$78.50, \$79.00, \$79.50, \$80.00, \$80.50, \$81.00, \$81.50, \$82.00, \$82.50, \$83.00, \$83.50, \$84.00, \$84.50, \$85.00, \$85.50, \$86.00, \$86.50, \$87.00, \$87.50, \$88.00, \$88.50, \$89.00, \$89.50, \$90.00, \$90.50, \$91.00, \$91.50, \$92.00, \$92.50, \$93.00, \$93.50, \$94.00, \$94.50, \$95.00, \$95.50, \$96.00, \$96.50, \$97.00, \$97.50, \$98.00, \$98.50, \$99.00, \$99.50, \$100.00, \$100.50, \$101.00, \$101.50, \$102.00, \$102.50, \$103.00, \$103.50, \$104.00, \$104.50, \$105.00, \$105.50, \$106.00, \$106.50, \$107.00, \$107.50, \$108.00, \$108.50, \$109.00, \$109.50, \$110.00, \$110.50, \$111.00, \$111.50, \$112.00, \$112.50, \$113.00, \$113.50, \$114.00, \$114.50, \$115.00, \$115.50, \$116.00, \$116.50, \$117.00, \$117.50, \$118.00, \$118.50, \$119.00, \$119.50, \$120.00, \$120.50, \$121.00, \$121.50, \$122.00, \$122.50, \$123.00, \$123.50, \$124.00, \$124.50, \$125.00, \$125.50, \$126.00, \$126.50, \$127.00, \$127.50, \$128.00, \$128.50, \$129.00, \$129.50, \$130.00, \$130.50, \$131.00, \$131.50, \$132.00, \$132.50, \$133.00, \$133.50, \$134.00, \$134.50, \$135.00, \$135.50, \$136.00, \$136.50, \$137.00, \$137.50, \$138.00, \$138.50, \$139.00, \$139.50, \$140.00, \$140.50, \$141.00, \$141.50, \$142.00, \$142.50, \$143.00, \$143.50, \$144.00, \$144.50, \$145.00, \$145.50, \$146.00, \$146.50, \$147.00, \$147.50, \$148.00, \$148.50, \$149.00, \$149.50, \$150.00, \$150.50, \$151.00, \$151.50, \$152.00, \$152.50, \$153.00, \$153.50, \$154.00, \$154.50, \$155.00, \$155.50, \$156.00, \$156.50, \$157.00, \$157.50, \$158.00, \$158.50, \$159.00, \$159.50, \$160.00, \$160.50, \$161.00, \$161.50, \$162.00, \$162.50, \$163.00, \$163.50, \$164.00, \$164.50, \$165.00, \$165.50, \$166.00, \$166.50, \$167.00, \$167.50, \$168.00, \$168.50, \$169.00, \$169.50, \$170.00, \$170.50, \$171.00, \$171.50, \$172.00, \$172.50, \$173.00, \$173.50, \$174.00, \$174.50, \$175.00, \$175.50, \$176.00, \$176.50, \$177.00, \$177.50, \$178.00, \$178.50, \$179.00, \$179.50, \$180.00, \$180.50, \$181.00, \$181.50, \$182.00, \$182.50, \$183.00, \$183.50, \$184.00, \$184.50, \$185.00, \$185.50, \$186.00, \$186.50, \$187.00, \$187.50, \$188.00, \$188.50, \$189.00, \$189.50, \$190.00, \$190.50, \$191.00, \$191.50, \$192.00, \$192.50, \$193.00, \$193.50, \$194.00, \$194.50, \$195.00, \$195.50, \$196.00, \$196.50, \$197.00, \$197.50, \$198.00, \$198.50, \$199.00, \$199.50, \$200.00, \$200.50, \$201.00, \$201.50, \$202.00, \$202.50, \$203.00, \$203.50, \$204.00, \$204.50, \$205.00, \$205.50, \$206.00, \$206.50, \$207.00, \$207.50, \$208.00, \$208.50, \$209.00, \$209.50, \$210.00, \$210.50, \$211.00, \$211.50, \$212.00, \$212.50, \$213.00, \$213.50, \$214.00, \$214.50, \$215.00, \$215.50, \$216.00, \$216.50, \$217.00, \$217.50, \$218.00, \$218.50, \$219.00, \$219.50, \$220.00, \$220.50, \$221.00, \$221.50, \$222.00, \$222.50, \$223.00, \$223.50, \$224.00, \$224.50, \$225.00, \$225.50, \$226.00, \$226.50, \$227.00, \$227.50, \$228.00, \$228.50, \$229.00, \$229.50, \$230.00, \$230.50, \$231.00, \$231.50, \$232.00, \$232.50, \$233.00, \$233.50, \$234.00, \$234.50, \$235.00, \$235.50, \$236.00, \$236.50, \$237.00, \$237.50, \$238.00, \$238.50, \$239.00, \$239.50, \$240.00, \$240.50, \$241.00, \$241.50, \$242.00, \$242.50, \$243.00, \$243.50, \$244.00, \$244.50, \$245.00, \$245.50, \$246.00, \$246.50, \$247.00, \$247.50, \$248.00, \$248.50, \$249.00, \$249.50, \$250.00, \$250.50, \$251.00, \$251.50, \$252.00, \$252.50, \$253.00, \$253.50, \$254.00, \$254.50, \$255.00, \$255.50, \$256.00, \$256.50, \$257.00, \$257.50, \$258.00, \$258.50, \$259.00, \$259.50, \$260.00, \$260.50, \$261.00, \$261.50, \$262.00, \$262.50, \$263.00, \$263.50, \$264.00, \$264.50, \$265.00, \$265.50, \$266.00, \$266.50, \$267.00, \$267.50, \$268.00, \$268.50, \$269.00, \$269.50, \$270.00, \$270.50, \$271.00, \$271.50, \$272.00, \$272.50, \$273.00, \$273.50, \$274.00, \$274.50, \$275.00, \$275.50, \$276.00, \$276.50, \$277.00, \$277.50, \$278.00, \$278.50, \$279.00, \$279.50, \$280.00, \$280.50, \$281.00, \$281.50, \$282.00, \$282.50, \$283.00, \$283.50, \$284.00, \$284.50, \$285.00, \$285.50, \$286.00, \$286.50, \$287.00, \$287.50, \$288.00, \$288.50, \$289.00, \$289.50, \$290.00, \$290.50, \$291.00, \$291.50, \$292.00, \$292.50, \$293.00, \$293.50, \$294.00, \$294.50, \$295.00, \$295.50, \$296.00, \$296.50, \$297.00, \$297.50, \$298.00, \$298.50, \$299.00, \$299.50, \$300.00, \$300.50, \$301.00, \$301.50, \$302.00, \$302.50, \$303.00, \$303.50, \$304.00, \$304.50, \$305.00, \$305.50, \$306.00, \$306.50, \$307.00, \$307.50, \$308.00, \$308.50, \$309.00, \$309.50, \$310.00, \$310.50, \$311.00, \$311.50, \$312.00, \$312.50, \$313.00, \$313.50, \$314.00, \$314.50, \$315.00, \$315.50, \$316.00, \$316.50, \$317.00, \$317.50, \$318.00, \$318.50, \$319.00, \$319.50, \$320.00, \$320.50, \$321.00, \$321.50, \$322.00, \$322.50, \$323.00, \$323.50, \$324.00, \$324.50, \$325.00, \$325.50, \$326.00, \$326.50, \$327.00, \$327.50, \$328.00, \$328.50, \$329.00, \$329.50, \$330.00, \$330.50, \$331.00, \$331.50, \$332.00, \$332.50, \$333.00, \$333.50, \$334.00, \$334.50, \$335.00, \$335.50, \$336.00, \$336.50, \$337.00, \$337.50, \$338.00, \$338.50, \$339.00, \$339.50, \$340.00, \$340.50, \$341.00, \$341.50, \$342.00, \$342.50, \$343.00, \$343.50, \$344.00, \$344.50, \$345.00, \$345.50, \$346.00, \$346.50, \$347.00, \$347.50, \$348.00, \$348.50, \$349.00, \$349.50, \$350.00, \$350.50, \$351.00, \$351.50, \$352.00, \$352.50, \$353.00, \$353.50, \$354.00, \$354.50, \$355.00, \$355.50, \$356.00, \$356.50, \$357.00, \$357.50, \$358.00, \$358.50, \$359.00, \$359.50, \$360.00, \$360.50, \$361.00, \$361.50, \$362.00, \$362.50, \$363.00, \$363.50, \$364.00, \$364.50, \$365.00, \$365.50, \$366.00, \$366.50, \$367.00, \$367.50, \$368.00, \$368.50, \$369.00, \$369.50, \$370.00, \$370.50, \$371.00, \$371.50, \$372.00, \$372.50, \$373.00, \$373.50, \$374.00, \$374.50, \$375.00, \$375.50, \$376.00, \$376.50, \$377.00, \$377.50, \$378.00, \$378.50, \$379.00, \$379.50, \$380.00, \$380.50, \$381.00, \$381.50, \$382.00, \$382.50, \$383.00, \$383.50, \$384.00, \$384.50, \$385.00, \$385.50, \$386.00, \$386.50, \$387.00, \$387.50, \$388.00, \$388.50, \$389.00, \$389.50, \$390.00, \$390.50, \$391.00, \$391.50, \$392.00, \$392.50, \$393.00, \$393.50, \$394.00, \$394.50, \$395.00, \$395.50, \$396.00, \$396.50, \$397.00, \$397.50, \$398.00, \$398.50, \$399.00, \$399.50, \$400.00, \$400.50, \$401.00, \$401.50, \$402.00, \$402.50, \$403.00, \$403.50, \$404.00, \$404.50, \$405.00, \$405.50, \$406.00, \$406.50, \$407.00, \$407.50, \$408.00, \$408.50, \$409.00, \$409.50, \$410.00, \$410.50, \$411.00, \$411.50, \$412.00, \$412.50, \$413.00, \$413.50, \$414.00, \$414.50, \$415.00, \$415.50, \$416.00, \$416.50, \$417.00, \$417.50, \$418.00, \$418.50, \$419.00, \$419.50, \$420.00, \$420.50, \$421.00, \$421.50, \$422.00, \$422.50, \$423.00, \$423.50, \$424.00, \$424.50, \$425.00, \$425.50, \$426.00, \$426.50, \$427.00, \$427.50, \$428.00, \$428.50, \$429.00, \$429.50, \$430.00, \$430.50, \$431.00, \$431.50, \$432.00, \$432.50, \$433.00, \$433.50, \$434.00, \$434.50, \$435.00, \$435.50, \$436.00, \$436.50, \$437.00, \$437.50, \$438.00, \$438.50, \$439.00, \$439.50, \$440.00, \$440.50, \$441.00, \$441.50, \$442.00, \$442.50, \$443.00, \$443.50, \$444.00, \$444.50, \$445.00, \$445.50, \$446.00, \$446.50, \$447.00, \$447.50, \$448.00, \$448.50, \$449.00, \$449.50, \$450.00, \$450.50, \$451.00, \$451.50, \$452.00, \$452.50, \$453.00, \$453.50, \$454.00, \$454.50, \$455.00, \$455.50, \$456.00, \$456.50, \$457.00, \$457.50, \$458.00, \$458.50, \$459.00, \$459.50, \$460.00, \$460.50, \$461.00, \$461.50, \$462.00, \$462.50, \$463.00, \$463.50, \$464.00, \$464.50, \$465.00, \$465.50, \$466.00, \$466.50, \$467.00, \$467.50, \$468.00, \$468.50, \$469.00, \$469.50, \$470.00, \$470.50, \$471.00, \$471.50, \$472.00, \$472.50, \$473.00, \$473.50, \$474.00, \$474.50, \$475.00, \$475.50, \$476.00, \$476.50, \$477.00, \$477.50, \$478.00, \$478.50, \$479.00, \$479.50, \$480.00, \$480.50, \$481.00, \$481.50, \$482.00, \$482.50, \$483.00, \$483.50, \$484.00, \$484.50, \$485.00, \$485.50, \$486.00, \$486.50, \$487.00, \$487.50, \$488.00, \$488.50, \$489.00, \$489.50, \$490.00, \$490.50, \$491.00, \$491.50, \$492.00, \$492.50, \$493.00, \$493.50, \$494.00, \$494.50, \$495.00, \$495.50, \$496.00, \$496.50, \$497.00, \$497.50, \$498.00, \$498

NYE ON THE BRINY SEA

He Did Not Feel Well For a Few Days,
But Asserts He Was Not
Sickish.

There Was Music By the Band to Accompany the Courses, Which Struck Him Favorably.

Interview With a Real Baron, With Illustrations of a Ship's Officer and the Nobleman.

(Copyright, 1893, by Edgar W. Nye.)
ABOUT HALF WAY BETWEEN THE BOWERY AND WHITECHAPEL, STEAMER ALLEN, ATLANTIC OCEAN.

How strange it seems to be once more on the bounding billow. The weather is fine. We had an auspicious start. Only one thing failed me. The two uniformed footmen whom I had engaged to bring



NOT FEELING WELL.—(B. Nye, Artist.) me flowers as I sailed did not come. They had not failed me before, but I did wring in paying them until they had delivered the goods.

There is already a German air about the ship, and the band is playing on the deck also. We have a good deal of music, and it is superb too. The Germans lean a good deal toward music, as I am sure you know.

The table groans with good things for eating purposes. I did not feel well for a day or two. It was not sickness, but sort of a sporadic case of indigestion. Still I was pressed by all hands to eat something. Meals came closer together as we went east, and gravity became more general on the menu. For fear of a famine during the day a lunch was served three times a day in the smoking room. Then the steward, when he saw my place vacant at the table, sent a waiter and underbitch to my stateroom to make me come down or allow them to bring up something with gravity on it.

Yesterday morning we struck the path of a great storm. We could see places along the way where the lightning had struck. We also found that though the sun was shining, there were large holes in the sea into which we stumbled with our damper.

Dampier's German for steamer. Early in the morning we sighted a wreck. It was an American schooner that had barely outlived the storm. I went on deck to see the remainder of the crew come aboard, rescued from death. As we got abreast of the hull, on which a spar or two sustained a rag of sail that



THE OFFICER.—(B. Nye, Artist.) looked like the awning for a boy's lemonade stand, we signalled and got replies, but I could not make them out.

Finally I asked an officer near me: "Does he not make out your signals?" "Yes."

"And can't you get nearer? He is drifting away."

"He says he don't need help."

"But won't they starve?" "Oh, no, I think not. Four times already we have asked him at least to take some of our gravity, but he thanks us and says he wouldn't choose any."

The Germans are very hospitable. The gentlemen who sit next to me at table ask me in the morning:

"Have you through the never-to-be-forgotten-get-up-and-sit-down-night well slept?"

At least that is my translation of it. He is just going home after a visit of 12 days in America. I asked him if he proposed writing a book on "Life in America." He said he thought he might do so. Sarcastic cannot disturb a man with a nice, pure heart.

He suddenly left the table late evening to go on deck and see the sunset. I wish I could think of some of those subterfuges in time, but I am not gifted that way. I do not think quickly when old man Gastric "gets his wires crossed."

When my stomach is in the air, as it were, I think slowly.

We have a handsome and well behaved young baron on board ship. He has the Heidelberg scar on the cheek, which would admit him into the best society without his title. He is certainly a gentlemanly, quiet fellow. He told me that being a baron is not hard work. It is almost as good as play. I told him that our folks had always been looked up to socially a good deal, and I realized that much is required of such people. We can't romp and turn loose as we could if we had been middle class people and tradesfolk.

The baron said it was sort of tough to feel that the eyes of the world are on one all the time, even when he goes in swimming, and that he cannot get out from under the restraint and thrum of social reform. We talked that way for quite a spell and enjoyed it right much.

The man who sits next me at the table is of a musical nature, and when the orchestra plays at dinner he snaps his fingers and directs the orchestra with a stick of celery. Sometimes he whistles the air, and thus fills his whiskers with succotash and asparagus. Often I wish that he would not do this. If I had brought my other trousers, as I was tempted to do, I would not mind, but people in London will think I've been working in a corn cannery, I fear.

I find that most every one aboard talks much of the fair at Chicago, but on general principles, while greatly admiring it, regard the American as artistically still in a nebulous or gummy state. They generally consider Washington the most beautiful city and praise her streets with-out limit, also her cleanliness.

Still there seems to be a general desire on board to congratulate Germany on having the finest set of people on earth. After all, with our American boom and swagger, which is simply funny, it takes a German to be perfectly free from envy or jealousy regarding the popularity of the management of the universe.

He would manage the universe, of course, if he had to, and there would be no irregularities, but he would stipulate before he began that he would do it in a German way. He would have (scrubbed every night, for one thing, and he would see that gravity was more general.

Germany will soon have a standing army of 750,000 men. This is worse than a presidential election every four years, which is about the most idiotic feature of a growing government. We put all kinds of business in jeopardy every four years by threatening a revolution and scaring every trade and manufacturer to death with platforms which nobody

Still there seems to be a general desire on board to congratulate Germany on having the finest set of people on earth. After all, with our American boom and swagger, which is simply funny, it takes a German to be perfectly free from envy or jealousy regarding the popularity of the management of the universe.

He would manage the universe, of course, if he had to, and there would be no irregularities, but he would stipulate before he began that he would do it in a German way. He would have (scrubbed every night, for one thing, and he would see that gravity was more general.

Germany will soon have a standing army of 750,000 men. This is worse than a presidential election every four years, which is about the most idiotic feature of a growing government. We put all kinds of business in jeopardy every four years by threatening a revolution and scaring every trade and manufacturer to death with platforms which nobody

Still there seems to be a general desire on board to congratulate Germany on having the finest set of people on earth. After all, with our American boom and swagger, which is simply funny, it takes a German to be perfectly free from envy or jealousy regarding the popularity of the management of the universe.

He would manage the universe, of course, if he had to, and there would be no irregularities, but he would stipulate before he began that he would do it in a German way. He would have (scrubbed every night, for one thing, and he would see that gravity was more general.

Germany will soon have a standing army of 750,000 men. This is worse than a presidential election every four years, which is about the most idiotic feature of a growing government. We put all kinds of business in jeopardy every four years by threatening a revolution and scaring every trade and manufacturer to death with platforms which nobody

Still there seems to be a general desire on board to congratulate Germany on having the finest set of people on earth. After all, with our American boom and swagger, which is simply funny, it takes a German to be perfectly free from envy or jealousy regarding the popularity of the management of the universe.

He would manage the universe, of course, if he had to, and there would be no irregularities, but he would stipulate before he began that he would do it in a German way. He would have (scrubbed every night, for one thing, and he would see that gravity was more general.

Germany will soon have a standing army of 750,000 men. This is worse than a presidential election every four years, which is about the most idiotic feature of a growing government. We put all kinds of business in jeopardy every four years by threatening a revolution and scaring every trade and manufacturer to death with platforms which nobody

Still there seems to be a general desire on board to congratulate Germany on having the finest set of people on earth. After all, with our American boom and swagger, which is simply funny, it takes a German to be perfectly free from envy or jealousy regarding the popularity of the management of the universe.

He would manage the universe, of course, if he had to, and there would be no irregularities, but he would stipulate before he began that he would do it in a German way. He would have (scrubbed every night, for one thing, and he would see that gravity was more general.

Germany will soon have a standing army of 750,000 men. This is worse than a presidential election every four years, which is about the most idiotic feature of a growing government. We put all kinds of business in jeopardy every four years by threatening a revolution and scaring every trade and manufacturer to death with platforms which nobody

Still there seems to be a general desire on board to congratulate Germany on having the finest set of people on earth. After all, with our American boom and swagger, which is simply funny, it takes a German to be perfectly free from envy or jealousy regarding the popularity of the management of the universe.

He would manage the universe, of course, if he had to, and there would be no irregularities, but he would stipulate before he began that he would do it in a German way. He would have (scrubbed every night, for one thing, and he would see that gravity was more general.

Germany will soon have a standing army of 750,000 men. This is worse than a presidential election every four years, which is about the most idiotic feature of a growing government. We put all kinds of business in jeopardy every four years by threatening a revolution and scaring every trade and manufacturer to death with platforms which nobody

Still there seems to be a general desire on board to congratulate Germany on having the finest set of people on earth. After all, with our American boom and swagger, which is simply funny, it takes a German to be perfectly free from envy or jealousy regarding the popularity of the management of the universe.

He would manage the universe, of course, if he had to, and there would be no irregularities, but he would stipulate before he began that he would do it in a German way. He would have (scrubbed every night, for one thing, and he would see that gravity was more general.

Germany will soon have a standing army of 750,000 men. This is worse than a presidential election every four years, which is about the most idiotic feature of a growing government. We put all kinds of business in jeopardy every four years by threatening a revolution and scaring every trade and manufacturer to death with platforms which nobody

Still there seems to be a general desire on board to congratulate Germany on having the finest set of people on earth. After all, with our American boom and swagger, which is simply funny, it takes a German to be perfectly free from envy or jealousy regarding the popularity of the management of the universe.

He would manage the universe, of course, if he had to, and there would be no irregularities, but he would stipulate before he began that he would do it in a German way. He would have (scrubbed every night, for one thing, and he would see that gravity was more general.

Germany will soon have a standing army of 750,000 men. This is worse than a presidential election every four years, which is about the most idiotic feature of a growing government. We put all kinds of business in jeopardy every four years by threatening a revolution and scaring every trade and manufacturer to death with platforms which nobody

Still there seems to be a general desire on board to congratulate Germany on having the finest set of people on earth. After all, with our American boom and swagger, which is simply funny, it takes a German to be perfectly free from envy or jealousy regarding the popularity of the management of the universe.

He would manage the universe, of course, if he had to, and there would be no irregularities, but he would stipulate before he began that he would do it in a German way. He would have (scrubbed every night, for one thing, and he would see that gravity was more general.

Germany will soon have a standing army of 750,000 men. This is worse than a presidential election every four years, which is about the most idiotic feature of a growing government. We put all kinds of business in jeopardy every four years by threatening a revolution and scaring every trade and manufacturer to death with platforms which nobody

Still there seems to be a general desire on board to congratulate Germany on having the finest set of people on earth. After all, with our American boom and swagger, which is simply funny, it takes a German to be perfectly free from envy or jealousy regarding the popularity of the management of the universe.

He would manage the universe, of course, if he had to, and there would be no irregularities, but he would stipulate before he began that he would do it in a German way. He would have (scrubbed every night, for one thing, and he would see that gravity was more general.

Germany will soon have a standing army of 750,000 men. This is worse than a presidential election every four years, which is about the most idiotic feature of a growing government. We put all kinds of business in jeopardy every four years by threatening a revolution and scaring every trade and manufacturer to death with platforms which nobody

Still there seems to be a general desire on board to congratulate Germany on having the finest set of people on earth. After all, with our American boom and swagger, which is simply funny, it takes a German to be perfectly free from envy or jealousy regarding the popularity of the management of the universe.

He would manage the universe, of course, if he had to, and there would be no irregularities, but he would stipulate before he began that he would do it in a German way. He would have (scrubbed every night, for one thing, and he would see that gravity was more general.

Germany will soon have a standing army of 750,000 men. This is worse than a presidential election every four years, which is about the most idiotic feature of a growing government. We put all kinds of business in jeopardy every four years by threatening a revolution and scaring every trade and manufacturer to death with platforms which nobody

Still there seems to be a general desire on board to congratulate Germany on having the finest set of people on earth. After all, with our American boom and swagger, which is simply funny, it takes a German to be perfectly free from envy or jealousy regarding the popularity of the management of the universe.

He would manage the universe, of course, if he had to, and there would be no irregularities, but he would stipulate before he began that he would do it in a German way. He would have (scrubbed every night, for one thing, and he would see that gravity was more general.

Germany will soon have a standing army of 750,000 men. This is worse than a presidential election every four years, which is about the most idiotic feature of a growing government. We put all kinds of business in jeopardy every four years by threatening a revolution and scaring every trade and manufacturer to death with platforms which nobody

Still there seems to be a general desire on board to congratulate Germany on having the finest set of people on earth. After all, with our American boom and swagger, which is simply funny, it takes a German to be perfectly free from envy or jealousy regarding the popularity of the management of the universe.

SEA LOVED A WHALE." This is a little far-fetched, but we do not mind it. With the fowl the orchestra plays "Flee as a Bird," etc. When we get down to fruit, the band plays "Little Peach of Emerald Hue," and when the early rising cheese comes on the leader strikes up "Johnny, Get Your Gun."

I introduced this custom four years ago on this line of steamers and now have a patent on it (pronounced patent in England).

The other evening the ship was making such wild plunges that the managers had to be put on the table again. She would bury her nose in the sea, slowly recover, shake herself and clear the table at the same time, and people would go up stairs forgetting to put their napkins in the rings.

In the meantime the orchestra was playing "Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep," when Herr Emboupoint, who plays the big bull fiddle and is often mistaken for it, stepped up on a stool in order to reach a top note with his left hand, when the dampier gave a lurch and threw him on the chest of the bass viol.

It was too much for him, and he nearly knocked out his young life. This is not an idle fancy, but a fact. You may ask him when he comes back to America if I am not right.

I was told that it is almost impossible to keep the place of the cornetist supplied in the orchestra. I did not understand why it was so and asked a member of the staff of the steamer. He said: "You see, it is not strange when you think of it. The orchestra sits up over the dining saloon during dinner. The members cannot eat until after we get through. We have about 27 courses, and you can get the odor of the feast and hear the pop of the weinflaschen for over an hour."

"It is enough to make a man's mouth water. It does."

"We have to blindfold the cornetist now, and still he has to stop every little while and 'pull for the shore.'"

If we should go down nearly knocked out his young life. This is not an idle fancy, but a fact. You may ask him when he comes back to America if I am not right.

I was told that it is almost impossible to keep the place of the cornetist supplied in the orchestra. I did not understand why it was so and asked a member of the staff of the steamer. He said: "You see, it is not strange when you think of it. The orchestra sits up over the dining saloon during dinner. The members cannot eat until after we get through. We have about 27 courses, and you can get the odor of the feast and hear the pop of the weinflaschen for over an hour."

"It is enough to make a man's mouth water. It does."

"We have to blindfold the cornetist now, and still he has to stop every little while and 'pull for the shore.'"

If we should go down nearly knocked out his young life. This is not an idle fancy, but a fact. You may ask him when he comes back to America if I am not right.

I was told that it is almost impossible to keep the place of the cornetist supplied in the orchestra. I did not understand why it was so and asked a member of the staff of the steamer. He said: "You see, it is not strange when you think of it. The orchestra sits up over the dining saloon during dinner. The members cannot eat until after we get through. We have about 27 courses, and you can get the odor of the feast and hear the pop of the weinflaschen for over an hour."

"It is enough to make a man's mouth water. It does."

"We have to blindfold the cornetist now, and still he has to stop every little while and 'pull for the shore.'"

If we should go down nearly knocked out his young life. This is not an idle fancy, but a fact. You may ask him when he comes back to America if I am not right.

I was told that it is almost impossible to keep the place of the cornetist supplied in the orchestra. I did not understand why it was so and asked a member of the staff of the steamer. He said: "You see, it is not strange when you think of it. The orchestra sits up over the dining saloon during dinner. The members cannot eat until after we get through. We have about 27 courses, and you can get the odor of the feast and hear the pop of the weinflaschen for over an hour."

"It is enough to make a man's mouth water. It does."

"We have to blindfold the cornetist now, and still he has to stop every little while and 'pull for the shore.'"

If we should go down nearly knocked out his young life. This is not an idle fancy, but a fact. You may ask him when he comes back to America if I am not right.

I was told that it is almost impossible to keep the place of the cornetist supplied in the orchestra. I did not understand why it was so and asked a member of the staff of the steamer. He said: "You see, it is not strange when you think of it. The orchestra sits up over the dining saloon during dinner. The members cannot eat until after we get through. We have about 27 courses, and you can get the odor of the feast and hear the pop of the weinflaschen for over an hour."

"It is enough to make a man's mouth water. It does."

"We have to blindfold the cornetist now, and still he has to stop every little while and 'pull for the shore.'"

If we should go down nearly knocked out his young life. This is not an idle fancy, but a fact. You may ask him when he comes back to America if I am not right.

I was told that it is almost impossible to keep the place of the cornetist supplied in the orchestra. I did not understand why it was so and asked a member of the staff of the steamer. He said: "You see, it is not strange when you think of it. The orchestra sits up over the dining saloon during dinner. The members cannot eat until after we get through. We have about 27 courses, and you can get the odor of the feast and hear the pop of the weinflaschen for over an hour."

"It is enough to make a man's mouth water. It does."

"We have to blindfold the cornetist now, and still he has to stop every little while and 'pull for the shore.'"

If we should go down nearly knocked out his young life. This is not an idle fancy, but a fact. You may ask him when he comes back to America if I am not right.

I was told that it is almost impossible to keep the place of the cornetist supplied in the orchestra. I did not understand why it was so and asked a member of the staff of the steamer. He said: "You see, it is not strange when you think of it. The orchestra sits up over the dining saloon during dinner. The members cannot eat until after we get through. We have about 27 courses, and you can get the odor of the feast and hear the pop of the weinflaschen for over an hour."

"It is enough to make a man's mouth water. It does."

"We have to blindfold the cornetist now, and still he has to stop every little while and 'pull for the shore.'"

If we should go down nearly knocked out his young life. This is not an idle fancy, but a fact. You may ask him when he comes back to America if I am not right.

I was told that it is almost impossible to keep the place of the cornetist supplied in the orchestra. I did not understand why it was so and asked a member of the staff of the steamer. He said: "You see, it is not strange when you think of it. The orchestra sits up over the dining saloon during dinner. The members cannot eat until after we get through. We have about 27 courses, and you can get the odor of the feast and hear the pop of the weinflaschen for over an hour."

"It is enough to make a man's mouth water. It does."

"We have to blindfold the cornetist now, and still he has to stop every little while and 'pull for the shore.'"

If we should go down nearly knocked out his young life. This is not an idle fancy, but a fact. You may ask him when he comes back to America if I am not right.

I was told that it is almost impossible to keep the place of the cornetist supplied in the orchestra. I did not understand why it was so and asked a member of the staff of the steamer. He said: "You see, it is not strange when you think of it. The orchestra sits up over the dining saloon during dinner. The members cannot eat until after we get through. We have about 27 courses, and you can get the odor of the feast and hear the pop of the weinflaschen for over an hour."

"It is enough to make a man's mouth water. It does."

"We have to blindfold the cornetist now, and still he has to stop every little while and 'pull for the shore.'"

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.
Topic For the Week Beginning Oct. 25.
Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.
Topic.—Christian courtesy. Prov. xii, 10-12. Phil. ii, 2-5. "In honor preferring one another" (Rom. x, 2).

Many people have the idea that Paul was only a doctrinal preacher; that he spent his time entirely in discussing mental questions and never touched upon the practical duties of everyday life. But this is an erroneous idea. Paul was intensely practical, and none the less so because he first founded his ethics upon the eternal principles of God. In this twelfth chapter of Romans we have a wonderful illustration of the practical teachings of Paul. In no book of morality or of ethics can there be more pointed practical rules than found in Paul here lays down for Roman Christians and all Christians. In these verses he deals very largely with what may be appropriately called Christian courtesy. Let us inquire.

1. What is Christian courtesy (Rom. xii, 10)? Courtesy has been defined by one as "politeness connected with kindness," and no better definition can be given to it. To be courteous we must be gentle and civil with all with whom we come in contact, and our civility must be dominated with kindness. Paul expresses this idea when he says, "Be kindly affectionate to one another in brotherly love, in honor preferring one another." Christians are not to be filled with a spirit of envy and hatred, they are not to strive unduly for position and honor, but are to be constantly filled with the spirit of brotherly love, and to prefer others than themselves when it comes to places of honor. "Let nothing be done in strife and vain glory, but in lowliness of mind; let each esteem other better than himself" (Phil. ii, 3). This is Christian courtesy, and each one who is a follower of Christ owes it to his divine Lord and Master to act at all times in this way.

2. What is the strongest ground for Christian courtesy (Phil. ii, 5)? It is certainly the example of Christ. When Paul has urged the Philippians to embrace the characteristics which make up Christian courtesy, he reminds them of the example of Christ, for he adds, "Let this mind be in you, which was also in Christ Jesus." And what was the mind in Christ to which Paul referred? It was His humility and lowliness of mind which led Him to become lowly that He might exalt others, rather than the other mind, which is so prevalent today. Christ was always kind and courteous—always thought of others first and then Himself. His example should be our constant model in this as in all other things. Let us therefore imitate that spirit in Christ which made Him kindly affectioned to all about Him and in honor rather prefer others to Himself.

Bible Readings.—Ruth ii, 3; Prov. xix, 22; Jer. xiv, 5; Math. xi, 23; Luke, vi, 28. John xii, 17; 1 Cor. xii, 12; Eph. ii, 21; Col. iii, 12; Heb. xiii, 1; 1 Pet. i, 22; ii, 17, 21, 22; 11 Pet. i, 7; 1 John ii, 26.

Not Acquainted With Ruth. When Franklin was in Paris, among the friends and acquaintances of that day, he was ridiculed for loving the Bible. He determined to find out how many had read the book at which they scoffed. He informed one of the learned societies, of which he was a member, that he had come across a story in pastoral life in ancient times that appeared to him very beautiful, but he would like the judgment of the society upon it. On the evening appointed Franklin had a reader of finely modulated voice read to them the book of Ruth. They were in ecstasies over it, and one after another rose to express gratification and admiration and the desire that the manuscript should be printed. "It is printed," said Franklin, "and is part of the Bible."

Diversified Sympathy. You may sometimes see in a garden two flowers side by side, one of which opens its petals and looks down, and the other at the same time closes them, to open them again after sunrise. The one has sympathy with the shade of evening, the other with the brightness of noonday. So there are some friends to whom we more naturally turn for sympathy in joy and others to whom we feel we can go in sorrow. But we must not say that the former are unfeeling and the others morbid. The flowers referred to were so created by God, and the different dispositions of men were also his gift. "There are diversities of operations, but the same Lord."—Exchange.

Japanese Christian Endeavor Convention. The first Christian Endeavor convention of Japanese societies was held recently at Kobe. There are already in the Sunrise empire 36 societies of Christian Endeavor, and 27 of these were represented at the convention. Moreover, of the remaining number only two failed to report. If this faithfulness continues to characterize Japanese Endeavorers, Japan's largest city will soon be unable to contain its Christian Endeavor conventions.

About 150 Endeavorers were present as delegates, but many more attended the meetings. The convention extended over two days.—Golden Rule.

"De Massa ob de Sheepfol." De massa ob de sheepfol, But guard de sheepfol bin. Look out in de gloomier meadows Whar de long night rain begin. De po' les sheep ob de sheepfol, Is any sheep—de day all come in?

Oh, den says de hircin shep'd, De's some, dey's black and thin; And some, dey's po' ol wedd'— But de res, dey's all brung in; But de res, dey's all brung in.

Den de massa ob de sheepfol, Den guard de sheepfol bin. Look out in de gloomier meadows Whar de long night rain begin— De po' les sheep ob de sheepfol, Is any sheep—de day all come in?

Den up tro' de gloomier meadows, An up tro' de gloomier rain pat Whar de sleep fa' p'ich thin. De po' les sheep ob de sheepfol, De po' les sheep ob de sheepfol, De po' les sheep ob de sheepfol, De po' les sheep ob de sheepfol.

—Select-4. Telephone Lutes' laundry to call for your washing.

Heroic Treatment. "Chuck him out into de deep water, Jimmy. He's got ter learn how ter swim, an dat's der quickest way."—Life.

A Just Criticism. Police Justice.—The policeman says you were found going along the street wearing three suits of clothes from which the price mark had not been removed. What have you got to say for yourself? Beryl Hovess.—Seems to me, judge, dat a cop wot will pinch a man jist fer bein a little overdressed is too much of a dood to be allowed to stay on de force.—Washington Star.

His Kind. "Pa, what does it mean to be tried by a jury of one's peers?" "It means, my son, that a man is to be tried by a jury composed of men who are his equal, or an equality with him, so they will have no prejudice against him."

"Then, pa, I s'pose you'd have to be tried by a jury of bald headed men."—Tit-Bits.

A Pertinent Question. Mrs. Nouveau-Riche.—What a handsome house your father has built! Such beautiful balconies! Miss Juliet (with a sigh)—Yes, plenty of balcony; but, alas, no Romeo!

Mrs. Nouveau-Riche.—Is Romeo the name of that material the Tomkines have their new awnings made of?—Boston Transcript.

Lacking In The First Principles. Percival.—Father, I don't want to go to that college. It's a poor concern. His Father.—Poor, my son? It is an old, wealthy and famous institution that numbers among its graduates some of the most noted men in the land. What possible objection can you have against it? Percival.—I don't like its yell.—Chicago Tribune.

Of Course Not. Jones.—Was that you I heard trying to unlock the door at 8 o'clock this morning? Brown (who had come in at 5 a. m., with great indignation)—No, sir; it was not.—Detroit Free Press.

CULLUM,

Dentist,

TOP FLOOR PALLADIO BUILDING,
FOURTH AVE. WEST AND SUPERIOR ST.

For the Next Thirty Days Will Make:

All Gold or Artificial Crowns for other	\$8.00
Very Finest Teeth on Rubber	\$8.00
Very Finest Teeth on Aluminum	\$15.00
Very Finest Teeth on Gold	\$30.00 to \$40.00

Cullum's New White Metal Alloy,

Which is superior to ordinary silver filling and quite as cheap, can be inserted in the majority of cases without any pain whatever. This is something new and a great improvement.